Date: Mon 08/06/2020 3:13 PM

From: Keeping, Brent (IAAC/AEIC)

| Strent.keeping@canada.ca>; on behalf of; WestFlemish-FlamandeOuest (IAAC/AEIC) | iaac.westflemish-flamandeouest.aeic@canada.ca

To: Garnet, Kristy [NES] <email address removed >

Cc: Adams, Jill (IAAC/AEIC) < jill.adams@canada.ca>; Mabrouk, Gehan (IAAC/AEIC) < gehan.mabrouk@canada.ca>

Subject: West Flemish Pass Drill cutting Modeling comments and questions

Hi Kristy,

Thank you for the meeting this morning. As discussed, below is the compilation of a number of comments we received from DFO on the drill cutting modeling for West Flemish Pass Exploration Project. If possible, please provide the information as indicated in the far right hand column for our use in the development of the draft Environmental Report.

Feel free to call me to discuss any details as well as any concerns.

Originating	Reference	Context	Request for additional information
FA			
comment			
DFO-63	Appendix D	Section 3.1 of the EIS Guidelines state that the EIS must describe the nature, composition and fate (e.g. areal extent) of drilling wastes at	Provide a rationale for how the inputs (horizontal and vertical
DFO-64		various water depths and at various stages of drilling using dispersion modelling.	diffusivity coefficients, mixing parameters, single distribution
		Fisheries and Oceans Canada reviewed the modeling completed (Appendix D - Drill Cutting Dispersion Modelling Report) and raised several	particle size, and daily current output) using only one year (2012) of the HYCOM currents data are justified and adequate for the Project Area and therefore adequate for predicting drill cutting dispersion.
DFO-68		issues related to the methods and specific inputs used, including:	
DFO-69		• The model and forcing have not been validated and the results are based on a single run using HYCOM currents from 2012 (one run for spring and one for summer).	Justify the rationale for applying settling velocities based on data
DFO-73		• There remains unanswered questions such as a clear indication of the vertical resolution of the HYCOM model and if it adequately resolves the vertical structure and/or is adequate for the ocean conditions (e.g., currents/density fields) within the Project Area.	from the Gulf of Mexico and provide reference.
		• The choice of daily current output has not been justified, particularly in regions like the Project Area where high frequency motions (e.g. winds, tides, inertial oscillations) are common.	
		• The report does not provide adequate information on the resolution of the model (the grid, time steps) relative to horizontal diffusivity (K_h) and vertical diffusivity (K_z) in highly energetic areas.	
		 Particle size distribution of cuttings are unknown, however, a single distribution (rather than a range of possibilities) was used in the model without a rationale for using this distribution. 	
		• The settling velocities taken from a study in the Gulf of Mexico (Brandsma and Smith 1999), which has a very different density structure than the Project Area, has not been justified.	
		• Figure 1-4 demonstrates that there is a general lack of seasonality of the currents; however, Figure 3-1 indicates that seasonality has an impact on the deposition. As such, it is unclear how the different seasons lead to the noted differences in deposition.	

Kind regards,

Brent

Brent Keeping

Project Manager, Newfoundland and Labrador Satellite Office Impact Assessment Agency of Canada/ Government of Canada brent.keeping@canada.ca / Tel: <personal information removed>

Gestionnaire de projets, Bureau satellite de Terre-Neuve-et-Labrador

Agence d'évaluation d'impact du Canada / Gouvernement du Canada brent.keeping@canada.gc.ca / Tel: <personal information removed?</pre>







