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CD#: 00216-CORR-00531-00250

Project ID: 10-60004

Dr. Stella Swanson Chair, Joint Review Panel Deep Geologic Repository Project

c/o Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission 280 Slater Street Ottawa, Ontario K1P 5S9

Dear Dr. Swanson:

## <u>Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste – Submission of Revision 2 of the DGR Project Consolidated Commitments Lists</u>

References:

 JRP letter from Dr. Stella Swanson to Laurie Swami, "Updated DGR Project Consolidated Commitment Lists Report and the Annotated Description of the DGR Project," July 7, 2014, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00246.

The purpose of this letter is to provide Revision 2 of the "DGR Project Consolidated Commitment Lists", and clarification regarding OPG's commitment on modelling of gas generation processes, in response to the Joint Panel Panel's requests of July 7, 2014 (Reference 1).

Attachment 1 provides OPG's response to the Panel's request for clarification on the gas generation modelling commitment.

Attachment 2 provides a copy of Revision 2 of the "DGR Project Consolidated Commitments Lists" report. In this revision, the lists of commitments have been further consolidated and re-organized by topics suggested by the Panel. Additional topics have been included to ensure all commitments have been captured and documented. Direct redundancies have been removed, but reference to all the original commitments was maintained.

In addition, further clarifications have been included with respect to the regulatory and non-regulatory commitments made by OPG on the DGR Project. For the purpose of this report, regulatory commitments are those actions committed to a regulatory body by an OPG authorized representative, or accepted by an authorized OPG representative. Regulatory commitments relate to the provisions in the enabling statutes or regulations under which OPG would be granted a licence, permit or other approval to implement the

DGR Project. Change approval processes have been established between OPG, the CNSC, and other regulators, and will be implemented respecting the regulatory commitments.

For completeness and full transparency, non-regulatory commitments to communities, including the Aboriginal groups, have also been included in this and in past revisions of the report. These commitments are listed separately in this revision to clarify that changes to these commitments are managed directly through the relationship between OPG and the other involved party. OPG expects that these commitments may be monitored by the CNSC, as the primary regulatory agency, but not subject to their change approval.

A further consolidation of the commitments into actions and deliverables that are accepted by the relevant regulatory agencies would be undertaken as part of the normal licensing process.

If you have questions on the above, please contact Ms. Leslie Mitchell, Manager, Nuclear Regulatory Affairs, at <contact information removed>

Sincerely,

<original signed by>

Laurie Swami Senior Vice President, Decommissioning and Nuclear Waste Management Ontario Power Generation

Attach.

cc. Dr. J. Archibald – Joint Dr. G. Muecke – Joint

Joint Review Panel c/o CNSC (Ottawa)

P. Elder -

Joint Review Panel c/o CNSC (Ottawa)CNSC (Ottawa)

D. Wilson – NWMO (Toronto)

Attachment to OPG letter, Ms. Laurie Swami to Dr. Stella Swanson, "Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste – Submission of Revision 2 of the DGR Project Consolidated Commitments Lists", CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00250

#### **ATTACHMENT 1**

**OPG's Response to the Joint Review Panel's Request for Clarification on Gas Generation Modelling Commitment** 

Attachment 1 to OPG Letter, Laurie Swami to Dr. Stella Swanson, "Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste – Submission of Revision 2 of the DGR Project Consolidated Commitments Lists", CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00250

#### **Attachment 1**

## OPG's Response to the Joint Review Panel's Request for Clarification on Gas Generation Modelling Commitment

OPG's response to the Joint Review Panel's question about a commitment for modeling of gas generation processes as they apply to the Geoscientific Verification Plan, or consideration of impacts to safety case studies made for implementation of the Inventory Verification Plan.

With respect to the Panel question in Reference [1], OPG's commitment to improving our understanding of gas generation processes and consideration of their impact on the safety case is addressed through several actions noted through the submissions and public review:

- Understanding gas generation depends in part on the waste inventory. There are several
  commitments to improving the basis for the waste inventory, including the Waste Inventory
  Verification Plan (Commitments IRC-EIS-01.10, IRC-EIS-13.05, H-07-03). The waste
  characterization includes their physical composition, notably metals and organics which is
  relevant to gas generation.
- The safety case has conservatively assumed that all organics and metals degrade to produce gas. Better estimates for gas generation would be obtained from long-term in-situ tests with real waste materials. OPG would continue to learn from relevant experiments in other waste management facilities, and plans to monitor the gas generation behavior within its DGR during operations, as outlined in responses to Information Requests EIS-01-22 and EIS-01-32 and Commitments H-07-04, IRC-EIS-01.23.
- OPG had identified processes that control repository gas pressure and repository saturation
  as important (Preliminary Safety Report, Section 8.9.6). OPG, through working with NWMO,
  is continuing to ensure the knowledge of these processes is state-of-science. The types of
  studies include those described in OPG's presentation on the T2GGM code (Technical
  Information Session #2, Modelling, CEAA Registry #758). Results of these studies inform
  the detailed modelling codes, which in turn would be applied in future safety case updates.
- Understanding of gas migration within the geosphere is addressed in the Geoscientific Verification Plan (GVP). Specifically in GVP Revision 1, see Section 4.3.5.2 Multi-phase Flow Study (includes gas transport studies), Section 4.3.5.4 Microbiology (includes understanding of geosphere microbes and their interaction with the environment, which may be relevant to gas-related processes), and indirectly in Section 4.3.6 Sealing Material Performance (which includes studies of seal interactions).
- The safety case would be updated for an Operating Licence application based on information learned during the site preparation and construction period, as noted in Commitment H-23-11 (and also H-23-05, IRC-EIS-12.20 and IRC-EIS-12.23). This would include updated geotechnical and geoscientific information, and updated waste inventory and waste characterization information. It would be based on current scientific knowledge of relevant processes, which would include those for gas generation and migration. The safety case would be further updated during the operational period, and as part of the final Decommissioning Licence application before repository closure.

Attachment 1 to OPG Letter, Laurie Swami to Dr. Stella Swanson, "Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste – Submission of Revision 2 of the DGR Project Consolidated Commitments Lists", CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00250

#### Reference:

1. JRP letter, from Dr. Stella Swanson to Laurie Swami, "Updated DGR Project Consolidated Commitment Lists Report and the Annotated Description of the DGR Project," July 7, 2014, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00246 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1913).

Attachment 2 to OPG letter, Ms. Laurie Swami to Dr. Stella Swanson, "Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste – Submission of Revision 2 of the DGR Project Consolidated Commitments Lists", CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00250

#### **ATTACHMENT 2**

DGR Project Consolidated Commitment Lists
NWMO DGR-TR-2013-02 R002



# DGR Project Consolidated Commitment Lists

August 2014

Prepared by: Nuclear Waste Management Organization

NWMO DGR-TR-2013-02 R002





# DGR Project Consolidated Commitment Lists

August 2014

Prepared by: Nuclear Waste Management Organization

NWMO DGR-TR-2013-02 R002

## **Document History**

Title:	DGR Project Consolidated Commitment Lists			
Report Number:	NWMO DGR-TR-2013-02			
Revision:	R002 <b>Date:</b> August 2014			
Prepared by:	M. Ion			
Reviewed by:	P. Gierszewski			
Approved by:	D. Wilson			

### **Document Revision History**

Revision	Effective Date	Description of Changes
000	July 2013	Initial issue.
001	June 2014	Updated list of consolidated commitments in Section 2, Appendices A and B, to include commitments made in other OPG submissions (Table A.5), in OPG responses to Information Requests up to and including IR Package #13 (Table B.1), commitments made by OPG representatives during the Technical Information Sessions (Table B.3) and during the public hearing (Table B.5), and OPG responses to undertakings during the public hearing (Table B.6).
		Minor editorial corrections made to the numbering of commitments in Table A.3 and Table A.4.
002	August 2014	Updated to consolidate the commitments per DGR phase and specific topics, as well as to remove duplicate commitments in response to the Joint Review Panel's request of July 7, 2014.

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to document the consolidation of commitments made by Ontario Power Generation (OPG) in its submissions to the Joint Review Panel (JRP) and the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission (CNSC) during the Regulatory Approvals phase of the Deep Geologic Repository (DGR) Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste (L&ILW), in response to the Panel's request of July 7, 2014 (JRP 2014). OPG has also included the non-regulatory commitments made to other stakeholders involved in the DGR Project, including First Nations and Aboriginal groups and the local municipality.

This report is based on commitments documented in its previous revision, Rev.1, submitted to the Panel on June 6, 2014, and which included commitments made as follows:

- Commitments made by OPG in its application for a Site Preparation and Construction Licence (OPG 2007), and subsequent submissions and correspondence (OPG 2011a, OPG 2011b, OPG 2011c, NWMO 2011a, OPG 2013b, OPG 2013l through OPG 2013o, OPG 2014a, OPG 2014e).
- Commitments made during the JRP public review process, in OPG's responses to information requests (IRs) up to and including Information Request (IR) Package #13 (OPG 2012a through OPG 2012f, OPG 2012h, OPG 2012j through OPG 2012q, OPG 2012s, OPG 2013a, OPG 2013c through OPG 2013f, OPG 2013h through OPG 2014k, OPG 2014a through OPG 2014d, OPG 2014f).
- Commitments made by OPG representatives and in OPG responses to undertakings during Technical Information Sessions held on July 18, 2012 (IRI 2012a, OPG 2012g, OPG 2012i), October 11, 2012 (IRI 2012b, OPG 2012r), and March 20, 2013 (IRI 2013a, OPG 2013g), and the public hearing held from September 16 October 11, 2013 and October 28 30, 2013 (IRI 2013b through IRI 2013z, OPG 2013q through OPG 2013s).

This report does not list those submissions to the JRP and CNSC which did not include commitments.

#### 2. CONSOLIDATED LISTS OF COMMITMENTS

For the purpose of this report, regulatory commitments are those actions committed to a regulatory body by an OPG authorized representative, or accepted by an authorized OPG representative. Regulatory commitments are made in written formal submissions to the JRP, CNSC and/or other regulatory bodies, or verbally in a regulatory public meeting/hearing context. Regulatory commitments relate to the provisions in the enabling statutes or regulations under which OPG would be granted a licence, permit or other approval to implement the DGR Project. Change approval processes have been established between OPG, the CNSC, and other regulators, and will be implemented respecting the regulatory commitments.

For completeness and full transparency, non-regulatory commitments to the communities, including the Aboriginal groups, have also been included in this and in past revisions of the report. These commitments are listed separately in this revision to clarify that changes to these commitments are managed directly through the relationship between OPG and the other involved party. OPG expects that these commitments may be monitored by the CNSC, as the primary regulatory agency, but not subject to their change approval.

The lists of commitments made by OPG and documented in Revision 1 of this report have been re-organized to address the Panel's request. Commitments have been organized by the DGR project phase and by the topics suggested by the Panel. Additional topics were included to ensure all commitments have been captured and documented. The tables with the consolidated lists of commitments are as follows:

- Table A: General Regulatory Commitments Applicable to All DGR Project Phases
- Table B: Regulatory Commitments Applicable to D&C Phase
- Table C: Regulatory Commitments Applicable to Operations Phase
- Table D: Regulatory Commitments Applicable to Decommissioning Phase and Postclosure
- Table E: Community (Non-Regulatory) Commitments

Revision 1 of this report referred to a number of OPG submissions to JRP and CNSC as being essentially commitments, such as the Geoscientific Verification Plan, EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, Preliminary Decommissioning Plan, etc. The commitments from the EA Follow-up Monitoring Program document only have been extracted to the extent practicable and included in this revision. All other documents have been included as single items as appropriately in the above mentioned tables.

For this revision of the report, no changes were made to the text of the commitments with the exception of some minor, mostly editorial type changes. The text of the commitments is still shown as it appears in the source reference. Commitments made verbally at the technical information sessions and the public hearing are verbatim quotes, as documented in the transcripts. Any additional information, not part of the quotes, and provided as background information where necessary, is provided in italics.

Furthermore, the lists provided in the tables above include a number of statements of actions to be undertaken by the DGR project as part of the normal evolution of the design and construction phase, as well as activities/actions to address the requirements from applicable laws and regulations. Although stated as future actions (using the verb "will" or "shall"), they are not necessarily "commitments" in that they are actions that would be undertaken as part of normal processes; however, they have been included in this report for completeness and traceability. Examples of such statements refer to clarification statements regarding the detailed description of the design or the normal engineering process, compliance statements to applicable laws and regulations, or compliance statements to OPG/NWMO governance.

A number of commitments are applicable to multiple DGR project phases. It is noted that these commitments are shown only once in this report, for their first applicable phase. The commitment management process will ensure that appropriate tracking mechanisms are in place to ensure that these commitments are addressed, as required, throughout the DGR project phases.

Direct redundancies in commitments have been removed, but reference to all the original commitments is maintained. In cases where duplicate commitments are identified, these are shown in Column 1, *Commitment No.*, of Tables A through E, which references the commitment number in Revision 1 of this report. The number of the main commitment is bolded and underlined. The description, source reference and applicable DGR phase are provided for the main commitment.

Table 1: List of Topics Used for Consolidation of Regulatory Commitments
Applicable to D&C Phase

No.	Topic	Subtopic
1.	General Commitments	
2.	Site Characterization	
3.	Geology	<ul><li>3.1) Geotechnical verification</li><li>3.2) Geoscience verification</li><li>3.3) Shaft seals</li><li>3.4) Follow-up and monitoring</li></ul>
4.	Management of Low and Intermediate Level Radioactive Waste	4.1) Waste characterization 4.2) Waste package transfer (design)
5.	Accidents, Malfunctions and Malevolent Acts	5.1) Emergency response 5.2) Mine rescue 5.3) Fire protection 5.4) Contingency plans
6.	Occupational Health and Safety	6.1) Worker safety 6.2) Training
7.	Air Quality	7.1) Dust abatement 7.2) Emissions control 7.2) Follow-up and monitoring
8.	Noise	8.1) Noise abatement 8.2) Follow-up and monitoring
9.	Terrestrial Environment	9.1) Habitat preservation 9.2) Habitat reclamation 9.3) Species at risk 9.4) Clearing and top soil management 9.5) Follow-up and monitoring
10.	Human Health (including Radiation)	10.1) Worker safety 10.2) Follow-up and monitoring
11.	Aquatic – Groundwater	11.1) Waste rock management and leachate control 11.2) Shallow ground water management and testing 11.3) Follow-up and monitoring
12.	Aquatic – Surface Water, Habitat and Aquatic Biota	12.1) Surface water management 12.2) Stormwater management pond 12.3) Water treatment 12.4) Wetland management and monitoring 12.5) Habitat preservation 12.6) Follow-up and monitoring
12a.	Environmental Protection	12a.1) Environmental Management Plan 12a.2) Performance assessment and reporting 12a.3) Spills management and response 12a.4) Contingency plans
12b.	EA Follow-up Monitoring	12b.1) General 12b.2) Detailed sampling plans 12b.3) Environmental compliance monitoring 12b.4) Performance assessment and reporting

No.	Topic	Subtopic
13.	Communication and Consultation	13.1) General 13.2) Public Attitude Research 13.3) Local, Regional, International
14.	Aboriginal Interests	14.1) Aboriginal Engagement 14.2) Heritage Sites
15.	Licensing, Permits and Authorizations	15.1) Construction Management 15.2) Construction Activities 15.3) D&C Schedule 15.4) Physical Design 15.5) Flood analysis 15.6) Permits, Authorizations 15.7) Human Performance 15.8) Commissioning 15.9) Records and document control 15.10) Site security
15a.	Financial Guarantee	
16.	Decommissioning/Postclosure	
17.	Management Systems	17.1) OPG management system 17.2) NWMO management system

Table 2: List of Topics Used for Consolidation of Regulatory Commitments Applicable to Operations Phase

No.	Topic	Subtopic
1.	General Commitments	
2.	Geology	
3.	Management of Low and Intermediate Level Radioactive Waste	<ul><li>3.1) Updated waste inventory</li><li>3.2) Waste packages</li><li>3.3) Waste package transfer</li><li>3.4) Waste container inspection</li><li>3.5) Waste acceptance criteria</li></ul>
4.	Accidents, Malfunctions and Malevolent Acts	4.1) Emergency response 4.2) Mine rescue
5.	Occupational Health and Safety	5.1) Worker safety 5.2) Training
6.	Air Quality	
7.	Human Health (including Radiation)	7.1) Worker safety 7.2) Final ALARA Assessment
8.	Aquatic – Groundwater	
9.	Aquatic – Surface Water, Habitat and Aquatic Biota	
10.	Environmental Protection	
11.	EA Follow-up Monitoring	
12.	Licensing, Permits and Authorizations	12.1) Shielding design 12.2) DGR operations 12.3) Final Safety Report 12.4) Derived Release Limits 12.5) Operational programs 12.6) Records and document control 12.7) Site security
13.	Financial Guarantee	
14.	Decommissioning/Postclosure	
15.	Management Systems	

Table 3: List of Topics Used for Consolidation of Regulatory Commitments Applicable to Decommissioning Phase and Postclosure

No.	Topic	Subtopic
1.	General Commitments	
2.	Geology	Shaft seals
3.	Accidents, Malfunctions and Malevolent Acts	
4.	Licensing, Permits and Authorizations	
5.	Decommissioning/Postclosure	5.1) Detailed Decommissioning Plan
		5.2) Decommissioning
		5.3) Rehabilitation
		5.4) End State Report
		5.5) Follow-up and Monitoring
		5.6) Institutional Controls
		5.7) Abandonment Plan

Table 4: List of Topics Used for Consolidation of Community (Non-Regulatory)

Commitments

No.	Topic	Subtopic
1.	Aboriginal Interests	
2.	Communication and Consultation	2.1) General
		2.2) Community Advisory Committee
3.	Socio-Economic Issues	3.1) General
		3.2) Work Force training and local commercial opportunities
		3.3) Traffic and transportation
		3.4) Property, housing

#### 3. COMMITMENT MANAGEMENT

Proper identification, tracking, management and completion of commitments are required to allow project staff to:

- Meet the applicable regulatory requirements.
- Ensure a common understanding of the commitments that have been made with regulatory agencies, or other parties, and the criteria for their completion.
- Ensure and demonstrate that regulatory commitments made by the DGR project are honoured.
- Readily understand the basis for, rationale for, expectations of and limitations of the licensing basis.
- Manage commitments in an efficient manner and avoid unnecessary administrative burden.
- Maintain an accurate record of the completion of commitments for audit and other record keeping purposes.
- Manage/revise commitments so they remain current, accurate and applicable.

This will require a further consolidation of the commitments into actions and deliverables that are accepted by the relevant regulatory agencies. The commitments will be tracked and managed in accordance with NWMO's and OPG's approved processes and procedures. The status of commitment tracking will be reported periodically to DGR project management through meetings and status reports.

Reporting to CNSC will be performed in accordance with regulatory requirements specified in the Waste Facility Construction Licence and its Licence Conditions Handbook.

#### 4. REFERENCES

- IRI. 2012a. Transcript for the Technical Information Session #1 of July 18, 2012. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 702)
- IRI. 2012b. Transcript for the Modelling Technical Information Session #2 of October 11, 2012. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 770)
- IRI. 2013a. Transcript for the Socio-Economic Technical Information Session #3 of March 20, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 921)
- IRI. 2013b. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 1, September 16, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1567)
- IRI. 2013c. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 2, September 17, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1571)
- IRI. 2013d. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 3, September 18, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1575)
- IRI. 2013e. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 4, September 19, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1581)
- IRI. 2013f. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 5, September 20, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1588)
- IRI. 2013g. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 6, September 21, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1593)
- IRI. 2013h. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 7, September 23, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1599)
- IRI. 2013i. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 8, September 24, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1606)
- IRI. 2013j. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 9, September 25, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1611)
- IRI. 2013k. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 10, September 26, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1618)
- IRI. 2013I. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 11, September 27, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1627)

- IRI. 2013m. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 12, September 30, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1631)
- IRI. 2013n. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 13, October 1, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1646)
- IRI. 2013o. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 14, October 2, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1653)
- IRI. 2013p. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 15, October 3, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1658)
- IRI. 2013q. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 16, October 4, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1664)
- IRI. 2013r. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 17, October 5, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671)
- IRI. 2013s. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 18, October 7, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675)
- IRI. 2013t. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 19, October 8, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1685)
- IRI. 2013u. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 20, October 9, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1695)
- IRI. 2013v. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 21, October 10, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1699)
- IRI. 2013w. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 22, October 11, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1704)
- IRI. 2013x. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 23, October 28, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736)
- IRI. 2013y. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 24, October 29, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738)
- IRI. 2013z. DGR Hearing Transcript Volume 25, October 30, 2013. International Reporting Inc. to the Joint Review Panel. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741)
- JRP. 2014. JRP Letter from S. Swanson to L. Swami, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00246, July 7, 2014. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1913)
- NWMO. 2011a. NWMO Letter from F. King to K. Klassen, OPG's DGR for L&ILW Information in Support of the Licensing Submissions, CD# DGR-CORR-00531-0073, April 14, 2011.
- NWMO. 2011b. DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program. Nuclear Waste Management Organization document NWMO DGR-TR-2011-10 R000. Toronto, Canada. (CEAA Registry Doc #299)
- NWMO. 2013. Design and Construction Phase Management System (OPG's DGR L&ILW). NWMO document DGR-PD-EN-0001 R001. Toronto, Canada.

- NWMO. 2014. Geoscientific Verification Plan. Nuclear Waste Management Organization document NWMO DGR-TR-2011-38 R001. Toronto, Canada.
- NWMO and CANDESCO. 2011. Preliminary Decommissioning Plan. Nuclear Waste Management Organization document NWMO DGR-TR-2011-39 R000. Toronto, Canada. (CEAA Registry Doc #300)
- OPG. 2007. OPG Letter from K.E. Nash to B. Howden, Deep Geologic Repository for Low and Intermediate Level Waste (DGR) Application for the Site Preparation and Construction Licence, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00033, August 13, 2007. (CEAA Registry Doc# 283)
- OPG. 2011a. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to JRP Chair, Submission of Information in Support of OPG's Licence Application for a Deep Geologic Repository for Low and Intermediate Level Waste, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00090, April 14, 2011. (CEAA Registry Doc# 300)
- OPG. 2011b. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to JRP Chair, Submission of Environmental Impact Statement for a Deep Geologic Repository for Low and Intermediate Level Waste, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00091, April 14, 2011. (CEAA Registry Doc# 298)
- OPG. 2011c. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to D. Howard, Submission of Information on Financial Guarantee in Support of OPG's Licence Application for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Deep Geologic Repository, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00092, April 14, 2011.
- OPG. 2012a. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00108, March 9, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)
- OPG. 2012b. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to Information Request Package #2, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00115, June 1, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)
- OPG. 2012c. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Response to Information Request (IR) No. EIS-02-36, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00120, June 28, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 581)
- OPG. 2012d. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to Information Request (IR) Package #3, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00117, July 9, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)
- OPG. 2012e. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Supplementary Material to Information Request (IR) Package #1 Responses, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00118, July 10, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)
- OPG. 2012f. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Previously Committed Responses to Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00126, August 9, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 681)

- OPG. 2012g. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Responses to Undertakings from Technical Information Session #1, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00132, August 15, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 692)
- OPG. 2012h. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to a Sub-set of Package #4 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00134, August 27, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 704)
- OPG. 2012i. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Additional Responses to Undertakings from Technical Information Session #1, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00136, August 31, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 715)
- OPG. 2012j. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to a Sub-set of Package #4 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00138, September 6, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 725)
- OPG. 2012k. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Final Sub-set of Package #4 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00143, September 28, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)
- OPG. 2012I. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to a Sub-set of Package #5 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00145, October 24, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)
- OPG. 2012m. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Acknowledgement of Package #6 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00148, October 31, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 795)
- OPG. 2012n. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Final Sub-set of Package #5 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00146, November 7, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)
- OPG. 2012o. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to a Sub-set of Package #6 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00152, November 29, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)
- OPG. 2012p. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Final Sub-set of Package #6 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00153, December 12, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 832)
- OPG. 2012q. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to Package #7 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00151, December 20, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)

- OPG. 2012r. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Undertakings from Technical Information Session #2, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00154, December 20, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 842)
- OPG. 2012s. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Information Request Package #2 Acknowledgment, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00114, May 9, 2012. (CEAA Registry Doc# 447).
- OPG. 2013a. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the First Sub-set of Package #8 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00160, February 14, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)
- OPG. 2013b. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to D. Howard, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Revised Management System Charter and Project Execution Plan, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00169, February 25, 2013.
- OPG. 2013c. OPG Letter from A. Sweetnam to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Second Subset of Package #8 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00170, February 28, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 902)
- OPG. 2013d. OPG Letter from W. Robbins to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Final Sub-set of Package #8 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00171, March 15, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)
- OPG. 2013e. OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the First Sub-set of Package #9 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00178, March 28, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)
- OPG. 2013f. OPG Letter from A. Webster to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Second Subset of Package #9 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00180, April 15, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)
- OPG. 2013g. OPG Letter from A. Webster to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Responses to Undertakings from Technical Information Session #3, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00184, Apr.19, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 968)
- OPG. 2013h. OPG Letter from A. Webster to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Third Sub-set of Package #9 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00179, April 30, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)
- OPG. 2013i. OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the First Sub-set of Package #10 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00185, April 30, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)
- OPG. 2013j. OPG Letter from A. Webster to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Final Sub-set

- of Package #10 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00187, May 10, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1048)
- OPG. 2013k. OPG Letter from A. Webster to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to the Package #11 Information Requests, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00190, June 6, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1157)
- OPG. 2013I. OPG Letter from A. Webster to D. Howard, Deep Geologic Repository (DGR) Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste NWMO Management System Document, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00194, July 4, 2013.
- OPG. 2013m. OPG Written Submission in Support of the Public Hearing for an Environmental Assessment for Ontario Power Generation's Application to Prepare a Site and Construct a Deep Geologic Repository for Low and Intermediate Level Waste, PMD 13-P1.1A, July 23, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1246)
- OPG. 2013n. OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Announcement of an Agreement Reached Between OPG and SON, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00208, September 9, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1543)
- OPG. 2013o. Attachment to OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste OPG's Responses to Recommendations from Government Agencies, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00205, PMD 13-P1.1V, September 12, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1560)
- OPG. 2013p. Deep Geologic Repository Project, Management System. OPG document 00216-CHAR-0001 R001. Toronto, Canada. (CEAA Registry Doc# 926)
- OPG. 2013q. Ontario Power Generation's Response to Undertaking 26 (U-026), September 25, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1615)
- OPG. 2013r. Ontario Power Generation's Response to Undertaking 35 (U-035), September 26, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1624)
- OPG. 2013s. Ontario Power Generation's Response to Undertaking 49 (U-049), October 10, 2013. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1701)
- OPG. 2014a. OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Response to Information Request EIS-12-511, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00220, January 30, 2014. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1792)
- OPG. 2014b. OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Response to Information Request EIS-12-510, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00225, March 28, 2014. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)
- OPG. 2014c. OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Response to Information Request EIS-12a-512, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00227, April 4, 2014. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1837)

- OPG. 2014d. OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to Information Requests in Package #13, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00235, May 9, 2014. (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)
- OPG. 2014e. Waste Inventory Verification Plan (in Attachment C to OPG Letter from L. Swami to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Responses to Information Requests in Package #13, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00235, May 9, 2014). (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)
- OPG. 2014f. OPG Letter from B. McGee to S. Swanson, Deep Geologic Repository Project for Low and Intermediate Level Waste Submission of Additional Information on Information Request EIS-12-511, CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00241, June 6, 2014. (CEAA Registry Doc# 1874)

#### 5. ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

CNSC Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission

DEC Decommissioning (phase)
DGR Deep Geologic Repository

D&C Design and Construction (phase)

EA Environmental Assessment

EIS Environmental Impact Statement

IR Information Request

IRC Information Request Commitment

JRP Joint Review Panel

L&ILW Low and Intermediate Level Waste

NWMO Nuclear Waste Management Organization

OPG Ontario Power Generation

OPS Operations (phase)

PSR Preliminary Safety Report

TIS Technical Information Session
TSD Technical Support Document

APPENDIX A: GENERAL REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL DGR PROJECT PHASES

	BLE A: GENERAL REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICA	ABLE TO ALL DGR PROJECT	Γ PHASES	
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-003 H-01-06 H-17-21 H-25-11 H-25-20 IRC-EIS-05.38 LIC-003	The proponent is committed to ensuring that the development, construction, operation, decommissioning, and closure of the DGR are carried out in a manner that protects workers, the public, and the environment, and meets or exceeds applicable regulatory requirements.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 1.3, 2nd para	All
EA-001 EA-030 H-01-01 IRC-EIS-03.01 IRC-EIS-04.01 IRC-EIS-04.01 IRC-EIS-04.02 IRC-EIS-08.24 LIC-007	The DGR will not accept used fuel or recognizable fuel fragments. The DGR also excludes liquid wastes, except for small amounts of incidental liquids that are inevitably associated with the solid wastes.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 5.2	All
LIC-002 <b>H-23-01</b>	OPG will meet all regulatory requirements associated with being a licensee, including the following: One, ensure that the presence of a sufficient number of qualified workers to carry on the licence activity safely.  Two, train the workers to carry out the licensed activity in accordance with the Act, the Regulations and the licence.  Three, take all reasonable precautions to protect the environment and the health and safety of persons.  And four, take all reasonable precautions to control the release of hazardous substances within the site and into the environment as a result of the licensed activity.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.160	October 28, 2013	D&C OPS DEC
H-23-12 IRC-LPSC-01.99	OPG will ensure that all of the applicable requirements of these Acts [Occupational Health and Safety, Environmental Protection and the Ontario Water Resources Act] will be met. There are other requirements that OPG will implement for the project, as they are applicable to project activities, such as the mining regulations.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.171	October 28, 2013	All
H-23-16	[] OPG will comply with all applicable federal, provincial and municipal regulatory requirements for licensing, permits and authorizations for the DGR facility. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.174	October 28, 2013	All

Commitment No.	ABLE A: GENERAL REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICATION  Commitment Description	Reference	I FRASES	DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-04.09	The DGR project will also comply with the National Building Code and the National Fire Code.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-04.31	Detailed plans and other documents will be submitted to the CNSC by the licensee (OPG) as required by the Licence Conditions Handbook to ensure compliance with the licence.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	All
H-25-09	Occasionally, we have to modify a commitment due to new knowledge or identification of a better approach. When we do so, we advise the CNSC staff before we make the change and receive their concurrence. If the commitment involves another regulatory agency or another stakeholder, we will also obtain their concurrence. As we progress on the project we will also publicly report on the achievement of our commitments.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.38	October 30, 2013	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-EIS-06.23	OPG is committed to maintain the required financial, technical and administrative capabilities to ensure the safe construction and operation of the DGR. It is also important to note that the DGR will operate under the requirements of the Canadian Nuclear Safety and Control Act and will only operate if granted an operating licence by the Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission (CNSC).	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-275	All
IRC-EIS-09.26 IRC-EIS-13.14	a governance structure will always be in place, regardless of the organization layout, that will ensure that the facility is operating under the requirements of the Nuclear Safety and Control Act.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-456	All
TIS-03-07	OPG is governed by its procedures and procurement plans and processes. We also are governed by the Ontario Government's procurement directives that we need to follow. So as long as we keep within that and as long as we make sure that our contracting process is open and transparent and we will keep in mind that there are local opportunities and that people can provide to that site; we will do that within those bounds.	CEAA Registry Doc# 921 p.203	March 20, 2013	All
EA-056	For the DGR, operational programs and procedures will be developed to protect the environment, and health and safety of the public and the workers.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7, 1st para	All
H-06-03	we will always be following exposure levels. OPG has a very long standard practice for worker safety and we will be following all international and CSA standards for exposures to workers and the public.	Volume 6 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1593) p.39	September 21, 2013	D&C OPS DEC

TABLE A: GENERAL REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL DGR PROJECT PHASES						
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase			
H-14-05	the DGR will not impact the health of anyone using Lake Huron for drinking water either in the short term or the long term. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 14 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1653) p.17	October 2, 2013	All		
EA-038	Construction materials will be re-used or recycled, if possible.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.5.1, 1st para, last sent.	All		
IRC-EIS-06.01 IRC-EIS-06.06	Well 231 (also known as Water Sampling Hole 231) has not been and will not be used as a drinking water source.	OPG Letter dated Oct.31, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00148 (CEAA Registry Doc# 795)	EIS-06-230	All		
IRC-EIS-08.04	The surface facilities associated with the DGR Project will be located on vacant, OPG-retained lands to the north of the existing Western Waste Management Facility, within the Bruce nuclear site.	OPG Letter dated Feb.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00170 (CEAA Registry Doc# 902)	EIS-08-331	All		
IRC-EIS-08.05	No buildings, in the Site or Local Study Areas, will be removed or demolished for the Project.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-332	All		
IRC-EIS-08.32	no access or harvest for consumption will be allowed within the Site Study Area.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-371	All		
H-04-05	we will have funding available to manage all of our waste.	Volume 4 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1581) p.102	September 19, 2013	D&C OPS DEC		
IRC-EIS-05.50	A segregated fund, known as the Decommissioning Fund, has been established by Ontario Power Generation, and these accumulated funds will be used to pay for the DGR Project.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-224	All		

APPENDIX B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	1) GENERAL COMMITMENTS			
H-17-44	The final design will be submitted as part of a license condition for this license that we have in front of you [JRP].	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.131	October 5, 2013	D&C
H-25-05	Before construction begins OPG will confirm the DGR is being designed in strict accordance with the approved safety case.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.36	October 30, 2013	D&C
H-23-17	We are committed to ensure that all work and contractors working on site preparation and construction of the DGR facility will be in full compliance with the licence requirements of the Nuclear Safety and Control Act, other applicable Acts and all associated regulations.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.174	October 28, 2013	D&C
<u>H-23-02</u> H-23-18	In addition, OPG will meet the specific conditions in the licence, both general and safety and control area conditions, as outlined in more detail in the Licence Conditions Handbook.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.161	October 28, 2013	D&C
EA-098	OPG will comply with other [than C of A] regulatory requirements as well, such as reporting requirements under the National Pollutants Release Inventory and O.Reg. 127/01	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.15.2, 3rd para	D&C OPS
EAFMP-003	The EA follow-up monitoring program will be carried-out in accordance with CSA N288.4-10 Environmental Monitoring Programs at Class I Nuclear facilities and Uranium Mines and Mills (CSA 2010), CNSC G-296 Developing Environmental Protection Policies, Programs and Procedures at Class I Nuclear Facilities and Uranium Mines and Mills (CNSC 2006a), and CNSC S-296 Environmental Protection Policies, Programs and Procedures at Class I Nuclear Facilities and Uranium Mines and Mills (2006b).	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 1.3	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.01 IRC-LPSC-01.02	In accordance with Section 19.0 of the Project Requirements, which states that 'The latest version of all regulations, standards and codes listed in this section will be used; the newer codes; National Building Code of Canada - 2010 (NBCC) and the National Fire Code of Canada - 2010 (NFCC) will be used for future design of the DGR, along with more stringent applicable requirements in the Ontario Health and Safety Act (OHSA) regulations.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-02	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE			
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-01-05 IRC-EIS-12.09	The DGR Project will comply with relevant MOE criteria, and Health Canada and World Health Organization standards and guidelines. In addition, the DGR Project will meet the requirements of the Municipality of Kincardine Noise Bylaw.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Sec. 6.5, p.45) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	D&C OPS
<u>H-25-13</u> LIC-052	As we learn from our ongoing monitoring and studies, we will also adapt and make changes to meet new requirements or to implement emerging best practices.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.39	October 30, 2013	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-08.29	Utilization of international experience has been, and will continue to be, an important aspect in the development and future operation and decommissioning of the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-366	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-13.06	When additional information [on WIPP events] becomes available, it will also be assessed for applicable lessons for the DGR facility, in accordance with our management system.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C
IRC-EIS-13.09	OPG will transfer all relevant aspects of these programs into the DGR operations programs prior to receiving its operating licence. To further ensure a robust conduct of operations program, OPG will review and incorporate the appropriate lessons learned from WIPP operations as well as other key repository and mining related operating experience.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C
IRC-EIS-13.07	OPG is confident that the measures and processes we have established will prevent or mitigate a similar event [WIPP] at the proposed OPG DGR. Documented programs will be translated thoroughly into training, field procedures and management expectations. Implementation of a common Project Management System to all staff and contractors, and continued monitoring and improvement (i.e. Plan-Do-Check-Act), will help to ensure common understanding and testing of processes.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-13.11	[] OPG has a long history of maintaining an effective and regulatory compliant radiation protection program. This is accomplished through a commitment to regulatory compliance, well trained and qualified staff, staying current with advancements in technology and practices and by a continuous view to the industry to learn and improve from operating experience. Prior to placing the DGR into operations, OPG will have demonstrated to the CNSC that it has established an effective radiation protection program which meets all applicable regulatory requirements.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-13.12	[] OPG is accountable for its oversight of contractors in the design, construction and operations of the DGR facility. This accountability will be managed through rigorous management of contracts and direct oversight and auditing of our contractors approved programs.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-13.16	OPG will continue a detailed review of the [WIPP] Phase 1 report to identify opportunities to incorporate specific findings into the future planning for the DGR project consistent with our management system and the regulatory process.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-13.17	[] OPG will review it [US DOE WIPP Phase 2 report] for potential lessons when it becomes available.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C OPS
H-23-03 H-25-04	If the requested licence for the DGR Project is granted, OPG as the licence holder will: One, ensure that qualified and experienced contractors are retained to prepare the site and construct the DGR. Two, perform inspections and audits to ensure that contractors are following the project management system and that construction is being done compliant with the design specifications and safety assessment assumptions.  Three, implement corrective actions whenever results are below specifications and continuously adapt and improve; and four, report any events to the CNSC, as required by licence conditions.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.161	October 28, 2013	D&C
H-17-42	the contract will be very clear, that they [NWMO] will meet OPG's policies and expectations with respect to this project as it is an OPG project; it's not an NWMO project.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.120	October 5, 2013	D&C
H-25-01	management plans and processes developed for the project in the areas of quality, environment and health and safety will be adopted by all contractors and sub-contractors performing work on the project site.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.29	October 30, 2013	D&C
H-16-02	We have specific procedures and policies so that all of our workers understand our focus on safe operation. That's something that we do train our staff to be able to do.	Volume 16 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1664) p.195	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
	And we will continue to do that as part of this DGR project. Once the construction phase is finished, it will move into operations by nuclear operators within OPG. So that will continue as part of this ongoing project.			

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-25-07	OPG will check our checkers. We will confirm the NWMO is properly inspecting the performance of the construction efforts and that both NWMO and the contractors are identifying and correcting any quality or safety concerns that arise during the project.  We will confirm that plan, do, check, act is being implemented. We will confirm that our requirements, including legal requirements arising from the licence and applicable statutes and regulations are being met, as well as all performance objectives. We will meet our commitments as we perform the related work activities.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.36	October 30, 2013	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.17	The NWMO will manage the construction of the L&ILW DGR repository including the procurement of the necessary materials and equipment. During the construction stage, NWMO will assume the role and responsibilities of "Constructor" (OH&SA s.23) and "Employer" (OH&SA s.25 and s.26). As constructor, the NWMO will hold the legal accountability for all health and safety matters for its employees and for all sub-contractors engaged during the D&C phase.	Design and Construction Phase Management System (OPG's L&ILW DGR Project), DGR-PD- EN-0001 R001	Sec. 3.1	D&C
H-25-14	[] there are approximately 90 activity-specific procedures supporting the health, safety, and environment plans that were developed for the 2011-2012 DGR field activities.  These supporting documents will be further developed prior to initiation of site preparation and construction activities.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.40	October 30, 2013	D&C
H-01-04	Nuclear waste materials will not be handled under this [SP/C] licence.	Volume 1 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1567) p.48	September 16, 2013	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.20	There will be no radioactive waste present during the site preparation and construction phase.	OPG Letter dated Sep.6, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00138 (CEAA Registry Doc# 725)	EIS-04-134	D&C
H-17-41	During this project, there will be staff available 24/7 on the facility site, whether they are working on the 12-hour day shift or whether they're in the control room monitoring conditions.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.109	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
H-14-03	The rock mass in which the repository will be constructed is geomechanically stable, and shallow groundwater resources will be protected.	Volume 14 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1653) p.15	October 2, 2013	D&C
H-15-01	the greenhouse gas emissions from the DGR project will not measurably affect climate.	Volume 15 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1658) p.19	October 3, 2013	D&C OPS

Commitment No.	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP  Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-178	Local aggregate use and market effects will be limited as excavated rock will be kept on-site.	Aboriginal Interests TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-09 R000	Sec. ES.4 Sec. 14	D&C OPS
H-01-09	The monitoring program will include four groups of monitoring activities as listed here (EA Follow-up; Environmental management plan; Radiological regulatory; Conventional regulatory). The objective is to ensure that the predictions made in the EA are confirmed.	Volume 1 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1567) p.55	September 16, 2013	D&C OPS
H-17-27	OPG is committed to sharing information on performance and nuclear operations through open and transparent communication, as guided by the nuclear public information disclosure and transparency protocol which sets forth OPG's commitment to high standards of information, disclosure, and reporting.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.23	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
H-25-08	OPG submitted, prior to the hearings, a listing of all of the commitments we had made to that point. We have made additional commitments since that document was provided, and as discussed earlier, we will update our list to include all of the commitments we have made following completion of the hearings.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.37	October 30, 2013	Comple te
LIC-165	OPG response to the recommendations from the government agencies prior to the 2013 public hearing session includes commitments; a number of these recommendations require further discussions and clarifications with the government agencies.	Attach. To OPG Letter dated Sep.12, 2013, 00216-CORR- 00531-00205, PMD 13-P1.1V (CEAA Registry Doc# 1560)		D&C
	2) SITE CHARACTERIZATION			
IRC-EIS-06.02	At such time as the well <i>[Well 231]</i> is no longer used for monitoring, it will be abandoned in accordance with the requirements of O. Reg. 903, Wells (MOE 1990), which establishes requirements and record keeping for well abandonment.	OPG Letter dated Oct.31, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00148 (CEAA Registry Doc# 795)	EIS-06-230	D&C OPS
LIC-004	The descriptive geosphere site model will continue to be updated as further information becomes available, including during the construction and operations phases.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 1.9.2	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-09.34 LIC-067 LIC-098 <u>LIC-100</u>	Site investigation and monitoring boreholes will be appropriately sealed at the end of their useful lifetime.	Postclosure Safety Assessment Report, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-25 R000	Sec. 7.2.3	D&C OPS DEC

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase				
LIC-110	Site investigation: Available data from the current site characterization is being used in the assessment. Results of future site characterization studies will be used in any future assessments.	Features, Events and Processes, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-29 R000	FEP 1.1.01	D&C				
	3) GEOLOGY							
	3.1) Geotechnical Verification							
LIC-018 LIC-068 LIC-152 H-04-04 H-24-13 IRC-EIS-02.02 IRC-EIS-04.41 IRC-EIS-06.11 IRC-EIS-07.29 IRC-EIS-07.33 IRC-EIS-07.35 IRC-EIS-08.35 IRC-EIS-08.47 IRC-EIS-12.26 IRC-EIS-12.26 IRC-EIS-12.29 IRC-LPSC-02.14 IRC-LPSC-03.03	Geoscientific Verification Plan, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-38 [The complete document is essentially commitments. Sec. 2 and Sec. 3 include the commitments related to geotechnical verification.]	Geoscientific Verification Plan, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-38 R001`	Sec. 2 Sec. 3	D&C				
EA-099	Underground rock and shaft concrete structures will be monitored using rock mass and pillar convergence instrumentation, embedded and surface-mounted concrete load cells in the shaft linings, and rock dowel load cells.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.15.2.1, para (following bullets)	D&C OPS				
IRC-EIS-07.28	A detailed geotechnical investigation and monitoring plan will be developed for the shaft and repository excavations in advance of development activities. This plan will include geotechnical monitoring and related instrumentation/equipment, geological and geomechanical investigations during construction, as well as, long-term monitoring requirements during the operation phase.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-302	D&C OPS				

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
IRC-EIS-07.32	A detailed testing plan, beyond that described in the Geoscience Verification Plan, will be developed prior to DGR shaft construction.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-312	D&C	
IRC-EIS-12.22	The trigger values and mitigation activities will be further refined at a later date when the DGR design has progressed closer to 'issue-for-construction' status and contractor equipment and execution approach are defined. This information will be included in future test plans for the work identified in the GVP.	OPG Letter dated Jan. 30, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00220 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1792)	EIS-12-511	D&C	
IRC-EIS-12.27	As part of the characterization of the excavation damage zone in the lateral development identified in the GVP (Reference 1), relative humidity would be monitored. Monitoring of relative humidity would be part of the detailed test plan/procedures.	OPG Letter dated Jun. 6, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00241 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1874)	EIS-12-511	D&C	
IRC-EIS-12.31	At time of installation, selected bolts will be proof-tested and performance-tested as per recognized standard or procedure (e.g. ASTM D4435-13, BS8081:1989 or equivalent) to confirm that the bolts have been installed in accordance with specifications. If there is evidence of improper bolt installation, the load capacity of the defective bolt will be degraded and additional bolts will be installed and tested.	OPG Letter dated Apr. 4, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00227 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1837)	EIS-12a-512	D&C	
H-25-29	Something that didn't come out of the geoscientific verification program was the additional geotechnical and geomechanical testing that will be done in both of the shafts to ensure that we have the control and we're understanding the performance of the excavations as we progress through both of the shafts, whereas the geoscientific verification program is really dedicated to the main shaft.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.101	October 30, 2013	Comple te	

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	3.2) Geoscience Verification			
EA-075 H-04-06 H-04-07 IRC-EIS-06.13 IRC-EIS-07.31 IRC-EIS-08.33 IRC-LPSC-01.09 IRC-LPSC-04.03 LIC-096 LIC-101 LIC-103 LIC-108 LIC-116 LIC-152	Geoscientific Verification Plan, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-38 [The complete document is essentially commitments. Sec. 2 and Sec. 4 include the commitments related to geoscience verification.]	Geoscientific Verification Plan, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-38 R001`	Sec. 2 Sec. 4	D&C
IRC-EIS-06.10 IRC-EIS-06.14 IRC-EIS-06.15	The measurement techniques applied will ultimately be selected based on best available technology as demonstrated at Underground Research Laboratories (URL), for example, Mont Terri (Switzerland), Bure (France) and Aspo (Sweden).	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-267	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-06.12	Other suitable geophysical techniques, such as ground penetrating radar, resistivity, sonic, acoustic emission and seismo-electrical methods will also be considered depending on the site situation.	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-266	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-06.16	The total number of horizontal boreholes required at each measurement location and their bearing will be adjusted during detailed planning to capture maximum expected EDZ development. Based on the Geoscientific Verification Plan (NWMO 2011a), like other EDZ characterization activities, the hydraulic measurement will be conducted at selected horizons in the Salina Formation (F, C, A2 and A1 Units), the Cabot Head Formation, the Queenston Formation, the Georgian Bay Formation and the Blue Mountain Formation. As noted above, best practice will be followed for physical measurement of EDZ permeabilities based on URL experience.	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-267	D&C OPS

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
IRC-EIS-12.25	As part of the proposed under-excavation tests identified in the GVP (Reference 1), pore-pressure measurements would be obtained in the Cobourg Formation with consideration taken as to the reliability of measurements. Pore-pressure measurements would be part of the detailed test plan developed for the under-excavation tests that are to take place in the Geoscience Room.	OPG Letter dated Jun. 6, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00241 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1874)	EIS-12-511	D&C	
IRC-EIS-12.30	the topics of rock creep and geophysical methods for fracture detection will be monitored by OPG/NWMO and discussed as part of future geoscience planning that will be informed by research and international studies.	OPG Letter dated Jun. 6, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00241 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1874)	EIS-12-511	D&C	
H-24-26	Several of these experiments will be conducted within a geosciences niche situated within the Cobourg formation at the repository horizon. It is expected that several demonstration experiments would extend into the DGR operating phase.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.257	October 29, 2013	D&C OPS	
H-24-28	all proposed verification activities would be performed within the main shaft. Proposed investigative methods are described in the geoscientific verification plan framework, although specific details regarding instrumentation, sequencing and means of taking advantage of international experience, particularly that from underground research laboratories, will be developed under a project quality plan [] to assure best scientific practice is followed.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.258	October 29, 2013	D&C	
H-24-29	If we get results that are better or worse than what was expected, we would test those because an individual data point may, by itself, not be significant. You need to test that in the context of the overall analysis. We'd review the results within the project based on their confidence in that particular data point, the nature of the conclusions, and we would have a regular contact with the CNSC so we'd be sharing the results with them at that point.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.261	October 29, 2013	D&C	
H-24-30	All - during all this period, we'll be discussing with the CNSC. They will be aware of what's been found.  I think results, technical reports would be made [] available as they come out.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.263	October 29, 2013	D&C	
H-24-32	MEMBER MUECKE: [] Every time there's a face exposed, a geologist will actually inspect it, look at their various features and note them and then document it using LiDAR and photography? MR. JENSEN: That would be the intent, yes.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.271	October 29, 2013	D&C	

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	3.3) Shaft Seals			
IRC-EIS-06.18	OPG to support a long-term shaft seal testing program. (The laboratory testing part is already underway and is in the near-term budget envelope.)  [NOTE: More details are provided in the response to IR-EIS-06-268.]	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-268	D&C OPS
	3.4) Follow-up and Monitoring			
EA-011	Monitoring wells have been established as part of the Geoscientific Site Characterization Program and monitoring will continue during construction and operation of the DGR.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 2.6.2-1 comment #23	D&C OPS
LIC-152 IRC-EIS-12.24	While not expected, given evidence presented in the DGR Safety Case, in the remote event that the data arising from any of the various geosciences verification activities are materially different than those used in DGR safety analyses, the following actions will be taken: (a) the data will be assessed to determine its reliability and (b) new analyses will be undertaken to test the implications on the DGR Safety Case.	OPG Letter dated Jan. 30, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00220 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1792)	EIS-12-511	D&C
H-24-27 IRC-EIS-12.21	As the detailed design of the DGR is progressed, the Geoscientific Verification Plan will be updated and reissued as necessary. Any comments received from the CNSC about this revision of the plan (i.e. Rev 001) will be considered in a future revision of this plan. The plan will ultimately be developed in sufficient detail to allow the development of technical specifications for procurement of equipment and for services to execute the plan.	OPG Letter dated Jan. 30, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00220 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1792)	EIS-12-511	D&C
H-23-05 IRC-EIS-12.20 IRC-EIS-12.23	Geoscience verification activities will be completed, or sufficiently completed, during the construction phase such that they directly support an operating licence application and updated repository Safety Case. In certain circumstances long-term demonstration experiments initiated during construction activities will continue into the operation phase.	OPG Letter dated Jan. 30, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00220 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1792)	EIS-12-511	D&C OPS
H-03-01	a geoscientific verification plan has been developed for implementation should future subsurface DGR development be approved. The purpose of the plan is to confirm or verify subsurface conditions as described in the DGR geosynthesis and supporting documents and to support future DGR engineering design decisions.	Volume 3 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1575) p.28	September 18, 2013	Comple te

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	4) MANAGEMENT OF LOW AND INTERMEDIATE LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE			
	4.1) Waste Characterization			
IRC-EIS-01.23	Plans to monitor waste degradation within the repository will be provided as part of submissions supporting the operating licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-32	D&C
IRC-EIS-01.25	The measurement data are integrated into OPG's waste tracking database. This information will be used to generate an updated estimate of the projected DGR inventory, which will be provided as part of the Operating Licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-33	D&C
IRC-EIS-01.26	A program for verifying waste inventories during the operational phase will be developed and provided as part of the Operating Licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-33	D&C
H-07-03 H-23-04 IRC-EIS-01.16 IRC-EIS-06.09	The ongoing waste characterization program will further improve the completeness and accuracy of the inventories in the various waste streams.	OPG Letter dated Dec.12, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00153 (CEAA Registry Doc# 832)	EIS-06-264	All
IRC-EIS-13.02	Based on actual pressure tube data, and including the inventory of garter springs which are disposed along with pressure tubes, some radionuclides have been identified as being underestimated in the reference inventory. These are being addressed in the ongoing waste characterization programme, and revised inventory values will be used in future updates to the reference inventory.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (Attach. A, Sec. 2, p.2) (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-514	D&C
IRC-EIS-13.05	Waste Inventory Verification Plan [The plan included in Attach. C of the OPG letter is essentially commitments.]	Waste Inventory Verification Plan, Attach. C to OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR- 00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	All	D&C
	4.2) Waste Package Transfer (design)			
LIC-046	non-NEWs working in the railway ditch area would potentially be exposed to waste packages during transport over the crossing, in addition to any staged LLW in the WPRB. [] The specific exposure from packages during crossing has not been evaluated in detail. [] This will be addressed during detailed design.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.4.4.1	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE			
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-10.16	Waste packages are loaded on to the rail cart by light duty or heavy duty forklift or by overhead crane, as appropriate for the package type. The load is centered on the cart with the aid of markings or guides on the cart deck. The exact nature of the markings or guides will be determined during the detailed design of the cart.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-496	D&C
IRC-EIS-10.17	The need for specific physical restraints (e.g. clamps or tie downs) for various types of waste packages will be determined during the detailed design phase.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-496	D&C
	5) ACCIDENTS, MALFUNCTIONS AND MALEVOLENT ACTS			
	5.1) Emergency Response			
EA-066 H-23-21	Emergency response at the DGR will be conducted in cooperation with Bruce Power, as described in NWMD Employee Emergency Response Procedure W-PROC-ES-0002.  OPG will ensure that an effective response can be made to address an emergency affecting the health and safety of OPG employees, its business continuity and its property, contractors at the DGR, the environment, and the public.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.10, 1 <sup>st</sup> para	D&C OPS
EA-127 EA-132 <u>EA-148</u> EA-152 EA-228 EA-251 LIC-061	Contingency plans will also be in place, and emergency response, including mine rescue, will be available to protect the workers.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.2.3, last para	D&C OPS
EA-127 EA-132 EA-148 <u>EA-152</u> EA-228 EA-251 LIC-061 IRC-EIS-08.23	NWMO (site preparation and construction) and OPG (operations) will establish preventive measures, contingency plans and emergency procedures to prevent incidents and minimize the effects of a fire or spill.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.3.3, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-227 EA-229 LIC-059 LIC-060	Effects from potential accidents can be minimized or controlled through implementation of the following mitigation measures:  • Minimization of combustible materials and ignition sources, especially near waste packages  • Use of overpacking and shielding on higher activity packages  • Limited number of packages handled in any transfer  • Limited equipment speeds  • Fire detection and suppression equipment, such as automatic fire suppression systems on diesel transfer equipment  • Appropriate follow-up measures corresponding to the results of contamination and dose rate monitoring  • Access to refuge stations and safety equipment  • Appropriate worker training and operating procedures  • Emergency communication systems	Malfunctions, Accidents, and Malevolent Acts TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-07 R000	Sec. 4.4	D&C OPS
EA-131 <b>EA-250</b>	Bruce Power and OPG will work co-operatively with Emergency Management Ontario and other local emergency responders to assist in the development and testing of emergency plans throughout the life of the DGR Project. Local fire departments may require additional orientation and training of their staff regarding the presence of new above-ground and below-ground facilities and equipment. Some may require specialized training and resources to respond to emergencies, especially below-ground emergencies, which are likely to be new and unfamiliar to emergency response staff, should they be called upon to assist.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 8.3.2.3	D&C OPS
EA-127 EA-132 EA-148 EA-152 EA-228 <b>EA-251</b> LIC-061	OPG will ensure that an emergency and fire response plan is prepared and implemented for the DGR Project, including plans for mine rescue. In addition, OPG will share DGR Project information with local and regional health and safety service providers about timing and large changes in the magnitude of its on-site labour force and training opportunities applicable to each phase of the DGR Project.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 8.3.2.3	D&C OPS DEC

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
LIC-034	<ul> <li>The maintenance shop will contain materials and equipment that can be used to decontaminate forklifts or other mobile equipment that are discovered to be contaminated underground;</li> <li>Materials will be provided next to the whole body monitor underground that will be used to contain contamination so that personnel may be transported to surface to the decontamination facility;</li> <li>The refuge stations will be equipped with radiation protection equipment for monitoring and decontamination of staff in the event of contamination; and</li> <li>Detailed procedures for decontamination underground will be developed.</li> </ul>	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.10.2	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-03.03	It is recognized that there will be several areas of development that will limit egress to single access (e.g., south panel access tunnel). This type of development is not uncommon in mining operations and appropriate procedural control will be in place to address these situations.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	EIS-03-53	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-04.39	if there is a failure of a fresh air supply fan(s) sufficient to affect air quality, notifications will be made to stop work and have personnel egress from the area to the refuge station until such a time as the operation of the fan(s) is restored.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-154	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.26	Emergency procedures that are currently in place at the Bruce nuclear site, as well as any additional measures that are conceived in the Preliminary Safety Report (OPG 2011b) due to the presence of the DGR, are designed to ensure that malfunctions and/or accidents will be addressed in a timely manner, which will not allow for a measurable infiltration of radiological or non-radiological contaminants to the subsurface, and by extension, to potential potable water supply sources.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-185	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-EIS-08.22	The Bruce site emergency plan will be modified to include the DGR facility in its notification and response areas when the DGR starts construction.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-354	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.06	A detailed ERP will be prepared prior to the start of construction and incorporate coordination with Bruce Power for the security and safe transport of explosives on the Bruce nuclear site. Emergency response planning, development and implementation of safe operating procedures and monitoring for compliance will be part of the DGR Project managed systems including the Health and Safety Management Plan and Environmental Management Plan. It will not be included in the Nuclear Waste Management Division Environmental and Safety Program.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-403	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-13.08	Prior to the DGR receiving its operating licence, OPG will have demonstrated to the CNSC that it has a strong and sustainable emergency management system. This program will not only be reflective of those developed for our safe operations, but will consider the unique potential hazards of being deep underground. OPG has a strong performance history in this area and is confident it will further improve with time as we enter into DGR operations.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.48 <u>IRC-LPSC-01.114</u> LIC-146	There will be detailed procedures and training developed for operations staff which will include standard human performance error prevention tools and standards. In addition there will be emergency procedures developed for accidents. These procedures and training will be developed as part of hand-over preparation and more detail will be provided as part of the Operating Licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-42	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.118	The project will have trained first aid responders, both staff and contractors, for front-line medical incidents. Depending on the severity of the incident, Bruce Power's emergency response team (ERT) will be contacted to respond.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-45	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.119	The project health and safety organization will be responsible to maintain the emergency response and communication equipment specified for the site, including contractor supplied equipment. This will include routine inspections and testing of equipment and maintaining records of such inspection.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-45	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.120	The site emergency response requirements will be modified through the project phases to reflect the nature of the work being performed and the parties involved. The emergency response system will be tested annually.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-45	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.122	Contingency plans have yet to be developed for the project to reflect the potential for simultaneous emergencies and expected response. Selected contractor capabilities could have an effect on the requirements of external support. This area will require future consideration and will be reflected in the DGR Response Plan as appropriate.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-45	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.29	If access to the main control is not possible during an emergency, secondary hoist control in the main and ventilation headframes will be available.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-10	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.41	In the event of an underground accident involving the release of volatile radionuclides or volatile hazardous substances personnel will follow the same general procedure as for a fire event.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-15	D&C OPS DEC

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-03.07	Egress routes will be marked by appropriate signage, documented through emergency response procedures and personnel will be trained on egress through use of emergency drills.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	LPSC-03-60	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.25	It should be noted that the enclosed ERP was developed to support the 2011 and 2012 field investigation programs and will need to be revised in advance of site preparation and construction to reflect the expanded scope of activities and the associated emergency situations.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
H-08-02	The impact of accidents during the site preparation and construction phase vary. The potential impact on workers depends on the accident and how close the worker is to the accident. Conventional construction accident impacts on workers could be minor or severe.  No impact on the public is expected from accidents during this phase. This reflects that these are conventional, industrial activities and the nearest public location is the Bruce nuclear site boundary about 1 kilometre distant from the DGR. The nearest normally- occupied public locations are further distant.  Contingency plans will be in place for accidents during this phase. This includes emergency response plans, in particular, for fires and spills.  Another example is the placement of portable refuge stations underground near the working face which will provide protection for the workers in case there is an underground accident and they cannot immediately travel to surface.	Volume 8 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1606) p.12-13	September 24, 2013	D&C
	5.2) Mine Rescue			
EA-067 EA-128 H-08-09 H-23-20 IRC-LPSC-01.121	Trained and qualified mine rescue teams will be provided as required by the Mines and Mining Plants Regulations (Reg. 854).  Backup rescue team(s) will be available through mutual assistance agreements with nearby facilities.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.10, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para Sec. 4.17, last sentence See also (for example) Health and Safety Facilities and Services And Sec. 8.3.3.1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	D&C OPS

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-129	In the event that workers get trapped by a rock fall or other extraordinary event, facility management will coordinate the response and utilize the mine rescue teams to assess the situation and recommend a recovery strategy depending on the circumstances.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.2, Health and Safety Facilities and Services, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	D&C OPS
EA-127 EA-132 EA-148 EA-152 EA-228 <u>EA-251</u> LIC-061	OPG will ensure that an emergency and fire response plan is prepared and implemented for the DGR Project, including plans for mine rescue. In addition, OPG will share DGR Project information with local and regional health and safety service providers about timing and large changes in the magnitude of its on-site labour force and training opportunities applicable to each phase of the DGR Project.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 8.3.2.3	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.68	A Mine Rescue Team will be trained in mine fire fighting activities. The firefighting equipment and locations for this response team will be determined as part of detailed Mine Fire Procedures to be developed for the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-22	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-03.08	During the construction phase, mine rescue capabilities will be a combination of DGR project staff, contractor personnel and Bruce Power Emergency Response (ERT) staff. It is not expected that the project will carry an on-site complement of 2 responding units, but rather will be supported through on-call response.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	LPSC-03-61	D&C
IRC-LPSC-03.09 IRC-LPSC-04.26	In advance of excavation activities, mine rescue capabilities will be established and the ERP will be updated accordingly. The DGR is not considered to be a mine under the OHSA; however, trained and qualified mine rescue teams will be provided as required by the Mines and Mining Plants Regulations (Reg 854). As required by the Mine Rescue program, a second team is required at site before the first team can go underground and a third team must be on-route. Back-up will be provided by nearby mine rescue teams through mutual assistance agreements.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	PLICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	5.3) Fire Protection			
EA-127 EA-132 EA-148 <b>EA-152</b> EA-228 EA-251 LIC-061	NWMO (site preparation and construction) and OPG (operations) will establish preventive measures, contingency plans and emergency procedures to prevent incidents and minimize the effects of a fire or spill.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.3.3, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence	D&C
EA-260	Unusual demands on local fire, EMS and policing services could reduce the ability to respond to an emergency associated with the DGR and this contingency should be included in the coordination of emergency services planning.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 9.4	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.115	The Fire Protection (FP) Program for the operational phase of the DGR will be developed similarly to the FP Program for the site preparation and construction, as described in the response to IR-LPSC-01-36. To reiterate, the operational FP Program will be specific to the DGR, due to the unique fire protection requirements associated with the facility, and will include a Fire Hazard Analysis based on the guidance of NFPA 122 and 801.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-43	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.40	Emergency response procedures will define the required response by personnel to a fire underground.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-15	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.42	Once underground personnel are accounted for in refuge stations, plans for addressing the fire will be implemented.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-15	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.44 IRC-LPSC-01.50 IRC-LPSC-01.98	The Fire Protection Program will be specific to the DGR, due to the unique fire protection requirements associated with the facility, and will include a requirement for a Fire Hazard Analysis (FHA) based on the guidance of NFPA 122 and 801. A consultant specializing in fire protection has been retained to assist in the development of the FHA, Code Compliance report and Fire Protection Program for the DGR. Also, as committed in Section 6.8.1 of the PSR, an independent third party review will be conducted from a fire protection perspective.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-15a	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	PLICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-01.45	The fire protection goals were developed and embedded in the PSR section 6.8. These include minimizing ignition sources, maintaining multiple egress routes and safe areas of refuge, and using a defence-indepth principle. Another goal identified was to minimize radiological releases through contaminated run-off by reducing the potential for water to be in contact with radioactive waste. These goals were used in developing fire protection design, configuration, systems, materials specified for use, storage areas and containers for the waste. These goals will also be used in developing the Fire Protection Program.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-15a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.47	Fire Protection Programs will be developed for the construction phase and for the operations phase of the facility prior to the start of each phase. They will include required elements such as roles and responsibilities, fire response, fire assessments, managing changes that affect fire protection, work practice and procedures, fire planning, inspection and maintenance of fire protection systems, quality assurance, housekeeping, storage and handling of hazardous goods, control of ignition sources, transient material, reporting and drills.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-15a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.49	Operating experience from the mining industry and other waste handling facilities is being collected to learn from their designs, their events and their fire protection programs.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-15a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.51	<ul> <li>The FHA will be performed to assess the consequences of fires that pose a risk to:</li> <li>Release of radioactive or otherwise hazardous material to the environment.</li> <li>Increased radiation dose to site personnel including emergency responders.</li> <li>Non radiation-related injury to site personnel.</li> </ul>	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-15a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.52	The FHA will: Consider both construction and operation phases of the facility. Review performance criteria for detection and alarm systems. Evaluate inspection, testing and maintenance of fire protection systems. Identify where hazards exist which could potentially impact nuclear safety. Identify the design basis fires and the fire growth scenarios based on credible operating conditions. Analyze the consequences of the design basis fires with respect to	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-15a	D&C

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	<ul> <li>nuclear safety, personnel safety, and environment protection.</li> <li>Postulate fire protection system impairment scenarios so as to verify available defence-in-depth measures.</li> <li>Identify the potential consequences to personnel safety (not related to nuclear safety) and determine if the consequences exceed criteria.</li> <li>Evaluate the adequacy of the fire protection measures in mitigating the risk of hazards such that the consequences do not exceed criteria.</li> <li>Identify cases where additional fire protection measures are required to ensure that the consequences of the design basis fires do not exceed criteria.</li> </ul>			
IRC-LPSC-01.97	A detailed Fire Protection Program for site preparation and construction will be prepared in accordance with the National Building Code of Canada-Part 8, the National Fire Code of Canada, the Ontario Health and Safety Act, and guidance from National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards 122 and 801, and Ontario Regulation 213/81, which have all been reviewed for their relevance to this project.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-36	D&C
	5.4) Contingency Plans			
EA-051	The contingency plan [included in the Construction Management Plan] will be revised and tested as the construction proceeds from surface construction to shaft sinking to underground lateral development.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.8.7, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, last sentence	D&C
H-08-03	There will be management systems in place to respond to accidents. Examples of contingency plans for operations phase accidents are listed here. These include emergency response teams, including training and mine rescue; onsite emergency response equipment; underground refuge stations; emergency response plans such as for fires, and spill management plans.	Volume 8 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1606) p.18	September 24, 2013	D&C OPS
H-08-05	Finally, there will be a contingency plan for a massive earthquake that results in damage to the pumps and shaft liners. In this case a pump-in piping will be installed down a shaft from surface to provide emergency pumping.	Volume 8 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1606) p.21	September 24, 2013	D&C

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	6) OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY			
	6.1) Worker Safety			
	6.1.1) Health and Safety Management			
EA-151	Mitigation and control measures will be implemented as part of the DGR Project. The mitigation and control measures identified for non-radiological hazards to workers are as follows:  - slow rates of gas generation expected, ventilation, monitoring and end walls;  - confined space entry program;  - critical lift procedure and lift planning;  - use only qualified workers, work permits, worker awareness, personal protective equipment and operator training;  - hoisting logbooks/records;  - equipment planned/preventative maintenance;  - equipment design installation and operation to meet established crane and hoisting safety permits;  - safe work code practice;  - live electrical line work procedures;  - lock-out/tag-out procedure;  - emergency response capability;  - fire extinguishers, fuel dispensing procedure, good housekeeping and hot work permit;  - ground disturbance permits; pre-excavation ground survey;  - shaft sinking safe work practices;  - ground control standards, loose rock scaling work instruction, inspection protocol;  - machine guarding, spotters for mobile equipment, barricading off of work areas and controlled access;  - flash back arrestors; and  - WHMIS	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.3.2.4, last para, bullet list	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-08-01 H-18-10 IRC-EIS-05.43 IRC-EIS-05.44 IRC-LPSC-01.106	With respect to health, safety and the environment, the DGR Project health and safety management plan and DGR Project environmental management plan will further describe roles, responsibilities and accountabilities for the execution of work. These areas would be registered/certified to the CSA Z1000 and ISO 14001 standards, respectively, and will be externally audited for compliance. Event identification, notification and follow-up requirements and accountabilities will be detailed in the plans and associated procedures.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-212	D&C
H-08-01 H-18-10 IRC-EIS-05.43 <u>IRC-EIS-05.44</u> IRC-LPSC-01.106	In the event of a reportable incident on-site, the requirements for notification, investigation, reporting and follow-up will be clearly described. Such an event would also be tracked through NWMO's non-conformance and corrective action processes and communicated through all levels of the organization.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-212	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.100	The procedures will be reviewed and updated, as required, to reflect the specific work being performed. This includes incorporating best work practices and task-specific procedures provided by the various contractors.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-37	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.102	If the nature of the work changes, or new workers are introduced, the safe work plan will be reviewed, and any and all new risks associated with the revised work will be mitigated.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-37	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.103	The current HSEMP and procedures adequately address all items with respect to the site preparation and construction activities that are to be undertaken at surface. Nevertheless, these will be reviewed prior to the commencement of work as part of the job safety analysis that must be carried out to develop the required safe work plan for each phase of that work.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-37	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.104	Further development of procedures is required for the shaft sinking and lateral development activities. These procedures are planned to be developed in conjunction with the contractor(s) that will be retained for this work and these procedures will be in place prior to the start of that work.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-37	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.105	In addition, the project plans and procedures are reviewed annually and are updated at any time that there is a revision to the governing Acts or Regulations.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-37	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	PLICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-04.07	To provide confidence that the environment and the public and occupational health and safety will be protected during site preparation and construction activities conducted under the DGR project, the following components need to be in place:  1. Objectives and criteria 2. Identification of risks and hazards 3. Assessment of risks and hazards 4. Mitigation measures where required 5. Management of health and safety of the public and the workers 6. Environmental management 7. Emergency response	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.18	The target values for the [health and safety] performance indicators indicated in Table 1 will be reviewed and modified, as necessary, prior to the start of site preparation and construction activities.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
	6.1.2) Explosives and Blasts			
EA-032	Explosives will not be on-site until excavation activities are initiated.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.1, 1 <sup>st</sup> sent following bullet list	D&C
LIC-019	Fuel totes will never be transferred in the main shaft cage at the same time explosives or waste packages are delivered underground.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.3.10.2 and Sec. 6.8.1	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-01.07	It should be noted that there will be no facilities for the production of explosives at the Bruce nuclear site, only storage.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-02	All
IRC-EIS-01.08	Should on-site storage be found practical for storage of explosives and initiating devices, the storage magazines will be installed to meet the above NRCan requirements.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-02	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.24	There will be explosives other than ANFO used in the development of the DGR. Emulsion blends and packaged products will be used in the shafts and it is expected that emulsion blends will also be used in lateral development. The types and quantities of explosives will not be determined until the development contractor(s) are identified.	OPG Letter dated Sep.6, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00138 (CEAA Registry Doc# 725)	EIS-04-136	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-07.06	Receipt of explosives at the Bruce nuclear site will be coordinated with Bruce Power security and maintain established transportation routes. The equipment used for the delivery of explosives will be licensed for their transport. Post delivery transport and use of explosives will be in accordance with the requirements of the Ontario Mines and Mining Plants Regulations (O.Reg. 854/90).	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-280	D&C
IRC-EIS-03.13 IRC-EIS-07.07	Explosives use during excavation activities will use best industry practice and is considered to be typical use within the mining industry.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-280	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.04	Only personnel licensed to work with explosives, as defined under the Explosives Use Act, will be permitted to handle, use, store, and clean up spills related to explosives.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-403	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.05	Damaged or unused explosive materials will generally be removed from the DGR site and disposed of by the explosive supplier.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-403	D&C
	6.1.3) Propane Handling			
IRC-EIS-01.09	Propane will be used for heating the DGR during construction, but only electrical heat will be used during operation.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-03	D&C OPS
	6.1.4) Hazardous Materials			
EA-055	Hazardous waste such as expired chemicals, cleaners, paints, aerosol cans, batteries, and electronic components will be disposed in compliance with all federal and provincial requirements.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.5.2, 4 <sup>th</sup> para	All
<b>EA-059</b> EA-155	Material Safety Data Sheets for hazardous materials [at the DGR facility] will be readily available as required by Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) legislation.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.4	All
IRC-EIS-07.03	Annual usage of hazardous materials is relatively small and large volumes of hazardous materials will not be stored at the site.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-279	D&C OPS

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
IRC-EIS-07.05	Above ground, chemicals will be stored in substance appropriate, secured storage cabinets. The location of the storage units will be as required in close proximity to large equipment and determined in consultation with contractors. Below ground, chemicals will be stored in dedicated areas, in substance appropriate, secured cabinets, for example, in the diesel fuel bay, and maintenance shop.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-279	D&C OPS	
LIC-026	Materials will be stored and handled according to the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.7.1	D&C OPS	
	6.1.5) Preventative Maintenance and Inspection Program(s)				
EA-017	a monitoring and maintenance program will be established for the operation of the [ventilation] system.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.1, 5 <sup>th</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sent.	D&C OPS	
<b>EA-025</b> LIC-013	Preventative maintenance and inspection programs will be implemented to ensure the reliability of the emergency power system.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.2, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para, last sent.	D&C OPS	
IRC-EIS-13.10	OPG has an active maintenance program and will apply this to the DGR.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C OPS DEC	
IRC-LPSC-01.05	Reference to the inspection, testing, and maintenance requirements of the NFCC will be included in the inspection program for the underground portion of the facility to provide added assurance that the inspections required by the OHSA Mines and Mining Plants Regulations are being carried out in accordance with all recognized and accepted practices.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-02	D&C OPS	
	6.1.6) Worker Safety - Underground				
EA-018 EA-020 EA-100 <u>EAFMP-033</u> LIC-036	Air quality of the underground DGR will be monitored under the EMP to ensure that the health and safety of personnel within the DGR is not compromised during underground construction and operations. The monitoring system will verify:  • Levels of noxious gases do not exceed regulatory limits;  • Levels of explosive gases do not exceed explosive limits;  • Temperature and humidity of the DGR remain acceptable for both personnel health and infrastructure integrity; and  • Airflows remain adequate in active work areas.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 7.1	D&C OPS	
	Air monitoring equipment will be installed. Airflow, CO and NO <sub>2</sub> measurements will be monitored at underground locations, to be				

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	determined. Explosive gas monitors will also be installed to monitor a range of potential gases, including methane and hydrogen. Instrumentation measuring airflow, temperature, relative humidity, etc. will be installed and measurements will be monitored remotely on surface at the main control room and will also be available to be monitored underground.			
LIC-017	Upon the completion of emplacement room construction, there will be a period of time before active emplacement commences. [] These rooms are considered "confined spaces" (Reg. 854, Part XII) and access to nonactive empty rooms prevented.  Unventilated empty rooms will therefore require:  Installation of a barricade at the entrance to the room;  Adequate signage indicating entry is prohibited;  A procedure for re-entry (e.g. inspection of regulator, air monitoring, ground inspection, etc.) that meets acceptable atmospheric conditions (Reg. 854 Section 294) and developed health and safety guidelines [].  [] Following emplacement activities, a filled emplacement room will be monitored while adjacent rooms are being filled. [] An end wall will be constructed at the entrance to each emplacement room to provide worker protection from radiation from the waste packages in the room, prevent people from entering the room and act/or to control ventilation airflow [].	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216-SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.3.8.3	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-04.38	If both fans are out of service, notifications will be made to personnel underground to stop work activities and assemble in the refuge station.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-154	D&C OPS
	6.2) Training			
EA-050	A Training Management Plan will be prepared for the DGR Project.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.8.6, 1 <sup>st</sup> sent.	D&C
EA-226	To ensure [workers reach safe breathing space within five minutes] training, appropriate placement of equipment and underground refuge stations, adequate fire detection and warning systems, and appropriate site monitoring and communication systems will be implemented.	Malfunctions, Accidents, and Malevolent Acts TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-07 R000	Sec. 4.4	D&C OPS DEC

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-131 <b>EA-250</b>	Bruce Power and OPG will work co-operatively with Emergency Management Ontario and other local emergency responders to assist in the development and testing of emergency plans throughout the life of the DGR Project. Local fire departments may require additional orientation and training of their staff regarding the presence of new above-ground and below-ground facilities and equipment. Some may require specialized training and resources to respond to emergencies, especially below-ground emergencies, which are likely to be new and unfamiliar to emergency response staff, should they be called upon to assist.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 8.3.2.3	D&C OPS
EAFMP-047	The EMP monitoring program will include an ongoing evaluation of site management practices. The monitoring program [EMP] includes visual inspections and records checks. It comprises verification that proper safety procedures and accident prevention programs are in place based on good industry management practice, such as:  • Equipment is properly maintained;  • Proper environmental training is in place; and  • Emergency equipment and procedures are tested.  The malfunctions and accidents prevention monitoring program consists of a checklist of good industry management practice (Table 4c) that will be verified in the field.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 9.0	D&C OPS
LIC-060	For situations in which consequences of accident assessment are not negligible, mitigation will be achieved through one or more of the following:  Design mitigation; Preventive measures to reduce the likelihood of such accidents; Controls installed on equipment to restrain their movement (e.g., limit switches); Administrative controls (mainly through procedures); and Worker training.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216-SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.6	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-09.25	<ul> <li>The following illustrates how the Health, Safety and Environment (HSE) Manager will communicate to ensure that there is sufficient planning and training, awareness of issues as they arise, appropriate responses and documentation are made as per applicable policies and procedures, and follow-up is done to ensure the effectiveness of the responses.</li> <li>Participation at planned project team meetings (i.e., daily, weekly and monthly),</li> <li>Participation in HSE risk assessment and hazard identification planning,</li> <li>Reviews and provides input to the development and implementation of safe work plans and work instructions,</li> <li>Provides training to project staff and contractors of the requirements of the HSE plans and procedures,</li> <li>Conducts audits and assessments of HSE performance at the project site,</li> <li>Communicates to all levels of the organization on the project HSE performance,</li> <li>Monitoring and tracking HSE non-conformances and corrective actions,</li> <li>Reports, e-mail and correspondence pertaining to the HSE of the project.</li> </ul>	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-455	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.48 IRC-LPSC-01.114 LIC-146	There will be detailed procedures and training developed for operations staff which will include standard human performance error prevention tools and standards. In addition there will be emergency procedures developed for accidents. These procedures and training will be developed as part of hand-over preparation and more detail will be provided as part of the Operating Licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-42	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.67	DGR personnel will be trained in the use of fire extinguishers for manual fire fighting.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-22	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.68	A Mine Rescue Team will be trained in mine fire fighting activities. The firefighting equipment and locations for this response team will be determined as part of detailed Mine Fire Procedures to be developed for the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-22	D&C OPS DEC

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
H-23-08	activity-specific requirements such as common core training will be required for those performing work underground.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.169	October 28, 2013	D&C	
H-24-34	We will have planned inspections, we will have a protocol and a process from which we would do frequent on a frequency basis, go in and look for that.  However, we will also have a training program. Because as you say, it's the workers that are out and about that will come across, so we have done training already with respect to species at risk, and species that they may encounter on the job site. And this would be very similar to that.  So we would allow them to be able to recognize what they're looking at as well as who to inform and how to go about either the identification, removal and/or protection of those species as they encounter them. So that is part of the environment management program.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.287	October 29, 2013	D&C	
	7) AIR QUALITY				
	7.1) Dust Abatement				
EA-014 EA-043 EA-182 IRC-EIS-02.03 IRC-EIS-12.13 TIS-03-08	Berms and vegetation along the perimeter of the DGR Project site will be used to control dust [].	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.1.3, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para, last sent.	D&C	
EA-023	During construction, underground dust control will be through conventional mining practices of washing down and misting muck piles.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.1, Dust Control, 1 <sup>st</sup> para	D&C	
EA-024 <u>EA-042</u> EA-074 IRC-EIS-04.31	Best management practices, including application of water or misting, will be used to reduce fugitive dust creation from the haulage roads and excavated materials.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.5.3, 4rd para last sent.	D&C	

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase	
<b>EA-121</b> EA-197	Equipment will be available and maintained on-site to water roadways as required.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 7.7.2-1 (Air Quality In-design Mitigation)	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-04.25 IRC-EIS-04.26 <u>UT-02-05</u>	Dust will be minimized by dust suppression measures as described in the Atmospheric Environment TSD as well as OPG's response to Information Request (IR) EIS-04-137.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00154 (CEAA Registry Doc# 842)	MTIS 1	D&C
	7.2) Emissions Control			
EA-122 <u>EA-196</u> EA-197 H-09-01 H-17-40	On-site vehicles and equipment engines will meet Tier 2 emission standards and be maintained in good working order.	Atmospheric Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-02 R000	Table 8.2.2-1	D&C OPS
H-17-39	we're looking at [air and noise] source reduction through the detailed design	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.91	October 5, 2013	D&C
	7.3) Follow-up and Monitoring			
EA-019	Airflow, carbon monoxide (CO), and nitrogen dioxide (NO <sub>2</sub> ) will be measured at the ventilation shaft.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.1, 7 <sup>th</sup> para	D&C OPS
EA-021	Instrumentation measuring airflow, temperature, relative humidity and other pertinent parameters will be installed at the main shaft.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.1, 7 <sup>th</sup> para	D&C
EA-022	Emplacement room exhaust regulators will be equipped with combustible gas monitors to monitor a range of gases (e.g., methane and hydrogen).	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.1, 7 <sup>th</sup> para	D&C
EA-247	The ventilation shaft conditions are monitored, and if necessary, worker exposure can be reduced through use of appropriate protective equipment and/or by adjusting the air flow for the duration of each inspection to provide cleaner air.	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Appendix D - D1.Estimated Worker Inhalation Dose	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-018 EA-020 EA-100 <u>EAFMP-033</u> LIC-036	Air quality of the underground DGR will be monitored under the EMP to ensure that the health and safety of personnel within the DGR is not compromised during underground construction and operations. []  Air monitoring equipment will be installed. Airflow, CO and NO <sub>2</sub> measurements will be monitored at underground locations, to be determined. Explosive gas monitors will also be installed to monitor a range of potential gases, including methane and hydrogen. Instrumentation measuring airflow, temperature, relative humidity, etc. will be installed and measurements will be monitored remotely on surface at the main control room and will also be available to be monitored underground.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 7.1	D&C OPS
EA-171 EA-172 EA-200 EA-201 EAFMP-034 IRC-EIS-04.28 IRC-EIS-06.08	Continuous air quality monitors will be installed at the start of the site preparation and construction phase at a secure location in the Project Area near the main access road between the construction activities and the property boundary. Several air quality parameters will be monitored: Nox, PM10, and PM2.5. The monitoring results will be compared with the baseline results and predictions documented in the Atmospheric Environment TSD to confirm that the assessment predictions were reasonable and the integrated mitigation measures are effective. Continuous sampling will be carried out for a minimum of one year beginning at the start of site preparation and construction.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 7.2	D&C
EAFMP-035	Visual inspections for dust emissions will be conducted daily during site preparation and construction, and operations, at the shafts, access roads within the WRMA, and waste rock pile.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 7.2	D&C OPS
EAFMP-060	If a visible dust plume is observed, watering will be implemented in non-frozen ground conditions. On-site vehicles and equipment will be equipped and maintained on-site to water roadways as required.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.5	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-03.05	Planned routine monitoring underground will provide advanced notification if there are increases in contaminant levels.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	EIS-03-56	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.22	[] Temperature, CO and airflow will be monitored at backend of active emplacement rooms where ventilation air exhausts into return air tunnels.	OPG Letter dated Sep.6, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00138 (CEAA Registry Doc# 725)	EIS-04-134	D&C OPS DEC

	TAI	BLE B: R	EGULATORY C	OMMITMENTS A	PPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment De	scription			Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-04.29			gitive source emiss entive action taken a	ions will be recorded and the response.	OPG Letter dated Sep.6, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00138 (CEAA Registry Doc# 725)	EIS-04-137	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-04.30	NWMO and OPG are certified to ISO 14001 Environmental Management System. This registration, which requires that programs are in place to prevent pollution and an annual internal environmental management system audit and external registration/maintenance audit, will provide assurance that programs are implemented for the monitoring and reporting of dust emissions from the site preparation and construction phase of the DGR Project.			t OPG Letter dated Sep.6, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00138 (CEAA Registry Doc# 725)	EIS-04-137	D&C OPS	
IRC-EIS-05.18	that could be cons	that could be considered precursors for ozone will be emitted (NOx and		00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-175	D&C OPS DEC	
IRC-LPSC-01.73	specific technolog based on the best	The monitoring equipment will be similar to that used in WWMF, but the specific technology would be selected during the construction phase based on the best available technology at that time. Further information will be described as part of the Operating Licence application.		OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-23	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-01.74	Table 1: Underground Air [] Radiation Monitoring - Site Preparation and Construction (see [EA Follow-up Monitoring Program], Table 5a)		OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-23	D&C OPS		
	Reference	Nuclides	Type/Monitoring	Location			
	C-LIC-RAD1 Air	Radon	1 measurement /month/location. Radon is not expected to be an issue. It will be monitored for trends and the rate adjusted if appropriate.      Portable monitor, with local readout or off-site analysis	Near working faces during excavation     Exhaust air flow near ventilation shaft			

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase	
IRC-LPSC-01.76	The detailed design of air quality monitoring system and monitoring device specifications will be described as part of the Operating Licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-24	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.80	Panels projected for closure will be ventilated and the air quality monitored as described above, until the time of closure. At closure, as stated in PSR 6.13, the underground space behind the closure walls will not be ventilated and all services will be terminated. Once closure walls are erected there would be no need to monitor air quality in the sealed underground space, as no re-entry is intended.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-24	D&C
H-17-07	[] In addition, OPG will enter into discussions with regulators to identify the potential for monitoring acrolein at this location.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.12	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
H-17-18	Air quality and noise monitoring described earlier will be used to verify predicted effects levels.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.18	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
H-17-32	The air and noise monitoring programs will be part of the program that's used in monitoring those [socio-economic] effects on members of the public.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.46	October 5, 2013	D&C
	8) NOISE			
	8.1) Noise Abatement			
EA-014 EA-043 EA-182 IRC-EIS-02.03 IRC-EIS-12.13 TIS-03-08	Berms and vegetation along the perimeter of the DGR Project site will be used to control [] noise [].	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.1.3, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para, last sent.	D&C
EA-123 EA-198 H-09-08 IRC-EIS-09.19 IRC-EIS-09.20 TIS-03-09	On-site vehicles and equipment will be equipped with appropriate silencers [to control noise] and maintained in good working order.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 7.8.2-1 (Noise Levels Indesign Mitigation)	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase	
<b>EA-124</b> EA-199 EAFMP-037	Fans maintained in good working order [to control noise]	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 7.8.2-1 (Noise Levels Indesign Mitigation)	D&C OPS
EA-123 EA-198 IRC-EIS-09.19 IRC-EIS-09.20 TIS-03-09	<ul> <li>Planned actions that will further contribute to reduced noise levels include:</li> <li>Near-surface blasting during only daylight hours – The Project will use best practices for blasting and has already made a commitment to day-time blasting for near surface use. However, this represents a limited amount of blasting as the first 10 to 15 m of the shafts will be opened mechanically (i.e., without explosives). The next 15 to 20 m will be developed using explosives only during daytime hours. Once shaft development is beyond this point, and the headframe is in place, noise effects at off-site receptors due to shaft sinking are not anticipated.</li> <li>Noise Screening – Natural vegetation will be retained as much as possible. OPG also plans to plant additional trees for visual screening of the rock pile and these will also provide additional noise screening. Finally, the design of the DGR Project includes the use of low material berms at selected areas along the perimeter of the site. These aspects will collectively assist in reducing off-site noise.</li> </ul>	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-454	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.21	As discussed during the TIS #2 presentation, the waste rock management pile will be constructed in such a way as to minimize the noise impacts on the closest receptors.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-454	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.22 IRC-EIS-11.01 H-09-06	Site preparation, construction and operation of the DGR facility will be compliant with the Municipality of Kincardine noise By-Law (No. 2008-076).	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-454	D&C OPS
H-09-09	THE CHAIRPERSON: [] how about the people at R2? Would they be disturbed at night?  MR. da SILVA: [] I do not believe they will be disturbed. This happens during the quietest hours at night, typically 4 o'clock in the morning when people are indoors.  The level still ensures that World Health Organization limits at outside of the bedroom window are met. The indoor noise level will not exceed 30 dBA.	Volume 9 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1611) p.184	September 25, 2013	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-17-39	we're looking at [air and noise] source reduction through the detailed design	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.91	October 5, 2013	D&C
	8.2) Follow-up and Monitoring			
EA-202 EA-173 <u>EAFMP-036</u> H-17-08 H-17-30	Integrated sound level meters will be stationed at the three noise receptor locations monitored during the EA field studies (R1, R2, and R3) during the site preparation and construction phase. The results will be compared with the baseline results and predictions documented in the Atmospheric Environment TSD.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 7.3	D&C
EAFMP-038	<ul> <li>In addition the following monitoring and follow-up activities will also occur:</li> <li>The initial series of regular production blasts shall be monitored at several locations at varying distances from each blast to characterize the site specific ground vibration attenuation rates. This will entail establishing monitoring stations between the blast site and adjacent receptors during the initial series of shaft blasts. The site specific attenuation data developed during this monitoring period will then be used to better define ground vibration effects at the closest sensitive receptors.</li> <li>Subsequent routine monitoring of all blasting operations will be carried out in the vicinity of the closest receptors to the blasting operations. As excavation continues within the shaft and underground development, the actual monitoring locations will be routinely and regularly reviewed so that the closest receptors are always being monitored for ground vibration effects.</li> <li>The program may be discontinued based on consistently low vibration measurements once the shaft is advanced below 180 mBGS.</li> <li>A communications program will be implemented to keep neighbours informed of the status of activity. During blasting near surface, blasting will take place during daylight hours.</li> </ul>	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 7.4	D&C
<b>EA-167</b> EA-190	Vibrations monitoring [follow-up monitoring of Valued Ecosystem Components in the South Railway Ditch]	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 12.2-1, VECs in south railway ditch	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		
EA-204	The initial series of regular production blasts shall be monitoring at varying distances from each blast to characterize the site specific ground vibration attenuation rates. This would entail establishing monitoring stations between the blast site and adjacent receptors during the initial series of shaft blasts. The site specific attenuation data developed during this monitoring period should then be used to better define ground vibration effects at the closest sensitive receptors.	Atmospheric Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-02 R000	Sec. 19 (Appendix I)	D&C
EA-205	Subsequent [to initial phase monitoring] routine monitoring of all blasting operations should be carried out in the vicinity of the closest receptors to the proposed blasting operations.	Atmospheric Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-02 R000	Sec. I9 (Appendix I)	D&C
IRC-EIS-07.30	A detailed [vibrations] monitoring program will be developed with the shaft sinking contractor, and in consultation with Bruce Power, after the contract has been awarded and the blasting design finalized.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-303	D&C
H-09-03	The assessment of noise incorporated in design mitigation measures, including on-site equipment, will include appropriate noise control measures and be maintained in good working order, and location of construction areas near to the project footprint to minimize vehicle travel distance. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 9 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1611) p.161	September 25, 2013	D&C OPS
H-09-05	Noise monitoring will be carried out at two of the closest dwellings and at the closest campsite within Inverhuron Provincial Park.	Volume 9 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1611) p.162	September 25, 2013	D&C
H-09-07	THE CHAIRPERSON: Should OPG decide that there would be noise emission limits, how does OPG suggest they would ensure that contractors meet those limits?  MS. SWAMI: [] As we would move into a contractual arrangement with the supplier, there would be restrictions placed in that contract that the contractor would be required to meet. We would expect an environmental plan which would address any of the limits that are identified through this process so that we would ensure that those would be met.	Volume 9 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1611) p.174	September 25, 2013	D&C
H-17-09	blast vibration will also be monitored to confirm that DFO guideline levels are met.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.13	October 5, 2013	D&C
H-24-01	we will adapt the noise monitoring to the activities such that we'd be able to understand the impacts of changes in that construction.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.155	October 29, 2013	D&C

Commitment No.	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP  Commitment Description	Reference		DGR
	9) TERRESTRIAL ENVIRONMENT			Phase
	9.1) Habitat Preservation			
EA-117 <b>EA-269</b> IRC-EIS-01.14	In accordance with the Migratory Birds Convention Act, the site preparation activities will avoid vegetation clearing during the breeding bird season (May 1 <sup>st</sup> to July 31 <sup>st</sup> ), wherever possible. If clearing cannot be scheduled outside the prime nesting season, a nest survey should be conducted to ensure there are no active nests in the trees to be felled. If found, no active nests will be removed or disturbed in accordance with the Migratory Birds Convention Act.	Terrestrial Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-05 R000	Sec. 8.3.3	D&C
EA-266 H-10-05 <b>H-17-16</b> H-24-33 H-24-40 IRC-EIS-08.15 IRC-EIS-12.07	Exclusionary fencing designed and installed in areas near aquatic habitat to prevent reptiles and amphibians from entering the DGR project site will also be inspected to confirm effectiveness.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.17	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
EA-266 H-17-16 <b>H-24-33</b> H-24-40 IRC-EIS-08.15 IRC-EIS-12.07	OPG does plan to monitor for the effectiveness of the exclusion fencing for turtles and snakes.  We would do that through an inspection process, so there would be regular inspections that were included in our environmental management plan program for that particular component of the monitoring program. So it would be documented, the frequency of inspection would be identified and a procedure.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.286	October 29, 2013	D&C
IRC-EIS-01.13 IRC-EIS-10.07	Exclusionary fencing will be constructed around the construction site. In the event of a spring construction start, and with considerations for spring emergence, fencing around the DGR Project site will be erected prior to May 25 in time to ensure mobile reptiles do not enter the construction site.	Attach. 2 to OPG Letter dated Aug.9, 2012, 00216-CORR- 00531-00126 (CEAA Registry Doc# 683)	EIS-01-15a	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
EA-266 H-17-16 H-24-33 H-24-40 <u>IRC-EIS-08.15</u> IRC-EIS-12.07	Where possible, opportunities to retain tree cover could be investigated, and where retention is not possible, exclusionary fencing to prevent additional loss during construction surrounding the DGR Project site will be installed. Temporary construction fencing to protect vegetation will help prevent incidental damage and soil compaction within driplines and along vegetation community edges caused by equipment and workers encroaching into areas proposed for protection within the Site Study Area.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-353	D&C	
IRC-EIS-10.06 H-10-02	The primary focus of reptile mitigation measures in Ontario has been the installation of reptile exclusion fencing surrounding areas that will be disturbed during site preparation and construction activities. This fencing would remain in place throughout the year to prevent snakes from entering the DGR Project Site where construction activities will occur.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-490	D&C	
EA-265	No deciduous forest communities will be removed during site preparation.	Terrestrial Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-05 R000	Sec. 7.3.1.6 (Habitat Utilization Opportunities)	D&C	
EAFMP-025 H-17-17	vehicle strikes will be monitored in the follow-up monitoring program and reported as part of the existing Bruce nuclear site reporting program for one year. Provided the results confirm the EA predictions in the first year, this activity will be discontinued under the EA follow-up monitoring program and will be transferred to the EMP monitoring program.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 5.0	D&C OPS	
IRC-EIS-01.15	vegetation clearing will be confined to the DGR Project site	Attach. 2 to OPG Letter dated Aug.9, 2012, 00216-CORR- 00531-00126 (CEAA Registry Doc# 683)	EIS-01-15a	D&C	
IRC-EIS-09.61 H-10-02	The mitigation measures best suited to protect individual snapping turtles using the marginal habitat units identified within the Project Area include the following measures:  • avoidance through timing of activities to allow turtles to move from wintering to spring and summer habitats (when feasible);  • installation and regular monitoring of exclusion fencing to prevent turtles from overwintering in poorly drained areas that will be cleared during the site preparation activities; and  • close consultation with the local Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR) to develop mitigation plans, including strategies for relocating species to optimal habitats located within the Site Study Area and Local Study Area.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-477	D&C	

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
IRC-EIS-09.62	OPG will continue consultation with the MNR to develop plans that are appropriate to the specific requirements of snapping turtle as they relate to the habitat in the DGR Project Area. The plans will be developed and applied prior to the commencement of any construction activities.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-477	D&C	
IRC-EIS-10.22	Close consultation with the local MNR SAR biologist will take place at the onset of the survey program to ensure that field biologists are following the most current generally accepted protocol suitable for both the site and project.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-498	D&C	
	9.2) Habitat Reclamation				
IRC-EIS-08.17	Re-vegetation will be completed for the rock pile as described in OPG's response to Information Request (IR) EIS-05-171 (OPG 2012a) and for the drainage ditches as described in OPG's response to IR-EIS-05-192 (OPG 2012b). Re-growth will be monitored as described in EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Tables 3 and 6). Drainage ditches will undergo routine inspection and maintenance as described in OPG's response to IR-EIS-04-130 (OPG 2012c) and IR-EIS-05-192 (OPG 2012b). Trees will be planted on the berms, and architectural trees will be planted near the amenities buildings. Once site preparation and construction is completed, all unpaved surfaces will be re-vegetated with native, non-invasive species.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-353	D&C	
IRC-EIS-09.39	The site will be graded to direct all precipitation collected on the site to the ditch system and to the stormwater management pond. The project will minimize the disturbance to the natural vegetation on the site in the areas not identified for buildings, access, equipment/materials storage and waste rock storage. Additional effort will be placed on the revegetation of berms, embankments and areas that will not be used for laydown of equipment. Post construction, laydown areas will be cleared, cleaned and revegetated.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-471	D&C	

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	9.3) Species at Risk			
EAFMP-057	Should a rare or endangered species or its critical habitat be encountered during site preparation and construction, appropriate measures will be implemented to avoid destruction, injury or interference with the species, its residence and/or its habitat (e.g., through siting, timing or design changes). If the foregoing cannot be avoided, work will cease and the local Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources (OMNR) office will be contacted for advice regarding mitigation measures.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.3 and 13.4	D&C
IRC-EIS-10.21	Species-specific mitigation measures will be developed on an as-needed basis with input from MNR Species at Risk biologists. Mitigation measures are likely to be focused around avoidance of the species during important life cycle periods.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-498	D&C
H-10-01 H-24-14	OPG will maintain an awareness of newly listed at-risk species that may potentially use the site, and include them in management programs.	Volume 10 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1618) p.16	September 26, 2013	D&C OPS DEC
	9.4) Clearing and Top Soil Management			
EA-033	Where required, trees will be felled, skidded and piled in the cut area, and if salvageable, chipped and reused for landscaping on the DGR Project site or elsewhere on the Bruce nuclear site.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.1.1, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, 2 <sup>nd</sup> sent	D&C
EA-034	Roots, stumps, embedded logs and debris will be removed by grubbing and disposed of according to existing management practices.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.1.1	D&C
EA-035	Top soil will be protected and kept in segregated piles until it is reused for finished grading.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.1.1, 1 <sup>st</sup> para 2 <sup>nd</sup> last sent	D&C
UT-02-07	However, vegetation within the DGR Project site will be cleared during the site preparation and construction phase.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00154 (CEAA Registry Doc# 842)	MTIS 2	D&C
	9.5) Follow-up and Monitoring			
EAFMP-023	soil sampling will be undertaken prior to the site preparation and construction phase in order to establish a baseline with which future soil investigation results can be compared.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 4.0	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-165 EA-261 EAFMP-024 IRC-EIS-08.18 H-10-03 H-17-14	One-time monitoring of the plant species communities and wildlife habitat use will be conducted after construction of the surface facilities in the mixed forest adjacent to the areas which have been cleared during the site preparation and construction phase (NWMO 2011, Table 3a). Presence of suitable habitat will be used as a measure of success.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-353	D&C
	10) HUMAN HEALTH (INCLUDING RADIATION)			
	10.1) Worker Safety			
<b>EAFMP-040</b> LIC-045	During site preparation and construction (shaft sinking and excavation of emplacement rooms), and operations, air monitoring underground for radon will ensure that worker exposure to radon is limited.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 8.1	D&C OPS
EA-246	The ventilation exhaust shaft is not a normally occupied area, and would have appropriate access controls to limit exposure.	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Appendix D - D1.Estimated Worker Inhalation Dose	D&C OPS
LIC-135	Workers are not permitted to enter an empty, unventilated emplacement room.	Radon Assessment, NWMO DGR- TR-2011-34 R000	Sec. 4.3.2 Sec. 5.0	D&C OPS
H-06-01	However, the monitoring program clearly indicates that we'll monitor for radon immediately when we get down in the construction. That will verify that the rock is not a big source of radon. And then, secondly, during operation, we would periodically again, just make sure that we're well within the radon criteria.	Volume 6 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1593) p.31	September 21, 2013	D&C OPS
H-17-23	underground air quality monitoring will confirm that radon levels in the underground are low.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.19	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.20	Specification of the shielding is part of the detailed design, and is not presently complete. The ALARA results will be provided with the Final ALARA Assessment report that will be prepared as part of the supporting documentation for the DGR Operating Licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-08	D&C
LIC-140 LIC-149	Since this is a preliminary design-phase assessment, [the ALARA assessment] results are conservative and will be revised when a more detailed design becomes available.	Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Sec. 1.2	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
	10.2) Follow-up and Monitoring				
<b>EA-242</b> EAFMP-041	An external radiation monitoring program will be carried out during the site preparation and construction phase operations phase, and decommissioning phase respectively. The monitoring program during the site preparation and construction phase is to ensure that the exposure of DGR construction workers (non-NEWs) attributable to operations at the WWMF, which is in the vicinity of the DGR site, is properly managed.	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Sec. 13.1 See also Table 13.1-1 and Sec. ES 5	D&C OPS	
EAFMP-039 H-17-24 LIC-035	The comprehensive radiological monitoring program will be implemented as described in the PSR.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Se. 8.0	D&C OPS	
EA-022	Emplacement room exhaust regulators will be equipped with combustible gas monitors to monitor a range of gases (e.g., methane and hydrogen).	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.1, 7 <sup>th</sup> para	D&C	
IRC-EIS-10.01	During site preparation and construction, there will be no sources of incremental radioactive emissions from the DGR site. Monitoring during this time will provide baseline data. Monitoring will continue throughout the Operations Phase, including emissions monitoring of sump water from underground and emissions from the vent shaft. The results will be compared with the baseline data to identify any changes.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-478	D&C OPS	
H-18-09	THE CHAIRPERSON: [] would OPG include consideration of the Grey-Bruce Medical Officer of Health's report on community health status to supplement the baseline information?  MS. REPASO-SUBANG: [] Yes, we will.	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.171	October 7, 2013	D&C	
	11) AQUATIC - GROUNDWATER				
	11.1) Waste Rock Management and Leachate Control				
EA-040 <u>EA-210</u> H-03-02 H-03-04 H-13-02 H-13-13	Also, the shale pile will be covered with overburden excavated from the shafts or other clean fill from on-site projects, should the shale pile remain on-site for more than one year.	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Sec. 7.2.1.3	D&C	

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EAFMP-052 <u><b>H-03-03</b></u>	NRCan has made recommendations for geomechanical modelling and additional testing, which we plan to implement as part of our construction phase. If there is found that the leachate does exist and is of a concentration that we have to address, we can isolate the shale pile and implement mitigation, as required.	Volume 3 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1575) p.110	September 18, 2013	D&C
H-03-05	Most of the leachate that will be generated at the base of the waste rockpile in fact will be collected in the drains around that engineered environment.	Volume 3 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1575) p.112	September 18, 2013	D&C
<b>H-13-10</b> H-13-15	In terms of the other – the runoffs and the leachate, that will be done through our monitoring program or our waste rock – of our waste rock itself in terms of characterization of the waste rock so we would have a good indication of what's going into the ditch system.	Volume 13 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1646) p.59	October 1, 2013	D&C
H-13-11 H-13-12 H-24-39	With respect to [] the Guelph and the Salina A1 formations, those, although they may be stockpiled for a very short period of time, our expectation is – and to try and minimize on the handling of waste rock specifically in the shaft excavations, we expect that those rocks will be coming from the underground and deposited directly into their final resting place as part of the overall site grading plan.	Volume 13 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1646) p.69	October 1, 2013	D&C
H-23-23	the waste rock management area will be prepared in such a way that provides for a foundation in the in situ tills, to ensure that we don't have connectivity into the groundwater system. And as we've stated previously, if there is areas within that area that do not have the sufficient till lens that we anticipate there, that we would put in a synthetic or a secondary liner system in for the pile.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.207	October 28, 2013	D&C
	It's graded such that the water coming from the storm the waste rock management area is directed into the stormwater ditch system and then directed into the stormwater management pond.			
IRC-EIS-04.40	As the waste rock pile will develop slowly during the first year while the shafts are being excavated, a reasonable approach to confirm the geochemical properties and modelling predictions would be to monitor the waste shale rock as it is excavated, as well as the drainage chemistry from the WRMA. Should monitoring results indicate that the waste shale rock pile is behaving differently than suggested by the laboratory data, adjustments can be made such as removing the shale from the site, covering the shale pile earlier or changing runoff collection routing, to ensure proper mitigation and treatment.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-159	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-04.42	Waste rock testing will include elemental composition (by aqua regia digestion and XRF), acid-base accounting, and short-term leach testing (modified from ASTM D3987 for a 4:1 water to rock ratio).	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-160	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.43	Waste rock monitoring will be concurrent with surface water quality monitoring and each will complement and inform the other. Surface water samples will be submitted for laboratory analysis for metals, anions and salinity, among others, and will provide additional assurance that the waste rock and its leachate have been accurately characterized. These data will also provide information that can be used to design additional mitigation measures if required.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-160	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.45	Because of the variability of site conditions (waste rock characteristics and seasonal variations in precipitation and runoff events), the timing and frequency of the sampling will be determined in the field to best observe and understand the characteristics of the WRMA runoff.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-160	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.46	The waste rock will be segregated at surface into three areas based on the type of rock (dolostones, shales, limestone). The shale and dolostones resulting from the shaft excavations will either be reused onsite or covered within one year of excavation, therefore further segregation is not proposed. Additionally, the rock reused in berms will be covered, providing further means to manage and redirect runoff.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-160	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.47	Monitoring results characterizing the initial waste rock at the repository horizon will be available before the majority of rock from this horizon is brought to surface. These rock characteristics will be used to confirm whether proposed surface water management strategies are appropriate.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-160	D&C
IRC-EIS-08.45	The rock will be monitored throughout the construction phase as discussed in OPG's response to Information Request (IR) EIS-04-160 (OPG 2012) and the quality of water that comes into contact with the rock in the WRMA will be monitored in the construction phase and in the first few years of the operations phase (OPG 2012, NWMO 2011).	OPG Letter dated Feb.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00170 (CEAA Registry Doc# 902)	EIS-08-394	D&C OPS
UT-H5-01	To better understand the behaviour of hydrocarbons that could be present in the permanent limestone waste rock, a characterization program will be performed as the waste rock is excavated from repository. This will be incorporated into the waste rock management monitoring already described in IR# EIS-04-160 (OPG 2012) and complemented by the surface water and sediment monitoring program.	OPG Response dated Oct.10, 2013 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1701)	U-049	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	11.2) Shallow Groundwater Management and Testing			
EA-207	Follow-up monitoring of shallow subsurface groundwater flow is dependent on the results of the shaft pilot programs, which are to be established prior to excavation and construction.	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	ES.5	Comple te
EAFMP-015	The shallow groundwater monitoring well network of eight wells will be installed and baseline monitoring will be conducted to align with the current groundwater quality monitoring program in some of the US and DGR-series wells.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 3.1	D&C OPS
EAFMP-019	EA follow-up monitoring will also include hydraulic head monitoring in some of the existing US and DGR-series wells and the new shallow groundwater wells during site preparation and construction. The monitoring program will begin prior to the site preparation and construction phase to establish a baseline and seasonal variability. [] the program will be re-evaluated at the end of the site preparation and construction phase. The program, if continued, will be continued as part of the EMP monitoring program and will be re-evaluated every 5 years.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 3.2	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.16	Values for COPCs will be assessed against baseline levels and Table 3 of Soil, Ground Water and Sediment Standards for Use Under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act (MOE 2011) for a non-potable groundwater condition. In support of the Data Quality Objective process, Method Detection Limits (MDLs) are being reviewed to ensure they are adequately low compared to current levels of COPCs or regulatory criteria where they exist, to ensure the monitoring program can detect any significant changes from baseline conditions.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-173	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-EIS-07.23	Verification of assessment results will be achieved through proposed routine groundwater and shaft discharge monitoring programs, as discussed in the DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Section 3). The shallow groundwater monitoring program in particular, described in the EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Table 3a, with additional detail provided in OPG's response to IR EIS-05-173 (OPG 2012b)), will be capable of identifying any changes to the local water table and shallow hydraulic gradients that may have an impact on base flow and recharge in the site study area. It is by these means that the accuracy of the predictions and effectiveness of the mitigation measures presented in the EIS will be verified.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-301	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-08.37	The shallow groundwater monitoring program commissioned in summer 2012 will provide baseline and future operational data sets to verify this assessment.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-386	Comple te
IRC-EIS-08.38	The routine quarterly shallow groundwater monitoring program implemented in summer 2012 for the DGR project area will provide baseline groundwater quality data with which to confirm this assessment during facility operation.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-386	Comple te
IRC-EIS-08.41 IRC-EIS-09.47	Shallow Groundwater Monitoring: Baseline and follow-up monitoring is planned on a quarterly basis to establish seasonal fluctuations and to confirm the assumptions used to predict that there will be no adverse effect on the shallow groundwater quality or flow attributable to shaft dewatering, the operation of the SWMP, and any infiltration through the WRMA. The shallow groundwater monitoring well network comprises upgradient and downgradient wells, and will serve as an early detection network of on-site or off-site contaminant migration on or through the DGR Project site.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-473	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.93	In 2011, an initial trial was conducted at the proposed location of ventilation shaft to determine the feasibility of a surface-based grouting to a depth of 200 m. The results of this trial were encouraging and demonstrated that surface-based grouting is likely feasible to depths of 200 m. The trial will be continued in 2012 for the purpose of confirming feasibility of surface-based grouting at the DGR project site.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-31	Comple te
H-24-12	Shallow groundwater quality monitoring began in 2011. This information will be used in the future to determine whether there's migration of contamination into or away from the DGR site.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.240	October 29, 2013	D&C
UT-01-01	Data from the shallow groundwater wells currently being installed will serve as an additional verification of the piezometric surface and will be used to refine the understanding of groundwater flow as required once installation is complete and surveyed elevations are available.	OPG Letter dated Aug.15, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00132 (CEAA Registry Doc# 692)	TIS 6	D&C
	11.3) Follow-up and Monitoring			
EA-208	This [groundwater system] indicator is measured by routine annual groundwater level monitoring of the current WWMF monitoring well network, and will continue to be measured through monitoring of this network and future monitoring locations that may be established as the DGR Project proceeds throughout all of its phases.	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Sec. 4.2.3 See also Sec. 13	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-209	Water level monitoring of engineering controls associated with the project, such as foundation drains, sumps, or drainage ditches, may be undertaken throughout the life of the project to evaluate potential changes in the local shallow groundwater flow regime.	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Sec. 4.2.3	D&C
EA-215	It is expected that follow-up monitoring of the groundwater flow VECs will include monitoring well nest instrumentation and a subsequent water level monitoring program.	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Sec. 13.1 (Overburden, Shallow Bedrock, Intermediate Bedrock and Deep Bedrock Solute Transport)	D&C
EA-216 EAFMP-021 IRC-EIS-07.14	Prior to the construction of underground facilities, it is expected that a test well(s) and pumping test program will be implemented to assess the Project Area aquifer(s) properties, estimate the expected Zone of Influence (ZOI), and prepare a dewatering plan for the construction of underground facilities. This testing program would also include implementation of a water level monitoring program before, during, and after the pumping test.	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Sec. 13.1 (Overburden, Shallow Bedrock, Intermediate Bedrock and Deep Bedrock Solute Transport)	D&C
	Anticipated ZOI benchmark to be established during the pumping test for Permit to Take Water Application (regulatory requirement – Ontario Water Resources Act)		See also Table 13.1-1	
EA-218	Monitor overburden groundwater transport to confirm EA predictions of no measurable change in groundwater levels beyond the Site Study Area	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Table 13.1-1	D&C
EA-162 EA-217 <b>EA-219</b>	Monitor the following to confirm predictions of the Geosynthesis program:  Shallow bedrock groundwater quality  Shallow bedrock groundwater and solute transport  Intermediate bedrock quality  Intermediate bedrock solute transport  Deep bedrock water quality  Deep bedrock solute transport	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Table 13.1-1	D&C
EAFMP-013	EA follow-up monitoring will include hydraulic head and groundwater quality monitoring. If the monitoring results fall within the predictions of the EIS during the site preparation and construction phase, the groundwater monitoring will be transferred to the EMP monitoring program.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 3.0	D&C

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EAFMP-014	Dewatering volumes will also be recorded.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 3.0	D&C
EAFMP-016	The EA follow-up groundwater monitoring will be capable of detecting spatial and temporal changes in groundwater quality within the uppermost aquifer beneath the DGR surface structures.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 3.1	D&C
EAFMP-020	During the shaft pilot hole investigations and grouting feasibility study, the groundwater regime in the shafts area will be characterized using a variety of field test methods, and may include: hydraulic conductivity tests, slug tests, and pump tests. The results of this work will be used to calculate the amount of dewatering that will be required during shaft sinking.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 3.3	D&C
EA-243 <u>EAFMP-042</u> H-17-22	Radiological analysis will be carried out for samples collected from newly-built monitoring wells to monitor any changes to groundwater radionuclide concentrations in the DGR Project Area, namely tritium and gross beta levels. Wells will be sampled quarterly during site preparation and construction, and operations. This program will be consistent with the existing WWMF monitoring program.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 8.2	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-01.05	Once the hydrostatic shaft liners are installed and sealed (nominal depth 230 m below ground surface), the shafts will be hydraulically isolated and no longer influence the groundwater system. Verification of assessment results will be achieved through proposed routine groundwater and shaft discharge monitoring programs.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-01	D&C
LIC-020 IRC-EIS-01.06	Well monitoring includes monitoring of tritium and the results will be documented in an annual report. An additional 8 downgradient and 2 background shallow groundwater wells are being installed in 2012 and will become part of the monitoring network to provide baseline information and continue to be monitored through construction. Water samples will be taken from the shafts during construction to verify that the tritium concentrations are not of concern. Periodic monitoring of shaft construction water inflow and outflow will be conducted during the initial phases of shaft construction. Routine monitoring frequency will be established following an assessment of initial monitoring results.	OPG Letter dated Jul. 10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	EIS-01-01a	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.15	Analysis for pH, conductivity, temperature and major ions will provide basic information on groundwater quality and will allow for a charge balance to be completed as a quality assurance measure.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-173	D&C OPS DEC

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase		
	Trace elemental analysis will allow for the early detection of elements which may indicate groundwater contamination from activities at the surface facilities.  Tritium and gross beta will be analyzed to detect radionuclides which may indicate migration from surface facilities and/or the existing Western Waste Management Facility (WWMF). These analytes are the same as those included in the existing radiological monitoring program at the WWMF.  Petroleum hydrocarbons are included in order to detect any influence from vehicular sources and other common industrial sources at the surface facilities.  Quarterly sampling will allow seasonal trends to be identified.				
IRC-EIS-08.36	The DGR monitoring well network was installed in the summer of 2012. Routine monitoring activities, which will include hydraulic head and groundwater quality sampling, will be conducted on a quarterly basis.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, EIS-08- 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	383 D&C		
IRC-EIS-08.43	Verification of assessment results will be achieved through proposed routine groundwater and shaft discharge monitoring programs, as discussed in OPG's supplementary response to IR-EIS-01-01 (OPG 2012b).	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, EIS-08- 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	391 D&C OPS		
IRC-EIS-09.42 H-08-11	During shaft sinking, the Salina A1 and Guelph formations will be treated by cover grouting. Water discharged from the grouted Salina A1 and Guelph formations will be monitored during shaft sinking. If the actual quantity and quality of saline water discharging from these formations is predicted to cause elevated salinity in the SWMP discharge water, then additional grouting of these two formations will be performed to further reduce flow before a water quality issue is created.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, EIS-09- 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	-472 D&C		

	TA	BLE B: R	EGULATORY CC	MMITMENTS AP	PLICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment De	escription			Reference		DGR Phase
EAFMP-012 EAFMP-018 IRC-EIS-09.18 IRC-EIS-10.10 H-24-09	and will continue (see also OPG's 2012c] and NWM monitoring progra programs will be follow-up monitor once during each	n addition, baseline shallow groundwater monitoring will be conducted and will continue throughout the site preparation and construction phase (see also OPG's responses to Irs EIS-05-172 and EIS-05-173 [OPG 2012c] and NWMO 2011). As the detailed project design is finalized, the monitoring program will be updated accordingly. The follow-up monitoring programs will be assessed annually for effectiveness. At a minimum, the follow-up monitoring program will be evaluated once every five years, or once during each project phase, to ensure the program remains effective and relevant (NWMO 2011, Section 16).			OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-413	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.74	Preparation and	Construction	Water Radiation Mon on p Monitoring Progra	-	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-23	D&C OPS
	Reference	Nuclides	Type/Monitoring	Location			
	C-LIC-RAD5 Water	H-3 Gross beta /gamma	1 sample/week, averaged monthly, beginning 1 yr prior to operations.     Off-site analysis.	Sampled from surface stormceptor at underground sump discharge (for establishing baseline)			
	C-LIC-RAD5 Water	C-14	1 sample/quarter beginning 1 yr prior to operations.     Off-site analysis.	Sampled from surface stormceptor at underground sump discharge (for establishing baseline)			
H-17-12	surface drainage be determined ba be in place. Waste water cha the quality of run Three monitoring	system. A seased on final racteristics woff from the points will be nants of conditions.		tion, at a location to ater system, will also ovide an indication of an early indication of	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.15	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-17-13	OPG plans to monitor groundwater quality and flow to verify the prediction that there are no adverse effects on groundwater as a result of the waste rock management area, the stormwater management pond or the shaft excavation and dewatering.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.16	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
	12) AQUATIC - SURFACE WATER, HABITAT AND AQUATIC BIOTA			
	12.1) Surface Water Management			
EA-015 IRC-LPSC-01.32	Culverts will be used to provide for water flow in the two existing ditches (i.e., the North and South Railway Ditches).	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.1.4, 3 <sup>rd</sup> sent.	D&C
EA-036	The [stormwater management] trapezoidal ditches will be vegetated to reduce erosion.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.1.3, 1 <sup>st</sup> para	D&C
<b>EA-037</b> EA-220 H-13-09	If necessary, improvements will be made to the existing drainage network downstream of the stormwater management pond discharge location to ensure unobstructed flow of water to Lake Huron (via MacPherson Bay).	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.1.3, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para See also Sec.	D&C
	For the drainage ditch under Interconnecting Road, the channel capacity should be evaluated during detailed design to ensure that the ditch can properly convey the expected flows from the stormwater management pond.		7.3.2.1 (Additional Mitigation Measures), 1 <sup>st</sup> para	
EA-144	Potential surface flooding [of the DGR site] (from Stream C) will be mitigated with proper engineering design.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.14.2.3, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence	D&C
EA-185	The regular maintenance of the ditches (support and monitoring of the DGR life cycle) will include dredging to extract plant materials from the ditches to permit efficient flow. This activity will occur within ditches constructed as part of the DGR Project stormwater management system only.	Aquatic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-01 R000	Sec. 7.2.1	D&C OPS
EA-187	The rail bed crossing will minimize effects on the South Railway Ditch through incorporation of appropriate design features (e.g., embedded culvert for fish passage), specific mitigation measures (e.g., management of surface water runoff) and best management practices (e.g. erosion and sediment control) both during and after construction.	Aquatic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-01 R000	Sec. 8.2.2	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase		
EA-115 EA-262 IRC-EIS-01.11 IRC-EIS-07.10 IRC-EIS-07.11 IRC-EIS-07.12 IRC-EIS-07.15 IRC-EIS-07.20 IRC-EIS-07.21 IRC-EIS-07.21 IRC-EIS-07.24 IRC-EIS-07.26 IRC-EIS-12.16	Furthermore, a diversion of site surface water runoff from the Stream C catchment will be implemented to avoid the discharge of any stormwater from the DGR Project site into the more sensitive coldwater habitat of the Stream C watershed and to ensure the treatment of all the drainage from the DGR Project in a stormwater management pond, prior to discharge to ditches that lead to MacPherson Bay. No releases from the site will be directed to the Stream C watershed.	Attach. 2 to OPG Letter dated Aug.9, 2012, 00216-CORR- 00531-00126 (CEAA Registry Doc# 683)	IS-01-15a D&C		
IRC-EIS-05.33 IRC-EIS-12.04	Drainage ditches will undergo routine inspection and maintenance as described in OPG's response to Information Request EIS-04-130 (OPG 2012). In the event of sediment buildup in the ditches the sediment will be excavated from the ditch and disposed of as per established waste handling practices.  The inspection and maintenance program for the drainage ditches will consist of the following:  Regular inspections of the stormwater management system. NWMO (2011) proposes weekly inspection during site preparation and construction, and monthly inspection during operations. The system will also be inspected after significant runoff events. Inspections will be conducted to:  check for trash, debris and sediment buildup in the drainage network and pond;  monitor the erosion of channels, embankments and the pond shoreline;  check the level of the permanent pool in the pond;  check for unwanted vegetation growth and algal blooms in the drainage ditches and pond;  check for a sheen, frothiness and discoloration of the water in the pond; and  confirm the health of plantings around the pond shoreline.  Corrective maintenance will be carried out should any significant issues, with respect to the proper function of the drainage ditch	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	D&C OPS		

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase			
	system, be identified during regular inspections.  Regular maintenance of the drainage ditches and culvert crossings including:  removal of trash, debris and accumulated sediment;  control of unwanted vegetation growth;  replanting of grass lining in channels; and repairs to channels and culvert pipes and embankments.					
EA-115 EA-262 IRC-EIS-01.11 IRC-EIS-07.10 IRC-EIS-07.11 IRC-EIS-07.12 IRC-EIS-07.15 IRC-EIS-07.17 IRC-EIS-07.20 IRC-EIS-07.21 IRC-EIS-07.24 IRC-EIS-07.26 IRC-EIS-12.16	The DGR Project will not discharge to the North and South Railway Ditches, Stream C or Baie du Doré.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, EIS-07-292 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	D&C OPS			
EA-115 EA-262 IRC-EIS-01.11 IRC-EIS-07.10 IRC-EIS-07.11 IRC-EIS-07.12 IRC-EIS-07.15 IRC-EIS-07.20 IRC-EIS-07.21 IRC-EIS-07.21 IRC-EIS-07.24 IRC-EIS-07.26 IRC-EIS-12.16	As there will be no surface water discharges from the project to Stream C, and only a slight decrease (0.8%) in runoff, changes in surface water should have no measurable effect in temperature.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, EIS-07-298 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	D&C OPS			
IRC-EIS-07.08	However, the preliminary design work indicated that the stormwater management system required a higher ground elevation at the DGR surface facilities to facilitate site drainage. The interim finished ground surface elevation around the surface facilities has been increased to 188 mASL. This will be finalized as part of detailed design.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, EIS-07-284 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	D&C			

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase		
EA-039 EA-267 IRC-EIS-05.32 IRC-EIS-08.13 IRC-EIS-08.16 IRC-EIS-09.36	During construction, the majority of roads and laydown areas will be gravel and graded to discharge surface run-off to the stormwater management system. Silt curtains, berming and vegetation will be used to minimize the amount of suspended solids entering the stormwater ditches and pond.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-352	D&C		
EA-039 EA-267 IRC-EIS-05.32 IRC-EIS-08.13 IRC-EIS-09.36	In addition, generally accepted Best Management Practices during construction will be used to minimize the transfer of soils from the DGR Project site to natural features within the Project Area and Site Study Area, including the installation and monitoring of a silt management fence. Regular scheduled monitoring (weekly inspection during construction of rail bed crossing) of the both the silt management fence and temporary construction fencing is planned to prevent fence failure through the identification of damage and direct repairs or replacement.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-353	D&C		
IRC-EIS-09.44	The final detailed project design will ensure that runoff from the DGR Project site and the Waste Rock Management Area (WRMA) is managed by the stormwater management pond (SWMP) and will not measurably affect inflows (runoff) to the wetland in the northeast portion of the Project Area.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-473	D&C		
IRC-EIS-12.01 IRC-EIS-12.06	While the predicted increase in flow has the potential to exceed the existing design capacity of the ditch, the flow capacity will be assessed and the ditch re-sized during the final design process, if necessary, to ensure that increases in flow will not cause flooding and/or erosion.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Table A-1, p.ii) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	D&C		
IRC-EIS-12.02	There will be no changes in flow in the South Railway Ditch from the DGR Project.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Sec. 2.3, p.5) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	D&C OPS		
IRC-EIS-12.18	During construction, a temporary settling pond will be used to settle out any excess solids in water pumped from underground before discharge into the ditch system leading to the SWMP.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Sec. 10, p.59) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	D&C		
IRC-LPSC-01.33 IRC-LPSC-01.36	Dewatering flows and stormwater runoff from the project site will be collected in ditches around the perimeter of the site and surface facilities and discharged into the pond's sediment forebay. The forebay inlet will be appropriately graded and lined with riprap for erosion protection. The pond outlet structure will be built into an embankment at the dischargeend of the pond and will consist of an overflow weir and a discharge pipe.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-13	D&C		

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
	The overflow weir, together with the available active storage in the pond, will control pond discharges during rainfall events with return periods of 2 to 100 years. The discharge pipe will control low flow discharges from the pond and ensure a minimum retention time for the settling out of suspended solids. In the event that Certificate of Approval criteria are exceeded in the discharge (e.g. increased total suspended solids – TSS), the valve on the discharge pipe can be closed discontinuing discharge. The pond outlet structure will be appropriately graded and lined with riprap for erosion protection.				
LIC-137	Stormwater runoff from the 'built' area of the DGR and the Waste Rock Management Area (WRMA) will be collected in a network of vegetated, trapezoidal drainage ditches with widths in the 9 m to 17 m range. Drawing H333000-WP404-10-042-0001 (waste rock management areasite grading and drainage) is used as a reference.  The commitment to vegetate the drainage ditches constructed around the WRMA is also made in Chapter 6 of the Preliminary Safety Report (Section 6.2.3.2). Drawing H333000-WP404-10-042-0001 is provided in PSR.	Maximum Flood Hazard Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-35 R000	Sec. 3.2	D&C	
UT-02-04	During the site preparation and construction phase, there will be no activity that would disturb Stream C sediments and few activities that would disturb sediments in the existing ditches.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00154 (CEAA Registry Doc# 842)	MTIS 1	D&C	
UT-H2-01	The surface facilities are surrounded by a stormwater ditch, so in the event of a discharge pipe failure, the discharge will be collected in the ditch system and gravity drained to the stormwater management pond. Over-topping of the stormwater ditches will not occur as the ditches are sized to accommodate significantly larger flows associated with storm events than will be pumped from the repository.	OPG Response dated Sep.25, 2013 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1615)	U-026	D&C	
	12.2) Stormwater Management Pond				
EA-114 EA-221 IRC-EIS-04.16	The gate [SWMP] will be closed if water samples from the pond show concentrations above certificate of approval discharge criteria.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.3.2.2, Indesign mitigation	D&C OPS	
EA-230	A spill to one of the on-site ditches would be collected, and directed via the stormwater management ditches to the stormwater management pond where it can be held until it is determined that it is suitable for discharge.	Malfunctions, Accidents, and Malevolent Acts TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-07 R000	Sec. 5.4.1.1	D&C OPS	

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
EAFMP-009	The stormwater management pond (SWMP) discharge volume will be measured weekly, averaged monthly and recorded as part of the conventional regulatory monitoring program. The flow rates will be recorded and compared with the predicted increase in flow in the drainage ditch at Interconnecting Road calculated in the Hydrology and Surface Water Quality TSD.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 2.3	D&C OPS	
EAFMP-051	In the event that a noticeable oil sheen, foam or deleterious substance is noted, the discharge will be closed until the substances can be skimmed off the surface [of the SWMP].	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.1	D&C OPS	
EAFMP-053	The retention pond will be designed so that it is never dry and will have body of water that is permanently stored in the pond. It will be designed to retain runoff from 6-hour, 25-mm rainfall event on a 23 Ha area for a period of 24 hours.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.1	D&C	
EAFMP-054	The run-off will be controlled by directing flow through a discharge pipe equipped with a valve that could be closed, as required, to stop flow.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.2	D&C	
EAFMP-055	There will also be a weir at the discharge end of pond with crest set at a higher elevation than the discharge pipe.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.2	D&C	
IRC-EIS-03.06 IRC-EIS-10.09	The pond invert elevation will be set at 177 to 179 mASL (invert elevation will be confirmed with the detailed site grading plan), and thus there would be a minimum of 7 m of glacial till separating the base of the pond and and the underlying bedrock aquifer.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	EIS-03-57	D&C	
IRC-EIS-04.12	Several options, largely related to source reduction or elimination, will be explored to ensure the concentrations of salinity and nitrogen compounds are below acceptable levels in the SWMP discharge.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	D&C	
IRC-EIS-04.15	Treatment for suspended solids concentrations will be achieved by the provision of retention and a permanent pool in the SWMP.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	D&C OPS	
IRC-EIS-04.18	This weekly inspection will also occur in the aforementioned temporary settling pond during construction. If the results of this weekly inspection show there is excessive amounts of oil and grease being routinely released into the water, then steps will be taken to eliminate the source of this oil and grease. If the source of oil and grease cannot be eliminated then treatment with the temporary water treatment plant will be	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	D&C	

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
	implemented. The frequency of this monitoring could be increased if oil and grease is shown to be an ongoing concern. In the event that the Total Suspended Solids (TSS) concentration in the discharge water from the SWMP is found above acceptable levels and the elevated TSS is due to excessive solids in water being pumped from underground, then the temporary water treatment plant will be put into use.				
EA-112 H-14-02 H-24-36 IRC-EIS-04.09 IRC-EIS-05.07 IRC-EIS-05.34 IRC-EIS-07.13 IRC-EIS-08.39 IRC-EIS-12.17 IRC-EIS-12.15	<ul> <li>Key design features to control contaminant concentrations in the stormwater discharge include:</li> <li>all surface water (including the shaft sump discharge) from the site will drain to the SWMP via a perimeter ditch system for a single point of discharge from the site;</li> <li>vegetated perimeter ditches for the DGR site to control sediment loading;</li> <li>SWMP design will control sediment and suspended solids;</li> <li>an oil/water separator (e.g., stormceptor) will control hydrocarbon releases, Total Suspended Solids (TSS), and metals associated with TSS;</li> <li>shaft liner design will minimize the amount of groundwater seepage into the shaft, thus minimizing sump discharge; and</li> <li>SWMP discharge is conveyed through approximately 1 km of vegetated drainage ditch prior to discharge to MacPherson Bay.</li> </ul>	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-172	D&C OPS DEC	
IRC-EIS-07.22	The discharge from the SWMP is expected to meet the criteria that will be set as part of the permitting process and to prevent adverse effects to the surface water quality of MacPherson Bay. This prediction will be verified by the surface water quality sampling program (including temperature) described in the DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Tables 3a and 6). Since the SWMP is the only pathway for effects on surface water from the DGR Project to MacPherson Bay, this program will meet the requirement to verify the accuracy of the environmental assessment and to determine the effectiveness of the mitigation measures, as outlined in the EIS Guidelines.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-301	D&C OPS	
IRC-EIS-08.44	The quality of the water that comes in contact with the waste rock (both seepage water and runoff) will be monitored to determine concentrations of Contaminants of Potential Concern (COPC) that would drain to the Stormwater Management Pond (SWMP).	OPG Letter dated Feb.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00170 (CEAA Registry Doc# 902)	EIS-08-394	D&C OPS	

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-04.13 IRC-EIS-05.25 IRC-EIS-09.41	Going forward, these potential water quality issues will be addressed through source reduction or elimination. Specifically to manage nitrogen compounds in SWMP discharge, use of emulsion explosives will be maximized and best-blasting practices will be implemented so as to minimize the amount of blast residue on the waste rock. To manage salinity, the Salina A1 and Guelph formations will be grouted to reduce or eliminate saline groundwater inflow from these formations into the two shafts and ultimately to the SWMP (see OPG's response to Information Request EIS-04-130 (OPG 2012)).	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-472	D&C
IRC-EIS-10.08	the detailed stormwater management pond (SWMP) design will be finalized to ensure that there will be no measurable loss of wetland habitat.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-491	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.34	The pond will have a maximum storage volume of about 10,000 m³ which is the air volume between the permanent pool of water at base of pond and the crest of the weir. During the 6-hour, 25-mm storm event, rainfall run-off and construction water will flow into the pond. The rate of water inflow due to these two sources of water will exceed the discharge capacity of the discharge pipe. Thus most of water inflow during the storm event will be contained in the storage volume until discharged through the discharge pipe.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-12	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.35	The pond side walls will be lined, as required, to limit lateral seepage into any surrounding permeable overburden that overlies the till.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-13	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.89	Preliminary assessment of the expected waste rock management pile effluent characteristics indicates that there will not be elevated concentrations of nitrogen, ammonia or saline groundwater. Further confirmation of these findings will require the incorporation of the contractor's approach (e.g., type of explosives used) for the shaft sinking and lateral development activities.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-27	D&C
UT-H3-01	The preliminary grading represented in the TIS #1 undertaking response was completed to incorporate information collected as part of the 2011 geotechnical investigations, assess impacts of collar height on the stormwater ditch grades and cut-and-fill balances, prepare preliminary site services layouts (e.g. storm and sanitary sewer, fire and service water, electrical) in the shaft and facilities area, and assess perimeter ditch and stormwater management pond inlet elevations to verify gravity flow conditions. Preliminary cut-and-fill estimates were developed to	OPG Response dated Sep.26, 2013 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1624)	U-035	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	better understand the phasing of site grading, estimate engineered fill requirements, and included the incorporation of material excavated as part of the shaft excavations. This information will need to be further refined as key features, such as the stormwater management pond (SWMP) and waste rock management areas (WRMA) are finalized through detailed design.			
H-14-02 H-24-36 IRC-EIS-04.09 IRC-EIS-05.09 IRC-EIS-12.17	OPG will be reviewing the design basis of the stormwater management pond, recognizing the likelihood of large storm events and potential consequences and will submit the results of this review to the CNSC and will increase the size of the stormwater management pond, if appropriate, as part of finalizing the DGR design.	Volume 14 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1653) p.10	October 2, 2013	D&C
H-24-17	OPG will monitor several inputs to the stormwater management pond separately, for example, waste rock runoff, to provide early warning or potential increase to contaminant levels in the pond and provide the opportunity to implement adaptive management measures to avoid adverse effects.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.248	October 29, 2013	D&C OPS
	12.3) Water Treatment			
EA-016	Water treatment will be employed in the drainage system upstream of the stormwater management pond for the duration of the site preparation and construction phase, and possibly the first two years of operations depending on monitoring results.  In the unlikely event that monitoring detects concentrations exceeding established limits, it is possible to close the gate at the discharge location,	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.1.5, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para	D&C OPS
	thereby containing the contaminated water. Appropriate actions would then be taken to treat the water so that it could be safely discharged from the pond.			
EA-044 H-13-05 H-13-14 IRC-LPSC-01.31 IRC-LPSC-04.02	A temporary water treatment plant, provided by the selected contractor, will be located in the vicinity of the shafts to receive water pumped from underground in the event there are abnormally high concentrations of oil, grease and/or grit in the water. It, however, will not be used to treat water in the stormwater management pond in the unlikely event contaminant concentrations in the water exceed the discharge limits established through the permitting process for the DGR Project.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.5.4, 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> paras	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-13-07	This [pre-treatment of total suspended solids during construction, if needed] is one of the items that we will have as part of our contracting strategy going into the selection of the shaft sinking contractor and the lateral development contractor to have these contingency options identified.	Volume 13 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1646) p.42	October 1, 2013	D&C
H-13-08	And in the event that they do not have one [readily available system to pre-treat the total suspended solids], then the accommodations will be for a contingency option to have one sourced and available.	Volume 13 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1646) p.43	October 1, 2013	D&C
	12.4) Wetland Management and Monitoring			
EA-141	The eastern white cedar within the marsh is not expected to be affected by the project as the marsh areas of the site will be avoided.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.12.4.2, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para	D&C
EA-169 <u>EA-192</u> EAFMP-028 H-24-11	Monitor the on-site marsh for confirmation that excavation of underground facilities does not dewater marsh habitat utilized by burrowing crayfish; compare the groundwater levels with a water level gauge located in the marsh to determine if there is any effect on water levels.	Aquatic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-01 R000	Table 13.1-1	D&C
EA-194 H-10-04 IRC-EIS-12.14	The DGR Project will maintain a 30 m setback from the marsh area in the northeast portion of the Project Area. Therefore, it is not expected that a permit will be necessary for these project activities.	Aquatic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-01 R000	Sec. 13.2	D&C
EA-264	No wetland communities or open water will be removed during site preparation.	Terrestrial Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-05 R000	Sec. 7.3.1.5 (Habitat Utilization Opportunities)	D&C
EAFMP-029	Water levels will also be monitored for one year prior to site preparation and construction to establish a baseline, as well as post-dewatering until the marsh has been deemed to have fully recovered (should an impact be observed).	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 6.0	D&C
EAFMP-030	Groundwater levels will also be monitored in the shallow groundwater well closest to the marsh to determine water table fluctuations.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 6.0	D&C
EAFMP-059	If the surface water monitoring program and groundwater level monitoring program, when compared to daily precipitation data, indicate that the wetland water levels may be dropping as a direct result of the shaft dewatering, mitigation measures will be implemented (e.g., a temporary water supply to the marsh).	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.4	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-01.12	The DGR Project will avoid disturbance of the marsh area, and no vegetation within the marsh area will be cleared.	Attach. 2 to OPG Letter dated Aug.9, 2012, 00216-CORR- 00531-00126 (CEAA Registry Doc# 683)	EIS-01-15a	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.02 IRC-EIS-09.60	Wetland 3 will be disturbed by site preparation and construction activities; however, appropriate environmental management plans will ensure that potential effects on sensitive turtles that might be utilizing the habitat at that time are controlled through generally accepted mitigation measures.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-04-168	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.08	Although the till underlying the DGR site is expected to prevent any shallow groundwater flow to the wetland, the shallow groundwater monitoring well network will also be capable of detecting changes resulting from site activities and changes to the water table near the marsh in the northeast portion of the Project Area (NWMO 2011, Section 3.1).	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-172	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.17 IRC-EIS-10.11	<ul> <li>Staff gauge water level monitoring at a location in the northeast wetland is to be conducted as follows:</li> <li>Baseline: Monthly monitoring for a period of one year prior to site preparation and construction.</li> <li>Follow-up: Weekly during the site preparation and construction phase. The program will be discontinued if there is not an observed effect at the end of the construction phase.</li> </ul>	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-413	D&C
EA-194 <u><b>H-10-04</b></u> IRC-EIS-12.14	The DGR project has been designed such that it will avoid Wetland #4. So there will be a buffer area of at least 30 metres between any of the project facilities activities and the wetland.	Volume 10 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1618) p.26	September 26, 2013	D&C
H-17-11	Although no effects on the northeast marsh were predicted, water levels in the march will be monitored prior to site preparation and construction to establish baseline, and after the shaft liner has been installed monitoring will continue to verify that there are no effects. If an impact is observed, mitigation will be considered and monitoring will continue until the marsh has been deemed to have satisfactorily recovered.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.14	October 5, 2013	D&C
H-24-38	prior to operations, we are planning to do some radionuclide water quality monitoring in the [] marsh. But in the short term, we did not include water quality monitoring because there were no effects predicted.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.299	October 29, 2013	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase	
	12.5) Habitat Preservation			
EA-118	Effects on the South Railway Ditch VECs that may result from the construction of the rail bed crossing will be minimized by incorporating appropriate design features (e.g., embedded culvert for fish passage), specific mitigation measures (e.g., management of surface water runoff) and best management practices (e.g. erosion and sediment control) both during and after construction.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.2.1 (Indesign mitigation), 1 <sup>st</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence	D&C
EA-120 EA-188	<ul> <li>The application of standard measures to protect fish and fish habitat in the South Railway Ditch during the construction of the crossing is recommended. These mitigation measures include:</li> <li>Install effective sediment and erosion control measures before starting work to prevent silt/sediment laden runoff from directly entering the water in the South Railway Ditch. Inspect them regularly during the course of construction and make necessary repairs if damage occurs.</li> <li>Operate machinery on land and in a manner that minimizes disturbance to the banks of the South Railway Ditch. Machinery is to arrive on-site in a clean condition and is to be maintained free of fluid leaks. Wash, refuel and service machinery and store fuel and other materials for the machinery away from the water to prevent any deleterious substance from entering the water. Keep an emergency spill kit on-site in case of fluid leaks or spills from machinery.</li> <li>Use measures to prevent deleterious substances such as new concrete (i.e., it is precast, cured and dried before use near the watercourse), grout, paint and preservatives from entering the watercourse.</li> <li>Vegetate any disturbed areas by planting and seeding preferably with native trees, shrubs or grasses and cover such areas with mulch to prevent erosion and to help seeds germinate. If there is insufficient time remaining in the growing season, the site should be stabilized (e.g., cover exposed areas with erosion control blankets to keep the soil in place and prevent erosion) and vegetated the following spring.</li> <li>Isolate and dewater the section of the South Railway Ditch wherein the culvert will be placed. Prior to dewatering the work area, a fish salvage and relocation will be conducted so as to avoid harming any fish during construction.</li> </ul>	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.2.1 (Additional Mitigation Measures)	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE			
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-119 <u>EA-186</u> EAFMP-032	Timing of the construction of the abandoned rail bed crossing will take place according to the DFO Operational Statement-Timing Windows to ensure that critical life history stages such as spawning activities are protected by restricting the conduct of works or undertakings in and around water at certain times of the year. The South Railway Ditch contains a warm water fish community and generally, the warm water timing window begins July 1 and ends March 31. However, the Saugeen Valley Conservation Authority has made a specific recommendation for this particular construction work of an 'in-water' timing window of July 1 to September 30.	Aquatic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-01 R000	Sec. 8.2.2	D&C
EA-203	Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) has established a set of guidelines for the use of explosives in or near Canadian fisheries waters. These guidelines set out that "No explosive may be used that produces or is likely to produce, a peak particle velocity greater than 13 mm/s in a spawning bed during egg incubation". Under conditions where these guidelines could not be met the proponent would be required to prepare a mitigative plan outlining additional procedures for protecting fish and their habitat.	Atmospheric Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-02 R000	Sec. I4 (Appendix I)	D&C
EA-263	The site preparation activities will avoid key habitat areas for herpetofauna.	Terrestrial Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-05 R000	Sec. 7.3.1.4 (Habitat Utilization Opportunities)	D&C
EAFMP-058	Prior to dewatering the work area, any fish identified in the isolated area will be salvaged and relocated so as to avoid any fish or other aquatic life (frogs, turtles) during construction.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.4	D&C
EAFMP-061	If the monitoring program detects exceedances of this peak particle velocity and spawning is observed, a mitigation plan will be prepared outlining additional procedures for protecting fish and their habitat, as described in the guidelines.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.5	D&C
	12.6) Follow-up and Monitoring			
EA-161	Confirm EA predictions of no measurable change in groundwater levels beyond the Site Study Area.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 12.2-1, Overburden Groundwater Transport	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase		
EAFMP-005 H-24-10 IRC-EIS-07.25	a surface water follow-up monitoring program will include a surface water sampling program, flow rate measurements and a visual inspection program.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Sec. 2.0, last Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-10 R000	ot para D&C OPS		
EAFMP-006 IRC-EIS-10.13	<ul> <li>Surface water samples will be collected from three locations:</li> <li>The discharge point of the stormwater management pond during site preparation and construction, and operations;</li> <li>The discharge point of the shaft sump water during site preparation and construction, and operations (at the stormceptor); and</li> <li>The perimeter drainage ditch near the WRMA, at a location to be determined.</li> </ul>	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Sec. 2.1 Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	D&C OPS		
EAFMP-010 H-24-09	Baseline flow rate values will be recorded for one year prior to the site preparation and construction phase. The monitoring will be concluded after three years of monitoring. The SWMP discharge flow rates will continue to be monitored only if required under the regulatory monitoring program.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Sec. 2.3 Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	D&C		
EAFMP-011 IRC-EIS-07.16 IRC-EIS-09.46	quarterly (seasonal) flow monitoring of the North Railway Ditch will be conducted at the south eastern Project Area boundary Flow will also be measured during or immediately following two major storm events each year to confirm that the effect of reduced flow in the North Railway Ditch is not significant. Flow data will be collected for one year prior to the start of site preparation and construction and for a minimum of three years after the start of site preparation and construction.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Sec. 2.3 Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	D&C		
EA-166 EA-168 EA-184 EA-189 EA-191 <u>EAFMP-027</u> H-17-15	The aquatic species EA Follow-up monitoring program will include visual inspections, surface water level monitoring, and groundwater well monitoring []. Visual inspections will be conducted to:  • Verify re-growth of riparian vegetation in disturbed areas (ditches);  • Identify bank stability deficiencies;  • Verify the presence of crayfish chimneys in the Project Area; and  • Monitor the marsh for confirmation that excavation does not dewater and affect marsh habitat.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Sec. 6.0 Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	D&C		
EAFMP-031	During construction of the rail bed crossing, weekly visual inspections will be conducted as part of the EMP monitoring program to confirm that best management practices are undertaken and that regular maintenance of the ditches is completed.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Sec. 6.0 Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	D&C		

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EAFMP-043	Water samples collected from surface water will be analyzed to determine radionuclide concentrations in surface water during the site preparation and construction phase and the operations phase. Samples will be collected monthly from the SWMP and from the marsh during site preparation and construction to monitor the potential effect resulting from the operations at the WWMF and other nuclear facilities in the Local Study Area and to establish a baseline for the operations phase. Samples will be analyzed for tritium and gross beta. During operations, samples will be collected and analyzed monthly for tritium and gross beta. The operations phase sampling can be coordinated with the existing monitoring program at the WWMF.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 8.3	D&C OPS
EAFMP-044	Samples from the sump discharge will be collected weekly and averaged monthly for tritium and gross beta beginning one year prior to operations (to establish a baseline).	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 8.3	D&C OPS
EAFMP-045	A sample will also be collected from the sump discharge and from the SWMP quarterly and analyzed for C-14 beginning one year prior to operations, to establish a baseline for the operations phase. During operations, samples will be collected and analyzed annually.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 8.3	D&C OPS
EAFMP-007 EAFMP-008 <u>IRC-EIS-04.19</u> IRC-EIS-05.12	The maintenance program will encompass the drainage network and the SWMP on the DGR site and the drainage system downstream on Bruce Power lands. It will consist of the following:  Regular inspections of the stormwater management system. NWMO (2011) proposes weekly inspection during site preparation and construction, and monthly inspection during operations. The system will also be inspected after significant runoff events. Inspections will be conducted to:  check for trash, debris and sediment buildup in the drainage network and pond;  monitor the erosion of channels, embankments and the pond shoreline;  check the level of the permanent pool in the pond;  check for unwanted vegetation growth and algal blooms in the drainage ditches and pond;  check for a sheen, frothiness and discoloration of the water in the pond; and  confirm the health of plantings around the pond shoreline.  Corrective maintenance will be carried out should any significant	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	D&C OPS

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase
	issues, with respect to the proper function of the stormwater management system, be identified during regular inspections.		
	<ul> <li>Routine monitoring of the water quality, water level and sediment depth in the SWMP to ensure that the system is operating as designed.</li> <li>Regular maintenance of the sewerage system including: <ul> <li>cleaning of catch basins, sewers lines and manholes;</li> <li>inspection of sewer lines by visual or camera techniques; and</li> <li>repair or replacement of damaged catchbasins, pipes and manholes.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Regular maintenance of the drainage ditches and culvert crossings including: <ul> <li>removal of trash, debris and accumulated sediment;</li> <li>control of unwanted vegetation growth;</li> <li>replanting of grass lining in channels; and</li> <li>repairs to channels and culvert pipes and embankments.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Regular maintenance of the SWMP including: <ul> <li>removal of floating trash and debris from the pond surface;</li> <li>drainage of the permanent pool and removal of accumulated sediment;</li> <li>handling of algal blooms in the pond should these occur;</li> <li>addition of makeup water to the permanent pool if the water surface falls below the normal water level;</li> <li>control of unwanted vegetation growth and replanting of desired vegetation around the pond perimeter;</li> <li>embankment and shoreline repairs;</li> <li>removal of trash, debris and plugged ice from the inlet and outlet works;</li> <li>repairs or replacement of pipe culverts, concrete structures; and lubrication and replacement of seals in the valve in the discharge pipe.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Sediment accumulation and clear-out frequency is being considered in the design of the SWMP. An allowance has been made for sediment accumulation in the permanent pool; this volume is sufficiently large such that the clear-out frequency will be annually, at a maximum.</li> </ul>		

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE			
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-04.44	At least one surface water monitoring location will be sited immediately downstream of the WRMA in order to characterize the runoff prior to discharge to the stormwater management pond. Samples will be collected quarterly at a minimum throughout the site preparation and construction phase as described in the EA Follow-up Monitoring Program.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-160	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.14	Further identification of performance or acceptance criteria for surface water data will be developed concurrently with the detailed sampling plan for site preparation and construction, and will incorporate input from the regulators during the ECA process. Preliminary baseline monitoring is currently underway, and will include statistical analysis that will influence the detailed sampling plan and data quality objectives, including the performance/acceptance criteria.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-172	D&C
H-24-37 IRC-EIS-08.40	OPG's responses to IR-EIS-07-298 (OPG 2012c) and IR-EIS-07-301 (OPG 2012c) discuss the absence of a groundwater pathway between the DGR project and Stream C, as well as the monitoring activities that will confirm this prediction.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-387	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-08.46	OPG will collect and analyze composite water samples from the rock pile(s) during first flush events until contaminant levels in runoff appear stable or show a decreasing trend below acceptable benchmarks.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-395	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.45	As indicated in the DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program document (NWMO 2011), baseline flow rate values will be recorded at both locations for one year prior to the site preparation and construction phase.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-473	D&C
H-17-12	Underground water will be monitored prior to being released into the surface drainage system. A second monitoring location, at a location to be determined based on final design of the stormwater system, will also be in place.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.15	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
	Waste water characteristics will be monitored to provide an indication of the quality of runoff from the pile.			
	Three monitoring points will be sufficient to provide an early indication of elevated contaminants of concern that would warrant implementation of contingency measures.			

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	12a) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION			
	12a.1) Environmental Management Plan			
EA-031 EA-093 H-24-07 H-24-08 H-25-18 IRC-LPSC-04.22	An environmental management plan will be implemented for site preparation and construction to control environmental effects associated with above-ground construction activities. The environmental management plan will be similar to that used in other recent construction projects at the WWMF and includes measures such as water spraying to control dust, vehicle maintenance standards to reduce noise and emissions, and scheduling of certain activities during daylight hours.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.27	Table 4c (NWMO 2011) provides a checklist of activities that will be included in monitoring and recorded. An Environmental Management Program will be in place for the design and construction phase of the DGR Project. This program will include procedures documenting required inspections, frequency of inspections, and processes for recording results of inspections.	OPG Letter dated Sep.6, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00138 (CEAA Registry Doc# 725)	EIS-04-137	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-08.21 IRC-LPSC-04.21	Environmental management of the DGR Project will be done in accordance with NWMO's DGR Project Environmental Management Plan (EMP) (DGR-PLAN-07002-1001, enclosed with this response) which is part of the NWMO's ISO 14001 (Environmental Management System Requirements) registered environmental management system. This plan will be reviewed and modified as necessary, prior to start of the site preparation and construction activities.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
EA-031 EA-093 H-24-07 H-24-08 H-25-18 IRC-LPSC-04.22	As with the HSM Plan, the EMP identifies a number of environmental drivers, including commitments made in the regulatory submission, and defines a number of project commitments and goals to be used. Commitments will be expanded to include any future commitments made during the DGR's regulatory approval process.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
H-17-34	We are maintaining that [ISO 14001] registration and the environmental management plan is a continuation – it's an evolving document and is currently in its current form as a registered plan and will be further developed as construction – site preparation and construction would be implemented.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.48	October 5, 2013	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
H-24-19	sampling plans will be incorporated into the individual programs within the environmental management plan.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.252	October 29, 2013	D&C	
H-25-12	Protecting the environment through properly implemented mitigation will also be a requirement of this project. The potential interactions with the environment have been identified through the environmental assessment. The mitigation we will implement will ensure the environmental effects are consistent with, or less than, our predictions.  As indicated yesterday, we will establish early warning indicators that will alert us to performance issues well in advance of an actual event, which will allow us to implement actions to prevent the event.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.38-39	October 30, 2013	D&C OPS	
	12a.2) Performance Assessment and Reporting				
EAFMP-004	An annual EMP monitoring report will summarize the results and effectiveness of the EMP.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 1.6	D&C OPS	
EAFMP-068	Documentation of all monitoring events, including analytical results and mitigation actions will be recorded, documented and incorporated as described in the DGR Environmental Management Plan (NWMO 2011j) to ensure that all regulatory reporting requirements are met, and that the results of the EA are carried over through the life of the project. Reporting will continue through the site preparation and construction phase and the operations phase. These reports will be retained by OPG.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 15.2	D&C OPS	
H-25-10	As required by ISO 14001, OPG's environmental management system has an established environmental policy and has processes that deal with planning, implementation, and checking. OPG will also conduct an annual management review of the system to confirm its effectiveness.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.38	October 30, 2013	D&C OPS	
	12a.3) Spills Management and Response				
<b>EA-150</b> EA-233	Measures for spill containment, spill emergency response and environmental protection will be in place before any potentially hazardous materials are brought on-site.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.3.2.1 (Terrestrial Environment), 2 <sup>nd</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence	D&C	

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-073 EA-152 <u>EA-157</u> H-08-10	The environmental management plan will include the site spills and release response plan. An environmental management plan will be in place for the site preparation and construction Phase [described in Section 4 of EIS]. This plan will include the site spills and release response plan. During the operations phase, environmental policies, programs and procedures will be implemented consistent with the requirements of OPG's existing Environmental Policy (OPG POL-0021) and Spills Management Policy (OPG-POL-0020).	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.3.3.2, 1 <sup>st</sup> para	D&C
EA-160 EA-212	In the event of such [a malfunction or accident], follow-up monitoring [of soil quality] may include a number of activities, including surficial soil sampling, subsurface soil investigations (i.e., borehole drilling with soil sampling for analysis), and potentially, soil remediation. The purpose of these activities would be to ensure compliance with the prevailing regulatory standards, which are currently the MOE Table 3 SCS.  If non-compliant, determine additional mitigation required to be compliant, as required under Ontario Environmental Protection Act.	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Sec. 13.1 (Soil Quality) See also Table 13.1-1 See also ES 5	D&C OPS
EA-213	In the event of such [a malfunction or accident], follow-up monitoring [related to overburden groundwater quality] may include a number of activities, including monitoring well installation, periodic groundwater quality monitoring, and, if necessary, groundwater remediation. The purpose of these activities would be to ensure compliance with the prevailing regulatory standards, which are currently the MOE Table 3 SCS.  If non-compliant, determine additional mitigation required to be compliant, as required under Ontario Environmental Protection Act.	Geology TSD, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-03 R000	Sec. 13.1 (Overburden Groundwater Quality) See also Table 13.1-1 See also ES 5	D&C OPS
EA-149 <u>EA-231</u> EAFMP-065	To mitigate the effects of spills, appropriately equipped and trained onsite spills response teams will be available at all times as part of emergency response programs. For example, a spill of diesel fuel would be mitigated by quickly assessing the situation for any immediate health and safety risks to the spills response team, on-site workers and the public by controlling the source of the spill and notifying the appropriate regulatory agencies, deploying containment booms to surround and contain the spill, and finally, by implementing an effective clean-up program that would likely involve the use of specialized equipment to pump the diesel fuel into secure containers.	Malfunctions, Accidents, and Malevolent Acts TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-07 R000	Sec. 5.4.1.1	D&C OPS

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
EA-232	Any spills would be responded to quickly.	Malfunctions, Accidents, and Malevolent Acts TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-07 R000	Sec. 5.4.1.1	D&C OPS	
	12a.4) Contingency Plans				
IRC-EIS-06.25	Some of the contingency procedures described in the DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Section 13) apply the principle of risk avoidance, where activities will be halted if exceedances occur or upset conditions are met, and will not resume until alternate mitigation has been implemented (NWMO 2011, Sections 13.2 and 13.6).	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-276	D&C OPS DEC	
H-17-04	The DGR EA follow-up monitoring program also includes a description of various contingency plans which would be implemented to address unforeseen events if mitigation measures were not effective or to correct exceedances.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.11	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS	
	12b) EA FOLLOW-UP MONITORING				
	12b.1) General				
EA-096	Environmental monitoring of the DGR Project will be comprehensive in terms of substances, media and locations, and will include, at the minimum, the following:  sampling and analyzing run-off leaving the DGR Project site; groundwater monitoring; monitoring airborne emissions from the WPRB; measuring average ambient radiation dose rates at the perimeter of the DGR Project site; storage structure integrity checks; and contamination checks and radiation surveys within the DGR Project site.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.15.2, 1 <sup>st</sup> para	D&C OPS	
EAFMP-017	All samples will be analyzed at a Standards Council of Canada (SCC) and/or Canadian Association of Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA) accredited laboratory.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 3.1	D&C OPS	
EAFMP-066	If the background data sets are deemed inadequate, further baseline studies may be conducted prior to start of the site preparation and construction phase.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 14.	D&C	

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
IRC-EIS-04.14	The results of the monitoring will be coupled to criteria, established through relevant regulatory processes described above, which will ensure there are no significant adverse effects to the environment.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	D&C OPS	
IRC-EIS-08.26	The monitoring program will be managed as a whole within the structure of an Environmental Management System (EMS). Planned environmental monitoring activities will be implemented, results will be reviewed and changes to the monitoring program identified if necessary, within the EMS and in accordance with the CSA standard "Environmental monitoring programs at Class I nuclear facilities and uranium mines and mills" (CSA 2010).	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-359	D&C OPS	
H-17-01	Monitoring of some aspects such as groundwater will be carried throughout the project as required.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.10	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS	
H-17-02	EA follow-up monitoring will be incorporated into the overall DGR project environmental management plan under the environmental management system.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.10	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS	
H-17-05	The EA follow-up monitoring activities proposed are comprehensive and will verify both predictions of effect and effectiveness of mitigation. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.11	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS	
H-17-06	Based on this conceptual plan, detailed monitoring plans will be developed for monitoring activities should OPG receive a site preparation and construction license.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.12	October 5, 2013	D&C	
H-17-29	The planned duration of the monitoring activities will be specified in the detailed monitoring plans.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.25	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS DEC	
H-17-10 <u>H-23-07</u>	OPG will revise and obtain CNSC approval of the EA follow-up monitoring program and initiate additional baseline monitoring. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.168	October 28, 2013	D&C	
	OPG will develop additional governance as identified in the Licence Conditions Handbook.				
	OPG will train project personnel to ensure they are knowledgeable on safety and environmental protection measures and other applicable elements of the management system.				

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-24-02	OPG's environmental monitoring for the DGR Project will include three types of monitoring as addressed in this presentation; environmental baseline monitoring where identified as needed to support EA follow-up monitoring, EA follow-up monitoring for verifying effects predictions and effectiveness of mitigation measures, and environmental compliance monitoring which is sometimes referred to as environmental protection monitoring.  []  Environmental monitoring programs will be in place for the DGR Project for each of the three identified purposes described in the previous slide.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.231	October 29, 2013	D&C
H-24-04	all the monitoring activities for the DGR Project will be integrated with, and implemented through an environmental management system which conforms to the ISO 14001 environmental management system standard.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.233	October 29, 2013	D&C OPS DEC
H-24-05	EA follow-up monitoring will be conducted during both site preparation and construction activities, site preparation and construction and operations phases, with monitoring activities starting and ending appropriate to the distinct objectives.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.234	October 29, 2013	D&C OPS
	12b.2) Detailed Sampling Plans			
EAFMP-049 H-17-28 H-24-21 IRC-EIS-05.10 IRC-EIS-05.13 IRC-EIS-05.17	A detailed sampling plan will be developed prior to the site preparation and construction phase as described in Section 12 of the EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011), and that sample frequency may be adjusted based on the data quality objectives of the detailed sampling plan.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-172	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.19	The maximum values predicted in the EIS are the proposed criteria that will be used to evaluate the measured concentrations of the indicator compounds monitored, and are listed under activity C-EA-ATM1 of Table 3a in the EA Follow-up Monitoring Program.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-176	D&C
H-24-20 H-24-25 IRC-EIS-09.16	The detailed sampling programs will be designed in accordance with CSA N288.4-10. The data quality objectives (DQO) process will be used to determine sample frequency and sample size. The requirement for an annual review of the data will be factored into the DQO process, particularly in the selection of sample frequency and size to ensure the program is sensitive and responsive to trends.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-411	D&C OPS

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase		
H-24-22	This information [distinguish between indicators for which hypothesis testing would be possible versus indicators for which OPG would rely on estimation] will be provided in the detailed sampling plans after the revised follow-up monitoring program has been accepted by the CNSC.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.253	October 29, 2013	D&C		
	12b.3) Environmental Compliance Monitoring					
H-24-06	Environmental compliance monitoring will be undertaken in the site preparation and construction, and the operations phases.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.235	October 29, 2013	D&C OPS		
H-24-03	Environmental compliance monitoring shown on the right side of the figure [on slide 3 of OPG's presentation] will be developed through regulatory processes if the project receives a site preparation and construction licence.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.233	October 29, 2013	D&C		
H-24-15	Environmental compliance monitoring requirements identified through these approvals processes, some of which may overlap with the EA follow-up monitoring, will be tracked and reported through the environmental management system.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.246	October 29, 2013	D&C		
	12b.4) Performance Assessment and Reporting					
	Performance Assessment					
EAFMP-001 <u>EAFMP-069</u> IRC-EIS-04.21 IRC-EIS-06.24 IRC-EIS-07.27 IRC-EIS-08.19 IRC-EIS-08.20 IRC-EIS-09.10	An assessment of the annual performance of the EA follow-up monitoring program will be completed in conjunction with the preparation of the annual report for the site preparation and construction phase follow-up monitoring, as well as during the operations phase.  The annual assessment will identify the effectiveness of the existing follow-up monitoring program design and identify any problems and gaps. It will be conducted by the person(s) responsible for the operation of the Environmental Management System (EMS). All aspects of the program assessment will be documented and incorporated into the EMP records.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 16	D&C OPS		
EAFMP-002 EAFMP-070	A program evaluation of the core components of the EA follow-up and EMP programs will be conducted once every five years, and once during each project phase, at a minimum in accordance with CSA N288.4-10.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 16	D&C OPS		

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	PLICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-09.11	the program will typically be reviewed by a team of qualified persons of various expertise involved with different aspects of the EA Follow-up Program (i.e., program coordinator, manager of engineering, QA/QC auditor). Assessment tools, such as a Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats (SWOT) analysis, will typically be used to assess the program. The analysis of opportunities, weaknesses and threats will assist in the identification of potential program gaps. The identified gaps would be addressed by considering possible improvements or recommendations for improvement.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-411	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-09.12	Typically the recommendations will be analyzed using a decision making tool such as a Force Field Analysis.  A report will be prepared based on the analysis, and recommendations and improvements will be tracked through the EMS.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-411	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-09.13	Any environmental events or incidents that occur will also be identified as a nonconformance under the EMS. Events will include any event that results in the implementation of a contingency plan, accidents and spills, but can also include exceedances to criteria and unpredicted trends and effects. Through the EMS, these events will be identified as 'nonconformance events', and will cause the development and implementation of a corrective or preventative action.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-411	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-09.14 IRC-EIS-09.15	Conformance with the NWMO ISO 14001 EMS, and CSA N288.4-10 standard will ensure that the annual assessment of the program will contribute timely and effective feedback and will allow changes to be made to the program.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-411	D&C OPS
	Annual Reporting			
EAFMP-067 H-17-03 H-17-25 IRC-EIS-08.25 TIS-03-03	An EA Follow-up Monitoring Report will be prepared annually and submitted to the CEAA and the CNSC. Annual reports will be prepared until all EA follow-up monitoring activities have been satisfactorily concluded, with the approval of the CNSC and the CEAA.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 15.1	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-24-23	The annual reporting will include a review of the results of the monitoring program and performance of the monitoring program relative to the objectives. It will include, if required, recommendations for actions to change the program to improve effectiveness of the program and may include recommendations to discontinue some monitoring activities if the EA predictions or effectiveness of mitigation measures have been verified.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.253	October 29, 2013	D&C
H-24-24	OPG will make the annual report available to the public, including providing opportunities to discuss the results with interested members of the public and First Nation and Métis communities and will present the results to the community advisory council.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.254	October 29, 2013	D&C
	13) COMMUNICATION AND CONSULTATION			
	13.1) General			
<u>EA-140</u> H-20-09	OPG will continue to keep its neighbours and the broader public informed concerning its activities at the Bruce nuclear site as appropriate to each phase of the DGR Project [].	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.13 (Community Recreational Facilities and Programs; Use and Enjoyment of Private Property)	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-08.31	Through continuation of its engagement programs, described in the Preliminary Safety Report (OPG 2011b, Section 12), OPG will maintain an awareness of stakeholder and public concerns that might relate to effects on the socio-economic environment.	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-368	All
H-23-15	However, OPG plans to go above and beyond the guidelines set out in [CNSC Regulatory Document] 99.3. It sets out the minimum requirements for public disclosure. We believe that more needs to be done to maintain our social licence than just one-way information flow. To that end, we plan to build on our existing communications and consultation program to increase the opportunities for two-way dialogue.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.173	October 28, 2013	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
	13.2) Public Attitude Research				
EA-174 <u>EA-248</u> EAFMP-048 H-17-20	It is recommended that OPG continue to monitor public attitudes toward the DGR Project. PAR will be undertaken one time during each of the site preparation and construction, and decommissioning phases and subsequent to any accidents or malfunctions involving the DGR Project that result in an unplanned release of radioactivity to the environment. OPG will assess the need for PAR during the operations phase in conjunction with its ongoing programs.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. ES.5 Sec. 13.1	D&C OPS	
H-17-49 <b>LIC-081</b>	Public attitude research will continue throughout the licensing process of the DGR to ensure that public opinion remains positive.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 12.2.3.1	D&C	
IRC-EIS-08.30	The EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Table 12.2-1) indicates that public attitude research (PAR) will be completed during the peak year of employment, when the magnitude of effects of the site preparation and construction phase workers are predicted to be greatest, and subsequent to accidents or malfunctions resulting in a release of radioactive contamination to the environment. Subsequently, this activity will be integrated with the PAR activities conducted by OPG (in accordance with CNSC RD 393) for its operating facilities at the Western Waste Management Facility (WWMF).	OPG Letter dated Mar.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00171 (CEAA Registry Doc# 915)	EIS-08-368	D&C OPS DEC	
H-17-33	Public attitude research will also be used. The socio-economic impact assessment didn't predict any other adverse socio-economic effects. However, the public attitude research will be conducted in the same area as it was conducted previously in 2003 and 2009. That would be within the regional study area.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.46	October 5, 2013	D&C	
H-20-01 H-20-05 H-25-32	further public attitude research will be conducted to inform the proposed Community Advisory Committee on public attitudes at the time. We will seek the CAC's advice regarding survey design and implementation issues such as timing.	Volume 20 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1695) p.11	October 9, 2013	D&C	
H-25-22	MEMBER MUECKE: You mentioned polls as an example. This community, larger community around Kincardine now, after the process we've gone through, if they would like to express their opinion on OPG and its plans, would you be open to polling, a renewed poll, in view of all the new information that has come out?  MR. POWERS: [] We have committed to the follow-up to polling as part of our follow-up monitoring.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.68	October 30, 2013	D&C	

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE			
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	Public attitude research through our follow-up monitoring.  MEMBER MUECKE: Could you be specific at the timelines for that, more specific?  MR. POWERS: [] We have said that we would do some in order to			
	inform our community advisory council as well as some during site preparation and construction.			
	13.3) Local, Regional, International			
EA-008	OPG will work to keep [Department of Foreign and International Affairs], NRCan and interested American stakeholders informed [about the DGR Project].	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 2.4.2-1	All
<b>EA-009</b> EA-206	The post-submission communications program will include information on construction activities and scheduling.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 2.5.1, 7 <sup>th</sup> para	D&C
EA-005 <u>EA-012</u> H-01-07 H-17-19 H-17-26 H-17-45 H-17-46	OPG is committed to continuing its Public Participation and Aboriginal Engagement Program throughout the regulatory approvals process and beyond, including (pending regulatory approval) the DGR Project site preparation and construction. Once the DGR is operating communications are expected to be integrated with OPG communications.  • Stakeholder Briefings and Presentations – Briefings and presentations	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 2.11, 1 <sup>st</sup> para and bullet list	D&C OPS
H-23-14 H-25-33 LIC-082 LIC-084 TIS-03-01 TIS-03-06	will continue to be conducted to present information and provide an opportunity to have questions and comments addressed. Regular updates will be presented to elected officials, the DGR Community Consultation Advisory Group and Kincardine Community Consultation Advisory Committee; and other key stakeholders.  • DGR Website – The DGR website will continue to be updated.			
	<ul> <li>DGR Newsletter – The DGR Project newsletter will continue to be issued.</li> <li>DGR Open Houses – Open houses may occur throughout this period to share information, describe key activities and communicate progress.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Media Relations – Ongoing media relations about the EA will be initiated and maintained by OPG.</li> <li>[]</li> <li>Telephone Communication - Contact information for OPG/NWMO</li> </ul>			

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	<ul> <li>public affairs will continue to be advertised to the public on all written and electronic materials and on the DGR website.</li> <li>Employee Communication – OPG and NWMO employee communication will continue with articles appearing in electronic and print publications. Staff presentations and lunch and learn sessions will be held.</li> <li>Issues Management and Tracking – A comment database will continue to be maintained to record and monitor all comments, correspondence and communications with the public and stakeholders</li> </ul>			
EA-047	The DGR Community Engagement Plan will be prepared to ensure that appropriate communications and engagement with the communities surrounding the DGR Project site are planned.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.8.3	D&C
EA-079 H-25-27	OPG will continue to implement a public information program following the submission of the EIS. Additional targeted communications would be initiated in the event of a proposal to modify the DGR Project in ways which would result in a meaningful change. These include, but are not limited to changes to the:  • layout of the DGR facility; • characteristics or sources of waste to be emplaced in the DGR; • capacity of the DGR; • life cycle schedule for the DGR Project; • monitoring program for the DGR Project; and • socio-economic considerations (e.g., employment or spending).  A detailed communication plan including objectives, strategy, spokespeople, target audiences, key messages and communication activities would be prepared to govern how the information would be relayed for each proposed modification to the DGR Project. The communication plan would provide a targeted approach for communicating the specific proposed modification. A comment database would be maintained to record and monitor all comments, correspondence and communications with stakeholders and Aboriginal peoples interested in the proposed modifications to the DGR Project.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.10.4	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
EA-134	farmers in the Local Study Area along the transportation route should be informed if and when oversize or slow-moving project-related vehicles will be on local or municipal are roads during the planning or harvesting season.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.8 (Recommended Mitigation or Effects Management), 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence	D&C	
<b>EA-137</b> EA-176 EA-255	OPG will continue to keep its neighbours and the broader public informed concerning DGR Project activities at the Bruce nuclear site.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.12 (Recommended Mitigation or Effects Management), 1 <sup>st</sup> para	D&C OPS	
EA-175	OPG will continue to keep its neighbours, Aboriginal communities and the broader public informed concerning the activities at the Bruce nuclear site as appropriate to each phase of the DGR Project.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	C 3.3.4, pg C-56	D&C OPS	
LIC-083 LIC-085	The DGR Public Information and Involvement Program will continue to be evaluated throughout to ensure the objectives of the program are being met. []  Comments about the DGR and the Public Information and Involvement Program will continue to be documented in a database using a tracking form, which identifies the source of the comment, date and type of communication (email, phone, letter or in person). []  Regular briefings and meetings with community leaders and established committees will continue to provide firsthand information about the effectiveness of the DGR's Public Information and Involvement Program, and OPG and NWMO will continue to seek such feedback.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216-SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 12.2.5	D&C OPS	
IRC-EIS-09.27	The plan indicates that communications will continue to be developed in a manner that "ensures citizens are apprised of the general nature and characteristics of the anticipated effects on the environment and health and safety of persons during site preparation and construction and subsequent phases of the project."	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-458	D&C OPS	

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-09.28	Consistent with public communications undertaken throughout the course of the DGR Project, specific engagement strategies during the site preparation and construction phases will continue to use a multitude of communication methods and tools to inform persons living in the vicinity of the site of the general nature and characteristics of the anticipated effects on the environment, health and safety of persons during site preparation and construction.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-458	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-09.29	the content of the communication activities planned during site preparation and construction will reflect project activities and progress, mitigation efforts and their effectiveness, and the results of monitoring activities undertaken to confirm predicted effects.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-458	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-09.30	The results of follow-up monitoring for conventional air quality, surface water quality, aquatic habitat, groundwater quality, the results of public attitude research, and the results of any other undertakings as a result of the regulatory approvals process will also be communicated. A broad range of engagement opportunities will be provided for key stakeholders and members of the public and First Nations and Métis communities to become updated, ask questions, provide meaningful comment, and raise concerns about key DGR activities, milestones and decisions. Requests for information and concerns from the public will continue to be addressed in a timely manner.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-458	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-11.04 IRC-EIS-11.05	the content of the communication activities planned during site preparation and construction will reflect project activities and progress, mitigation efforts and their effectiveness, and the results of monitoring activities undertaken to confirm predicted effects.	OPG Letter dated Jun.6, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00190 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1157)	EIS-11-506	D&C
H-14-04	OPG will provide an opportunity for government officials and the public to go underground to see firsthand the integrity of the DGR host rock prior to the DGR going operational.	Volume 14 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1653) p.15	October 2, 2013	D&C
H-17-31	OPG has committed to engaging members of the community in discussing monitoring results and certainly engaging nearby residents in understanding the locations, the monitoring requirements and how it's done could be a part of that program.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.45	October 5, 2013	D&C
H-12-01 <u>H-17-35</u>	With respect to the repository of information, [] OPG are currently looking at ways to make that data available and accessible but the data for the project itself will be maintained at the project [site] and with the project.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.52	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS DEC

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-17-43	THE CHAIRPERSON: We just want to know whether going forward there is an explicit intent to make every effort to include citizens that may not have been included in the past.  MR. KEVIN POWERS: [] Yes, we will do that.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.123	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
H-17-48	we have seen an uptake in interest in this project and we have been and will continue to develop products to help them [Michigan stakeholders] better understand the project because we can't be on the ground everywhere where there is interest in the project.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.241	October 5, 2013	D&C OPS
H-18-11	the way that we [OPG] would approach this again is to have open and transparent dialogue. That would include seasonal residents.  I think we've heard very clearly through the course of this hearing that they perhaps didn't receive information as much as they would have liked to and in the form that they would have liked to have received it.  And of course, that's something that we have to take into consideration in our plans going forward on how we establish any type of ongoing dialogue that meets their needs and we will look forward to doing that over the next phase of this project.	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.220	October 7, 2013	All
H-25-28	as part of the project governance that is sitting on the list of documents to be reviewed by the CNSC, prior to starting of site preparation and construction activities, the communications plan is one of those documents and has the clear lines of roles, responsibilities, accountabilities, as well, the interfaces between those related to construction, those related to OPG/NWMO relationships, those related to regulatory interfaces and so on.  And it is that plan in conjunction with the construction - the construction management plan that will provide the full detail of communication	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.91	October 30, 2013	D&C
TIS-03-02	channels, mechanism and reporting requirements.  With respect to engagement strategies going forward, we will continue at a very intense level to provide two-way opportunities for dialogue with our local communities and stakeholders and interested parties both within and without Bruce County. We will continue to use a multitude of communication tools and we will also continue to offer tours and briefings of this Western Waste Management Facility and the DGR site.  With respect to engagement strategies going forward with the site preparation and construction and operation phases, we'll continue to	CEAA Registry Doc# 921 p.38	March 20, 2013	D&C OPS

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	provide those very important opportunities for discussion with the public where they have opportunities to ask questions, provide comments. Some of those opportunities will focus on follow-up monitoring program and any undertakings from the regulatory approvals process.			
	We will also engage those living within close proximity of the Bruce Nuclear site regarding any anticipated effects on the environment and health and safety of persons and advise them of upcoming events such as the beginning of blasting during construction or if there was going to be any large equipment on the roads during harvesting.			
TIS-03-05	That the measures that were outlined for the stigma on page 37 have been and will continue to be sorry, on Slide 74 [of OPG's presentation to JRP, Socio-economic Technical Information Session] have been and will continue to be provided or addressed on an ongoing basis.	CEAA Registry Doc# 921 p.176	March 20, 2013	All
	If I can go through, a publication disclosure of facility performance and monitoring results are occurring currently and will continue to occur.			
	14) ABORIGINAL INTERESTS			
	14.1) Aboriginal Engagement			
LIC-080	OPG will continue to provide engagement opportunities for Aboriginal communities where they can become informed and updated, ask questions, provide meaningful comment and raise issues and concerns about key DGR activities, milestones and decisions. Aboriginal communities will be kept apprised of any significant environmental, safety or health issues, any significant changes to the DGR, and the results of any follow-up monitoring.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 12.2.2.3	D&C OPS
H-01-11 <u>LIC-162</u> LIC-163	OPG is committed to ongoing, meaningful engagement and dialogue with Municipal, First Nation and Métis communities regarding the DGR and OPG's nuclear waste management operations. The avenue for these conversations could include community councils, or some other form of mutually agreeable structure.	PMD 13-P1.4A	Sec. 3.0	All
H-18-01	OPG [] has and will continue to engage with other First Nations and Métis communities who have expressed an interest in the project. OPG meets with these communities to offer briefings on the DGR Project, to provide results of the EA and to offer tours of our waste facility.	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.18	October 7, 2013	D&C OPS

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-18-08	we're establishing processes now for the ongoing discussion on these things [baseline and monitoring], and if baseline is part of that, certainly we're committed to having that dialogue.	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.151	October 7, 2013	D&C OPS
H-24-35	with respect to OPG and traditional ecological knowledge, certainly as we receive that knowledge and when the - whether it's the SON or the HSM or MNO, provide that, certainly we'll incorporate it into our operations procedures as they come available.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.289	October 29, 2013	D&C
	14.2) Heritage Sites			
<u>EA-139</u> EA-256 EAFMP-064	In the unlikely event that site preparation, construction or decommissioning activities encounter artifacts that could be associated with a cultural or heritage resource, the activities will be curtailed until further assessment (i.e., a Stage 3 and/or 4 archaeological assessments) can be undertaken to protect the resource from further disturbance and conserve its cultural heritage value.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.13 (Cultural and Heritage Resources) para	D&C
EA-179 EAFMP-062 EAFMP-063	In the event that human remains are encountered in [the] portion of CSA-B [that occurs within the Project Area] or elsewhere in the Project Area, OPG will ensure that all activity in the vicinity of the discovery is temporarily suspended and that the Ministry of Tourism and Culture, the Registrar of Cemeteries, the SON Environmental Office, HSMC and MNO headquarters, the South Bruce detachment of the Ontario Provincial Police and the local coroner be contacted immediately. [OPG would work with relevant parties to develop a plan that mitigates project-related effects on the discovered remains].	Aboriginal Interests TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-09 R000	Sec. 7.3.1	D&C
EA-125 <u>EA-183</u> IRC-EIS-12.10 IRC-EIS-12.12	With the DGR Project, the SON will continue to have access to the [Jiibegmegoong] burial site.	Aboriginal Interests TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-09 R000	Sec. 8.3.2 See also Sec. 4.1.2 and Sec. 5.4.1.2	All
IRC-EIS-12.10 IRC-EIS-12.12	[] The [Jiibegmegoong] burial site itself will not be physically altered by the DGR Project [].	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Sec. 7.3, p.49) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	All

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-18-05	MR. HEIL: [] So I mean the visits have been somewhat infrequent. In the two — you know, maybe once or twice a year. So definitely we know well ahead of time before the SON proposed the visit, so we can make arrangements if necessary to mitigate. Thank you.  MEMBER MUECKE: May this include stopping dumping for a period of time on the waste rock pile and measures like that?  MR. HEIL: Joe Heil, for the record.	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.52	October 7, 2013	D&C
	We'll adjust as necessary.			
	15) LICENSING, PERMITS AND AUTHORIZATIONS			
	15.1) Construction Management			
LIC-073	In addition design work will be planned and executed in compliance with an engineering management plan that is prepared prior to the start of the work and is consistent with the requirements of the NWMO Design Management procedure, NWMO-PROC-EN-0001.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 11.3.1	D&C
LIC-077	A Construction Quality Assurance Plan will be prepared, appropriately approved and implemented by the construction organization. The Construction Quality Assurance Plan will reference detailed design and engineering requirements, precautions, installation requirements, sequential actions to be followed including co-ordinating construction and verification activities, special equipment/tools and processes required, specific document/drawing references, data report forms and records, cleanliness requirements and foreign material exclusion requirements. It will also include the necessary steps to ensure the correct and intended materials or items are used and installed as required.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 11.3.2	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.42	There are several guiding documents that will be in-place for the construction phase that further define activities at the site including the construction management plan, health and safety management plan and environment management plan. These, in conjunction with the project quality plan, establish accountability and communication requirements.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-212	D&C

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-04.04	Before construction starts there will be a set of engineering documents stamped 'Available for Construction' (AFC), which have been accepted and authorized for use. Change processes for design are detailed in the NWMO Design Management procedure (NWMO 2012) and will be further reinforced in several governance documents in development including procurement management, construction management, commission management, and configuration management. In the event future geotechnical testing or other data during construction yields results that are outside the authorized AFC documents it will trigger a review to determine the significance of the difference. There will be a field change process for changes within acceptable parameters, which is overseen by NWMO's DGR project engineering group. If field results are outside design requirement acceptance criteria it will trigger a managed design change process.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	LPSC-04-65	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.13	Various other programs, such as the mine and waste-rock related water management program and the hazardous waste management program, will be part of the environmental mitigation plans and safe work plans which are required by the Construction Management Plan (DGR-PLAN-00180-1001).	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.14	Overall effectiveness of the NWMO DGR Design and Construction Phase Management System will be internally reviewed and assessed annually at the NWMO senior management level.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
H-23-06	If a licence to prepare the site and construct the DGR is granted, OPG will conduct a number of activities prior to the commencement of associated field work. Among these activities, OPG will develop issued for construction design prior to the commencement of corresponding field activities.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.168	October 28, 2013	D&C
H-25-06	OPG will also be actively involved during the construction program. The majority of the field inspection and monitoring will be performed by NWMO on our behalf in their role of construction management.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.36	October 30, 2013	D&C
<u>H-25-15</u> IRC-LPSC-02.13	Upon the development of issued for construction drawings, the project configuration management and field quality and inspection processes will monitor the implementation of design, implement processes for field change, and track the physical design from issued for construction to as built condition.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.42	October 30, 2013	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	15.2) Construction Activities			
	General			
LIC-005	Potential hazards were identified and assessed through all stages of design to date and will continue to be assessed as the design is advanced. Features have been incorporated into DGR design to mitigate hazards and construction methods will be selected to mitigate any hazards associated with construction of the facility.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 1.9.3	D&C
LIC-071 H-23-10 H-23-22	Chapter 9, Site Preparation and Construction [The complete chapter is essentially commitments]	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Ch. 9	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.31 IRC-EIS-05.37	Temporary stockpiles will be used during the initial site construction activities (e.g. construction of the shaft collars) and through the shaft sinking activities (approximately 2 years). These materials will be used in the overall site grading plan and contouring. Where possible, materials will be placed directly to the end-use location to avoid the need for rehandling.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-191	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.40	With the exception of the southwest corner of the site where the surface conditions will be paved during the operations phase to support Zone 2 radiological requirements (refer to OPG's response to IR-EIS-08-352 (OPG 2013)), the surface conditions will not vary significantly from that of in-situ conditions with the exception of grading and removal of vegetation as required.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-471	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.84	The concrete batch plant will be installed in the general area identified as "concrete batch plant area" on Figure 9-2 of the Preliminary Safety Report and will be installed as part of the site preparation activities. The batch plant and supply of concrete will be a contracted service to the project.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-26	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.85	The approved supplier will be required to demonstrate that the plant is capable of producing the required concrete volumes to the project specifications. They will also have to demonstrate how they will manage quality control of the product. Sufficient space has been allocated in the construction site plan for the batch plant, aggregate stockpiles, staging areas and wash-out facilities.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-26	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-04.05	If a requirement(s) cannot be met, then alternatives will be planned and approved prior to the construction for that area of the repository.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	LPSC-04-65	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.06	Approval to implement change will be sought from "designer-of-record" before construction begins.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	LPSC-04-65	D&C
H-09-04	In addition, near surface blasting will be conducted only during daytime hours and will not be conducted on Sundays. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 9 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1611) p.161	September 25, 2013	D&C
H-13-01	During construction the competency of the subsurface conditions will be confirmed using standard construction verification methods.	Volume 13 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1646) p.13	October 1, 2013	D&C
H-13-04	Verification of subsurface permeability and continuity will be performed during the preparation of the waste rock management area.  Should areas of discontinuity in the till be encountered, natural or synthetic liners will be introduced to protect the groundwater system.	Volume 13 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1646) p.18	October 1, 2013	D&C
H-25-16	Commitments that are required prior to construction include but are not limited to baseline monitoring, completion of project governance related to construction, for example, the construction management plan, finalizing and approval of the EA follow-up monitoring program and receiving required permits and approvals.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.48	October 30, 2013	D&C
	Shaft Construction			
IRC-EIS-01.01	Measures will need to be taken to control ground water inflow into the excavation from the underlying permeable bedrock.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-01	D&C
IRC-EIS-01.02	Once the two shaft collars are established, the excavation around the collars will be backfilled with compacted fill material.  The approved engineered fill will be placed in approximately 200 mm	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-01	D&C
IRC-EIS-01.03	thick loose lifts and uniformly compacted.  However, prior to establishing the shaft collars and the start of shaft sinking, the upper 180 m of bedrock around each shaft will be treated by either ground freezing or grouting (refer to IR-LPSC-01-31).	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-01	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-01.04	Water will be removed from the shaft excavations by pumping to ground surface.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-01	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.34	If required, additional in-shaft grouting will be performed to ensure groundwater inflows do not exceed 3 L/s for shaft sinking.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-151	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.02	During shaft sinking, both the main and ventilation shafts will be developed in parallel.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-403	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.43	The contractor(s) for shaft sinking and lateral development will be required to have a portable treatment plant available on site. It will be available for rapid deployment in the event that oil, grease or suspended solids in process water (i.e., water used for drilling and dust suppression) have elevated concentrations and cannot be effectively treated by the installed systems.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-472	D&C
H-08-04	the shaft collar will be placed higher than the flood level calculated for an extreme storm event, referred to as a probable maximum precipitation.	Volume 8 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1606) p.20	September 24, 2013	D&C
	Excavation Techniques			
H-04-01 IRC-LPSC-01.94 IRC-LPSC-03.01 IRC-LPSC-03.02 IRC-LPSC-03.11 UT-01-02	Further development and finalization of the controlled drill and blast design and implementation will be conducted with the shaft sinking contractor after the shaft sinking contract has been awarded.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	LPSC-03-57	DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.95	The contractor will explore various approaches to controlled drill and blast in the upper 200 m of the shafts and then select the preferred method before reaching the Ordovician shales.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-32	D&C
<u>H-02-01</u> UT-01-03	The detailed design will consider the evolution of certain technologies with respect to excavation, one being, as we've stated, that we have evaluated road header mechanical excavation techniques as well as drill and blast.	Volume 2 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1571) p.33	September 17, 2013	D&C
	There have been continuing advancements in both of those areas and we'll consider those as we go forward.			

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	Stormwater Management Pond and Ditches			
IRC-EIS-05.22	The WRMA and Stormwater Management Pond (SWMP) will be constructed within an area underlain by between 0.7 to 1.5 m of surficial sand and gravel to clayey silt (fill materials) overlying at least 10 m of hard low-permeability glacial till (refer to OPG's response to Information Request (IR) EIS-03-54 (OPG 2012a) and GOLDER 2012). The cohesionless surficial fill materials within the footprint of the WRMA and SWMP will be removed as part of site preparation activities. The SWMP will be excavated into this thick glacial till unit and the till will serve as a natural liner for the pond. The pond side walls will be lined, as required, to limit lateral seepage into any surrounding permeable overburden that overlies the till.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-185	D&C
IRC-EIS-08.14 IRC-EIS-09.37	The stormwater management ditches and pond will be constructed as part of site preparation activities, and the site graded to capture all stormwater collected on the site, and directed it to the stormwater management pond. During operations, the ditch system will be maintained and impervious surfaces will continue to drain to the stormwater system.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-352	D&C
IRC-EIS-12.03	[] weathered/fractured tills that could increase vertical connectivity to groundwater are not expected at the site; however, OPG would line the stormwater management pond should such conditions be encountered (OPG 2011, Section 4.4.1.5).	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Sec. 2.3, p.6) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	D&C
IRC-EIS-12.05	The ditch will be modified in accordance with accepted practices (e.g., Ministry of Transportation drainage management manual [MTO 1997]), and undergo regular maintenance if current ditch conditions cannot convey the predicted flows (e.g., control of unwanted vegetation) (OPG 2013a).	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Sec. 2.4, p.7) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.91	The waste rock management area (WRMA) will be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil which will be temporary stockpiled and re-used elsewhere on site. The site will be graded to ensure drainage to the perimeter storm water collection ditches. The ditches will be constructed as part of the site preparation activities prior to the deposition of waste rock.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-28	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	15.3) D&C Schedule			
IRC-EIS-07.36	In terms of timing, all geoscientific verification activities will be coordinated with the construction schedule for vertical and lateral DGR development. This will need to consider: i) construction progress in gaining shaft access to the nine proposed horizons (i.e., Salina (F, C, A2 and A1 Units), Cabot Head, Queenston, Georgian Bay, Blue Mountain and Cobourg formations (NWMO 2011a, Table 2.2)); and ii) the necessity to obtain verification results as early as achievable to support design verification and preparation of an operating licence application.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-312	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.81	Vendor information and contractor contributions to final design and construction scheduling will be incorporated following the receipt of the licence.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-25	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.82	The schedule for activities referenced above (excavation plans and techniques, ground support, construction ventilation and dewatering) will be developed in conjunction with the approach selected by the successful contractor.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-25	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.83	Detailed design development will align with construction scheduling.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-25a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.92	The development schedule and annual production of waste rock will be further developed with the selected development contractor.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-29	D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.12	During development, the geoscientific verification plan will be executed and the performance of the contractor monitored. The requirements of the verification plan will be integrated into the contractor's schedule as routine mapping and periodic monitoring equipment installations are required.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-55	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
LIC-078	Construction verification activities will be planned and integrated into the construction schedule. The planning for the verification activities will be completed prior to the start of construction and will include prerequisites, acceptance criteria, inspections, tests, test frequencies, hold and witness points, and documentation requirements. Construction verification activities performed by contractors will require pre-approval prior to use. The detailed requirements for the various in-the-field quality control activities, including sampling methodologies will be incorporated into a Field Quality Inspection Manual. The Field Quality Inspection Manual will be an approved, controlled document to be utilized by construction personnel to ensure verification activities are performed efficiently and effectively.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216-SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 11.3.2	D&C
LIC-089	Construction of all the emplacement rooms and access tunnels will be carried out prior to, not concurrently with, operations.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Table 14-3, Item 4-2	D&C
	15.4) Physical Design			
	General			
LIC-069	The DGR preliminary design incorporates postclosure safety assessment feedback regarding design options. Further input is planned during the detailed design.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 8.8.5	D&C
LIC-074	For critical DGR design components, such as the hoist and ventilation systems, the designs will be verified by independent expert review.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 11.3.1	D&C
LIC-075	Complete design reviews will be completed at the thirty, fifty and eighty percent design completion milestones by knowledgeable engineers who were not directly involved in the design work. The fifty percent design review will be a Constructability, Operability, Maintainability and Safety (COMS) review. The eighty percent design review will include a Hazard and Operability (HAZOP) assessment. These structured and systematic examinations of the design and planned operation are completed in order to identify and evaluate problems that may represent risks to personnel or equipment, or prevent efficient operation.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 11.3.1	D&C
LIC-076	Collectively the DGR D&C PQP requirements for design will ensure that quality continues to be integrated into final design decisions so that component configurations, materials specifications, functional performance, safety and constructability are optimized.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 11.3.1	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	PLICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
<u>LIC-099</u> LIC-102	The design will be subject to further review and optimization before the detailed design is prepared and the DGR constructed.	Postclosure Safety Assessment Report, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-25 R000	Table 6-5	D&C
EA-046	The Engineering Management Plan (EMP) for the DGR Project will be prepared by the design responsible organizations in accordance with the design management activities.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.8.1	D&C
EA-076	Changes to the DGR Project design will be managed in accordance with NWMO Design Management, NWMO-PROC-EN-0001.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.10.1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para (following bullets)	D&C
TIS-01-01 H-25-17	OPG presentation and responses pertaining to design details of DGR are essentially commitments.	CEAA Registry Doc# 702	July 18, 2012	D&C
	System Classification List			
IRC-LPSC-01.07	The use of the CSA N285.0-08 Standard and the two (2) updates; No.1 (2009) and No.2 (2010) will be documented in the System Classification List (SCL) for the pressure retaining systems of the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-04	D&C
	This requirement will then be translated into the design documentation, as appropriate. Control and compliance with the CSA standard will be accomplished through governance, project management and oversight of the DGR Project.			
IRC-LPSC-01.08	For pressure boundary systems identified in the design, a package will be submitted to the Technical Standards & Safety Authority (TSSA) for registration and will include a copy of the SCL, flow diagrams, calculations, etc.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-04	D&C
	Dewatering System			
LIC-021	A sump being cleaned will need to be pumped empty and the incoming line will be locked out as required. To handle sediment material, manual cleaning via pressure washer and industrial vacuums will be used as appropriate.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.3.10.4	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.58	[ sumps are required in the access tunnels in each of the panels during the construction phase to collect service water used by drilling jumbo and for dust control.] These sump locations will be available for use in the operations phase, if required.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-19	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-04.01	There will be a sump at the bottom of the ramp near the ventilation shaft.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	LPSC-04-63	D&C
IRC-EIS-04.35	The underground dewatering system used for operations will be sized to handle both the aforementioned normal inflow plus additional groundwater inflow that might occur during a postulated abnormal operations event.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-151	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.56	For purposes of preliminary sizing of the operations' phase dewatering system, it was assumed that up to 15 L/s of additional groundwater inflow could occur in the failed liner scenario (see PSR, Section 6.3.10.4). This estimate is considered to be conservative and will be updated as new information becomes available about hydrogeologic conditions in upper bedrock formations (to depth of about 180 m), ground treatment to be used in the upper permeable bedrock formations (see response to IR-LPSC-01-31) and how the shaft liners might behave during a postulated seismic event.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-19	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.57	The maximum pumping capacity of the dewatering system is currently set at 22 L/s (see PSR, Section 6.3.10.4). As new information about estimated rates of water flow to main sump become available under both normal and abnormal conditions, the design pumping capacity will be adjusted accordingly.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-19	D&C
	Electrical Power System			
IRC-EIS-06.20	Electrical – Two main power feeds are planned to supply power to the DGR systems, with redundant buses supplying power to critical loads in the event of the loss of either of the main feeds. In addition, there will be two emergency generators (2 x 100%) for the DGR project site in the event that both main feeds are lost. Uninterruptible power supply units are included as needed (see OPG's response IR-LPSC-01-10 [OPG 2012a]). This will ensure there is communication and emergency services provided for postulated preclosure accident scenarios as described in the Preliminary Safety Report (OPG 2011, Chapter 7).	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-275	D&C
IRC-EIS-06.26	Table 1: Emergency back-up power will be provided	OPG Letter dated Dec.12, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00153 (CEAA Registry Doc# 832)	EIS-06-278	D&C OPS DEC

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	PLICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-01.24	The induction motors will be designed and constructed as per NEMA Standard MG-1, Motors and Generators and CSA Standard C22.2, No. 100, Motors and Generators.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-10	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.25	Class IV Power Distribution System [Note: further details are provided in response to IR-LPSC-01-10]	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-10	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.26	Class III Emergency Power Distribution System [Note: further details are provided in response to IR-LPSC-01-10]	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-10	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.27	Class II Power Distribution System [Note: further details are provided in response to IR-LPSC-01-10]	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-10	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.28	All electrical equipment including distribution panels, control panels and all electrical terminations will be located at the shaft collar elevations or above (determined from the elevation requirements determined from the Maximum Flood Hazard Assessment, AMEC 2011) to limit the impact of postulated flooding events on the electrical systems.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-10	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.86	The electrical substation will be located in the general vicinity of area marked as "Construction Power Distribution Compound" on Figure 9-2. The substation will be supplied by a 13.8kV voltage transmission line from an existing transformer located at the Bruce nuclear site west of Interconnecting Road (existing road shown on Figure 9-2 that is located on west side of DGR project site) that serviced the former Heavy Water Plant facility.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-26	D&C
	Fire Protection System			
EA-108 EA-237 LIC-028	All DGR surface facilities will be equipped with fire detection and protection systems in accordance with the National Building Code of Canada and the National Fire Code of Canada requirements.  Smoke detectors and heat detectors will be located throughout the buildings to provide means for early detection of fire.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.17.2.1, 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> paras	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	A number of fire hydrants will be located near main entrances to the buildings. Office, maintenance and locker room areas will be protected with large volume Class ABC fire extinguishers consistent with National Fire Code requirements.			
EA-109 IRC-EIS-06.21	During construction and operations a "stench gas" system will be employed as the prime notification system for fire.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.17.2.2	D&C
<b>EA-110</b> LIC-029	An underground fire detection system will consist of smoke and carbon monoxide detectors located throughout the underground workings (i.e., intake plenum, underground working areas and emplacement rooms through all stages and the main exhaust ventilation ducts).	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.17.2.2, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	D&C
EA-111 IRC-LPSC-01.53 IRC-LPSC-01.64	Underground fire suppression systems will be chemical-based as opposed to water-based. The following suppression methods are included:  • handheld foam-based extinguishers located at clearly marked locations in high traffic areas (i.e., diesel fuel bay, mechanical shop) as well as on mobile equipment;  • a mobile foam generator will be based underground for use in open emplacement rooms; and  • diesel equipment will be equipped with on-board foam suppression systems that are heat triggered (i.e., automatic system), and could also be manually activated by the operator in the event of a fire.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.17.2.2, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para and bulletSec.	D&C
LIC-030	During detailed design, each building will be evaluated and zoned such that areas within each building may have different fire suppression requirements due to the potential fire hazard or to protect equipment and personnel.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.8.3.1	D&C
LIC-031	At any workplace that is not a fixed location (e.g., maintenance shop) workers must have a fire extinguisher available and close at hand.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.8.3.2	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-06.22	There will be full redundancy in fire detection, alarms and suppression systems and redundancy in local suppression systems (e.g., sprinklers or ansul systems).	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-275	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.03	NFCC will be followed and alternative solutions (Ref. NFCC A.1.2.1.1.(1)(b)) will be pursued if needed. As well, for the underground portions of the facility, the inspection, testing, and maintenance of the fire protection.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-02	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-01.04	In locations of fire hazards, local dry type suppression systems will be used, as well as fire detection systems.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-02	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.43	In addition to portable fire extinguishers underground as required by the Ontario mining regulations, a portable dry chemical fire suppression system will be available to the mine rescue team at a surface storage location and it could be taken underground by the team to suppress a fire.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-15	D&C OPS DEC
IRC-LPSC-01.46	A Fire Protection specific Design Requirements document will capture all the applicable codes and other requirements to be used in the fire protection system detailed design. Prior to the construction of each phase of the facility, a Code Compliance Report will be prepared on completion of detailed design of that phase, to confirm that the design meets applicable code requirements.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-15a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.48	A defence-in-depth principle is being used in the development of the Design Requirements and Fire Protection Program documents.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-15a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.59	Once the tie-in location(s) to the Bruce Power fire system are set, an assessment of supply disruption will be completed and actions taken to ensure a highly-reliable supply. The assessment will include the assessment of the supply, the DGR fire water system and any on-site and off-site support provided through Emergency Response.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-20	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.60	The DGR fire water main(s) will be buried and the fire water main loops will distribute fire water around the DGR surface facilities site. The fire water main(s) will meet the requirements of the latest National Building Code of Canada (NBCC), National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC), National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), NFPA 24, the Ontario Provincial Standard Drawings (OPSD) and Specification (OPSS).	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-20	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.61	Post indicator valves will be provided to allow isolation of the fire water main if required for maintenance purposes. Hydrants will be located throughout the DGR surface facilities site along roadways to provide access for emergency response crews. The fire main system will be installed below the frost line to prevent freezing. Metallic components of the fire main will be equipped with cathodic protection and freeze protection will be provided in specific locations where deemed necessary. The fire water main will be connected to the water-based fire suppression systems.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-20	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
IRC-LPSC-01.62	Fixed non-water fire suppression systems will be provided in areas of the DGR which contain storage of more than 500 L of oil, grease, or flammable liquids, service garages, and fueling stations in accordance with the OHSA Mines and Mining Plants Regulations (O.Reg. 854/90). This includes the Service Garage, Lube Bay, and Fuel Bay. One system will be provided for each area.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-22	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-01.63	The main and ventilation shaft hoisting equipment will be equipped with fixed fire suppression systems. These systems will be local application, protecting equipment deemed to be a potential fire hazard.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-22	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-01.65	Both fixed and mobile equipment (i.e., forklifts) located in the DGR will be provided with fixed local application fire suppression systems.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-22	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-01.66	Fire protection equipment stations will be located in all access and service drifts, as well as, specified locations as per the Ontario mining regulations (e.g., shaft stations, electrical rooms, etc.). These stations will be strategically located throughout the DGR. Each station will contain dry chemical fire extinguishers, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), personal protective equipment, tools, etc. The equipment at each station will be determined based on the potential type and size fires in the vicinity of the station.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-22	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-01.87	Service water and fire water will be supplied through tie-ins to existing service water and fire water lines on the Bruce nuclear site. There are existing service water and fire water lines located immediately to the south and west of the DGR project site. Exact tie-in or connection locations are being discussed with Bruce Power who will be the provider of the service.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-26	D&C	
	Fuel (surface and underground)				
EA-026 LIC-014 IRC-EIS-07.01	Surface diesel and unleaded fuel storage for mobile equipment is limited to the site preparation and construction phase, and will be removed prior to operations with the exception of the emergency diesel generator fuel storage.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.5, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sent. Sec.4.7.5.2, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para, 2 <sup>nd</sup> sent.	D&C	
EA-028 IRC-EIS-07.02 IRC-EIS-09.38	Berms will be constructed as needed to ensure that any spillage of fuel or lubricant will be retained within the storage and refuelling areas.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.5, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para, last sent.	D&C	

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-235	Diesel fuel will be kept in limited quantities underground, in a dedicated area.	Malfunctions, Accidents, and Malevolent Acts TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-07 R000	Sec. 6.2.2.1	D&C OPS
EA-236	Fuel will be moved underground in totes separate from waste package transfers.	Malfunctions, Accidents, and Malevolent Acts TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-07 R000	Sec. 6.2.2.1	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-05.27	The underground Maintenance Shop and Diesel Fuelling Station will each have their own isolated containment sumps to capture fluids from accidents/spills. Similar to surficial accidents or malfunctions, emergency procedures are designed to ensure that malfunctions and/or accidents will be addressed in a timely manner.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-185	D&C OPS DEC
	Service Water			
H-14-01 IRC-EIS-10.02	Process water used during excavation, and service water used during operation, will be drawn from the Bruce nuclear site service water supply and will be at the site background water tritium levels.	OPG Letter dated May 10, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00187 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1048)	EIS-10-483	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.87	Service water and fire water will be supplied through tie-ins to existing service water and fire water lines on the Bruce nuclear site. There are existing service water and fire water lines located immediately to the south and west of the DGR project site. Exact tie-in or connection locations are being discussed with Bruce Power who will be the provider of the service.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-26	D&C
	Shafts, Shaft Liners and Hoisting			
IRC-EIS-08.42 <u>LIC-057</u>	The upper permeable formations will be contained by the shaft liner, and also the possible installation of a grout curtain. This liner will be inspected and maintained.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.1.2 (Flooding - Underground)	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-10.18	The design of the chairing mechanism will be finalized during the detailed design. However, it will be based on existing, proven mining industry designs for similar cage types and loads. The battery-powered rail cart is moved into the cage under manual pendant control at a maximum speed of approximately 0.5 m/s and the brakes applied once it reaches position. Safety stops and electrical interlocks will be designed into the cage and cart to prevent over travel. The cart is then mechanically secured to the cage with a locking device. The cart locking device will be designed during the detailed design phase.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-496	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-01.10	The concrete shaft liners will be designed as plain concrete structures without reinforcing and will be designed according to Section 22 of CAN3-A23.3-04.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-05a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.11 IRC-LPSC-01.54	The two circular shaft liners will be poured directly against supported rock (refer to response to IR-LPSC-01-32 for preliminary rock support requirements during shaft development). The liners will resist loadings in compression. It is expected the shaft liners will have a minimum thickness of 300 mm, with varying thickness of the liners to resist varying hydrostatic and rock loading conditions. The liners will be constructed as a hydrostatic liner in the upper 200 m of the shafts where rock formations are relatively permeable.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-05a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.12 IRC-LPSC-01.55	Geomechanical modeling of the shaft excavations are being completed to estimate rock loading over the full depth of the shafts and to estimate how this loading will vary with time. The modeling is iterative with the liner design and will be used to assess impact of dimensional requirements and construction assumptions for shaft development (e.g., excavated diameter, length of the development round, distance the shaft liner trails the shaft sinking face, etc.) on predicted rock loading.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-05a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.13	These basic load cases will be combined into several load combinations as per 2010 NBCC. Two ANSYS models (one circle ring model simulating of the concrete liner based on plane strain theory, one 3D cylinder model) will be created and analyzed under each load combination. The analysis will identify which parts of the liner exceed the allowable compression and tensile stresses. The liner will be designed against buckling and compression failure under the external load combinations. Elastic mechanics theory will be used to determine the minimum liner thickness to prevent buckling. It is anticipated that the concrete shaft liner will be unreinforced for both the hydrostatic portion of the liner in the Devonian and the Upper Silurian formations above 195 mbgs and the fully drained (leaky) liner below this stratum.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-05a	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.14	All shaft sections analyzed will be verified using numerical analysis for loading on the liner as well as the changes in stresses in the surrounding rock.  Shaft liner loads resulting from the above shaft liner/ground interaction analyses will be used as an input to the structural design of the shaft liner.	OPG Letter dated Jul.10, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00118 (CEAA Registry Doc# 606)	LPSC-01-05a	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-01.96	There will be a series of ground control measures applied over the length of the shaft.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-32	D&C
	Shielding Design			
IRC-EIS-13.03 IRC-EIS-13.04 LIC-048	[] a wall around the WPRB staging area similar in thickness to LLSB walls will need to be incorporated in the detailed design to ensure that the external dose rate outside of the WPRB remains below 25 µSv/h (OPG Radiation Protection Requirements, PSR Section 7.1.2.1) and that the dose rate in the office/main control room is below 10 mSv/year, if multiple packages are routinely staged within the WPRB.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.4.4.2	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.19	The locations of the Control Room and Offices within the Amenities Building will be reviewed as part of the detailed design, with detailed shielding assessments conducted in the occupied areas to ensure dose rates remain consistent with the specific location zoning (Zone 1 or Zone 2) and are ALARA.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-08	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.20	Specification of the shielding is part of the detailed design, and is not presently complete. The ALARA results will be provided with the Final ALARA Assessment report that will be prepared as part of the supporting documentation for the DGR Operating Licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-08	D&C
	Surface Buildings			
EA-142 IRC-LPSC-01.06 LIC-053	All above-ground structures (access building, ventilation shaft headframe building and HVAC and mechanical building) [] will be constructed in accordance with the seismic requirements of the latest edition of the National Building Code at the time of the construction.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.13.1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence  See also Sec. 7.13.4, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, 4 <sup>th</sup> sentence	D&C
LIC-011	The compressor building located close to the main shaft houses two compressors that provide compressed air for surface and underground maintenance. In the event of an underground emergency, these compressors will be used to provide breathing air to the underground refuge stations.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.2.1.4	D&C OPS
LIC-054	Above ground structures constructed at the site will meet all building code requirements including those for wind load.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.1.2 (Severe Wind)	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-143 IRC-EIS-06.19 <u>LIC-055</u>	The above ground structures will be designed with lightning protection.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.1.2 (Lightning Strike)	D&C
	Underground Repository			
EA-142	All [] underground facilities (office, tunnel, emplacement room) will be constructed in accordance with the seismic requirements of the latest edition of the National Building Code at the time of the construction.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.13.1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence	D&C
LIC-012	Two fans of equal specification are located at the intake of the heater house and will include silencers as required.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.2.1.5	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.77 IRC-LPSC-01.78	The data from the fixed air quality monitoring system will be displayed in the Control Room and the flow of ventilation air will be adjusted, as required, to ensure safe working conditions for underground personnel. Air quality readings that are approaching predefined limits in the air stream will trigger alarms. Any high levels of air contaminates can be reduced by increasing the air volumes in that area. Air volumes in various parts of the underground facility will be controlled by adjusting the louvers at end of emplacement rooms and by adjusting the main underground fan.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-24	D&C
LIC-015	Stress direction will be confirmed following shaft sinking [].	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.3	D&C
LIC-093 LIC-121	The underground layout will have a slight grade, and its depth will vary slightly also with local surface topology.  The emplacement rooms are all aligned with the assumed direction of the major principal horizontal stresses of the rock mass in the Cobourg formation (i.e., east-north-east) to minimize the risks of rockfall, especially during the period in which the repository is open but also postclosure.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.2	D&C
H-05-01 <b>LIC-131</b>	A low heat high performance concrete such as AECL's LHHPC will be used for the DGR shaft monoliths, ramp backfill, and bulkheads.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.5.2.1	D&C OPS
H-05-02 LIC-131	Structural concrete will be used for the waste packaging, the shaft lining, the floors, walls and ceilings of tunnels/emplacement rooms, and the closure and room walls.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.5.2.1	D&C OPS

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
LIC-133	<ul> <li>The general ventilation levels for emplacement rooms will be as follows:</li> <li>Active (i.e., rooms in the process of being filled) emplacement rooms will be ventilated at a rate of 18 m³/s during the day and 3 m³/s at night.</li> <li>Empty emplacement rooms will not be ventilated.</li> <li>Filled emplacement rooms will be ventilated at a rate of approximately 1 m³/s. A wall will be installed at the entrance to the room, but will still allow for ventilation.</li> </ul>	Radon Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-34 R000	Sec. 2.3.3.2	D&C
LIC-134	Empty emplacement rooms are equipped with an entry barricade with signage.	Radon Assessment, NWMO DGR- TR-2011-34 R000	Sec. 2.3.3.2	D&C
IRC-EIS-03.04 IRC-LPSC-03.06	Each end-wall adjacent the ventilation exhaust tunnel will be equipped with a personnel door for egress. This provides for multiple egress/refuge capability. In the event that an end wall is required at the entrance to the emplacement room for shielding purposes, personnel will not have access to the emplacement room.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	EIS-03-53	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-05.28	At the repository level (access tunnels and emplacement rooms), the rock support will be provided through combinations of the following materials: 25-mm-diameter galvanized hollow-core mechanical rock bolts, 15.2-mm-diameter cable bolts, fibre-reinforced shotcrete, plain (or un-reinforced) shotcrete, and welded wire mesh.  In the emplacement rooms it is planned to install 3-m-long bolts on 2.05 m × 2.05 m spacing. A spacing pattern of 1.68 m × 1.68 m and	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-187	D&C
	2.4-m-long bolts will likely be used in the access tunnels. Supplementary cable bolts will be installed in selected areas such as shaft stations, maintenance areas and locations with wide intersections.			
IRC-EIS-05.29	Groutable mechanical bolts will be installed and initially pre-stressed to about 2 tonnes. In addition to bolting, wire mesh or fibre-reinforced shotcrete will be applied after each round to prevent small "loose rock" from falling and jeopardizing the safety of the workers. When wire mesh is used, then plain shotcrete will be applied over the mesh at a later time when it is most convenient in the construction cycle. As the rooms and tunnels are advanced, grouting of the rock bolts will be performed through their hollow cores. The grout will provide an additional corrosion protective layer around outside of bolts to ensure longevity of the rock support system.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-187	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
IRC-EIS-05.39	Table 2: - Engineering: The ground support design will incorporate rock bolts and welded-wire mesh and/or shotcrete to prevent spalled or "loose rock" from falling from the tunnel roof (refer to IR response EIS-05-187).	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-203	D&C	
IRC-EIS-08.34	Results and recommendations from the 2D and 3D modeling will be incorporated into the design basis and will support the design of the rock support system for various underground openings. The modeling will also support the development of the geotechnical investigation and monitoring plan as described in OPG's response to Information Request EIS-07-302 (OPG 2012b).	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-381	D&C	
IRC-EIS-09.31	Panel 1 will be filled in two stages (Panel 1a and 1b).	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	EIS-09-463	D&C	
IRC-EIS-10.03	Some mitigation is in the form of design elements, such as ground support, and others will be implemented as part of construction activities (e.g., geotechnical program, health and safety procedures, inspection and verification, etc.).	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-485	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-01.22	In addition to the permanent Refuge Station, there will be portable refuge stations positioned closer to the emplacement rooms as they are filled during operations.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-09	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-01.23	The portable refuge stations will be supplied with breathing air from the surface-based compressors, as well as contained in compressed air bottles.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-09	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-01.79	The permanent refuge station will have a clean breathing air supply from the surface compressors that is connected to the emergency electrical power.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-24	D&C	
IRC-LPSC-03.05	Hard-wired emergency phones will be installed at each refuge station as a back-up system to ensure communications with surface, as required by the Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act and Regulations for Mines and Mining Plants 854/90, Section 26. This includes portable refuge stations located in the panel access tunnels (refer to response to IR-EIS-03-60).	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	LPSC-03-59	D&C	

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	Waste Package Receiving Building			
LIC-044	the building [WPRB] will be actively ventilated (limiting concentration and condensation) and there will be no activities [waste handling] involving routine use of water within the waste package handling area.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.4.2.1	D&C OPS
LIC-056	the WPRB floor will be above the maximum flood level.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.1.2 (Flooding – Above Ground)	D&C
	Waste Rock Management Area			
IRC-EIS-03.12	All waste rock storage locations will be stripped of vegetation and topsoil, and then prepared to receive the waste rock. The base of the waste rock storage areas will be graded to promote drainage towards perimeter ditches. Thus any precipitation onto the waste rock piles will not pond inside the piles and will be directed to the perimeter ditches. The perimeter ditching will be located between the waste rock piles and the wetland to the northeast and this ditching will prevent seepage from the waste rock piles reaching the wetland.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	EIS-03-96	D&C
EA-039 EA-267 IRC-EIS-05.32 IRC-EIS-08.13 IRC-EIS-09.36	Prior to the deposition of waste rock in the Waste Rock Management Area, silt curtains will be installed between the drainage ditches and the toe of the waste rock pile (i.e. the permanent stockpile of limestone). These will be maintained for the development of the waste rock pile during of the construction phase until it is observed that silty material is no longer being released from the waste rock pile. In addition, vegetation will be re-established in the area between the silt curtain and the waste rock pile to assist in limiting the migration of sediment to the silt curtains and the drainage ditches.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-192	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.51	The WRMA will include a base of graded silty clay till. The SWMP with its base at 177.5 metres would be excavated into till which is at an elevation of 180 metres or higher in this area based on the four boreholes drilled on the SWMP perimeter.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-229	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.44	The final detailed project design will ensure that runoff from the DGR Project site and the Waste Rock Management Area (WRMA) is managed by the stormwater management pond (SWMP) and will not measurably affect inflows (runoff) to the wetland in the northeast portion of the Project Area.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-473	D&C

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-01.91	The waste rock management area (WRMA) will be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil which will be temporary stockpiled and re-used elsewhere on site. The site will be graded to ensure drainage to the perimeter storm water collection ditches. The ditches will be constructed as part of the site preparation activities prior to the deposition of waste rock.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-28	D&C
H-13-03	The ultimate height of the [waste rock] pile will be 15 metres and occupy approximately nine hectares in the DGR project site.	Volume 13 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1646) p.17	October 1, 2013	D&C
	Others			
EA-135	All human effluent from underground "mine toilets" and surface washrooms will be collected and pumped to the existing sewage treatment system at the Bruce nuclear site.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.10, Likely Effects	D&C
LIC-022	For sewage in the underground areas, toilets will be provided at the sanitary facilities. These "mine toilets" are typical to underground mining applications and use compressed air to function as simple, small-scale sewage treatment plants. This allows the self-contained toilet/reservoir units to function for approximately 18 months before a fluid clean-out is required. These will be forkliftable and will be taken to surface for the clean-out work to be completed.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.3.10.5	D&C OPS
LIC-024	Removable shielding and specialized lifting hardware, if required, will be installed at the WWMF during retrieval from storage.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.4.2.1	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-07.04	the storage tank will be located on a concrete pad which drains to a sump and all releases will be contained.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-279	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.88	DGR project site communication system will likely connect to a fibre optics cable that is currently being installed in the abandoned railway bed located between DGR project site and Western Waste Management Facility.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-26	D&C
	15.5) Flood Analysis			
IRC-EIS-04.32 H-15-02	As part of finalizing the site grading plan, OPG will update the Maximum Flood Hazard Assessment (AMEC NSS 2011) to provide assurance that the maximum flood level will be below the shaft collar height considering the latest estimates of PMP, including consideration of climate change.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-143	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase		
LIC-136 IRC-EIS-07.09	<ul> <li>Implications from this study:</li> <li>Increasing the elevation/grade of Interconnecting Road in the vicinity of the DGR site is anticipated to increase PMF water levels across the DGR site.</li> <li>If the final design for drainage works (e.g. ditches and culverts) is of a similar nature to that depicted in the Preliminary Safety Report, then computed PMF water levels will be similar to that documented in this report. "Upsized" drainage infrastructure could, however, potentially have a positive influence on computed PMF water levels (e.g. lower water level) and conversely downsizing could have a negative impact.</li> </ul>	Maximum Flood Hazard Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-35 R000	ES Sec. 5.3.5	D&C		
LIC-138	During the detailed site design phase, potential on-site flooding hazards should be re-assessed taking into account final design parameters, in particular the final site grading, stormwater infrastructure and internal stormwater ditch crossings.	Maximum Flood Hazard Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR- 2011-35 R000	Sec. 7.0	D&C		
IRC-EIS-07.09	There is a large margin in the current design relative to the risk of flooding. This will be reaffirmed as part of the detailed design process.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00151 (CEAA Registry Doc# 843)	EIS-07-285	D&C		
	15.6) Permits, Authorizations					
	Environmental Compliance Approval(s)					
EA-004	It is not expected that notification will be required under the [Canada-U.S. Air Quality Agreement]; however, the Certificate of Approval for air/noise required for the DGR Project will confirm whether the project meets the notification criteria and that no submission is required.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 1.5.1, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para	D&C		
EA-097 IRC-LPSC-04.30	Certificates of Approval will be obtained as required for the DGR. OPG will monitor environmental releases in accordance with these Certificates of Approval and report the results as required.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.15.2, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para	All		
EA-101	The quality of air that is exhausted to the atmosphere via the Ventilation Shaft will be monitored to ensure the concentrations of potential contaminants comply with Certification of Approval limits.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.15.2.1, 4 <sup>th</sup> para, 2 <sup>nd</sup> sentence	D&C OPS		
<b>EA-164</b> EA-223	Confirm effectiveness of water treatment by stormwater management pond.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 12.2-1, Water Quality	D&C OPS		

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
EA-002 EA-113 EA-116 EA-159 EA-163 EA-211 EA-221 EA-222 EAFMP-050 IRC-EIS-05.30 IRC-LPSC-01.90	If exceedances of the discharge criteria are detected, the SWMP outlet will be closed. Treatment will be applied as appropriate. SWMP water will be tested prior to release to confirm that the treatment is effective and that the discharge criteria are achieved. Daily samples will be collected and analyzed for the first week. Provided there are no exceedances, sampling will revert to the normal frequency. The type of treatment will depend on the parameters that exceed the discharge criteria. In the event that total suspended solids concentrations exceed the discharge criteria, additional mitigation measures such as additional sediment, erosion and dust control measures can be implemented where appropriate.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.1	D&C OPS	
IRC-EIS-02.01 IRC-EIS-04.07 H-13-06 H-24-16	OPG will obtain a Certificate of Approval for the stormwater management pond. Effluent from the stormwater management pond will be analyzed. In the event that contaminant levels exceed certificate of approval discharge criteria, effluent will not be released until discharge criteria are met.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	EIS-02-24	D&C	
IRC-EIS-04.10 IRC-EIS-05.23 IRC-EIS-07.18 IRC-EIS-12.19	Final water quality criteria for the effluent from the SWMP will be developed as part of the Ontario Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA). The limits will be established taking into consideration the Provincial Water Quality Objectives, the acute toxicity thresholds for sensitive species that are present in the receiving environment, and the existing water quality in the receiving water at MacPherson Bay. The regulatory process will not allow the release of effluent from the SWMP that is acutely toxic to aquatic receptors.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	D&C	
IRC-EIS-04.11 IRC-EIS-05.24	Particular attention will be paid to salinity and nitrogen compounds when developing water quality criteria.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	D&C	
IRC-EIS-05.06	One sample location will be sited at the sump discharge, through which all underground water will flow, in order to characterize the sump water quality. A second location, chosen near the Waste Rock Management Area, will characterize the surface water runoff from the waste rock piles and other areas of the DGR Project site.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-172	D&C OPS	
	The sample site located at the SWMP outlet will be used to verify that the discharge meets Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) criteria (previously called Certificate of Approval discharge criteria).				

TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-08.01 IRC-EIS-08.02 IRC-EIS-08.03	OPG acknowledges that an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA [formerly Certificate of Approval (Air)]), will be required for the relevant emission sources of the DGR Project, and that approval by the Ministry of Environment (MOE) to use local meteorological data is required under section 13 of O. Reg. 419/05. The ECA application for air emissions from the project will be completed in accordance with O. Reg. 419/05 and/or regulations relevant at the time of submission.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-326	D&C
H-09-02	OPG would need to apply to the Ontario Minister of Environment for an environmental compliance approval or ECA. The MOE has specific defined guidelines for making such an application. OPG will follow these guidelines. In addition, the specific sources and activities for which the ECA will be required will be agreed with the MOE prior to filing any applications. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 9 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1611) p.120	September 25, 2013	D&C
	Permits			
EA-195	If fish salvage is required prior to the construction of the crossing over the abandoned rail bed, a Fish Collection Permit will be obtained from the Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources.	Aquatic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-01 R000	Sec. 13.2	D&C
EAFMP-022	Water volumes will be monitored daily during dewatering and total daily flow volumes will be recorded as part of the regulatory monitoring program to confirm that the daily water takings are below the limit in the PTTW [Permit to Take Water], but will also serve to confirm the effectiveness of the advance grouting or freezing.	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 3.4	D&C
EAFMP-056	If daily water taking records exceed the maximum daily volume in the PTTW, dewatering will be halted until mitigation measures can be implemented (e.g., additional grouting).	DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program, NWMO DGR-TR-2011- 10 R000	Sec. 13.2	D&C
EA-193 EAFMP-026 <u>H-23-13</u>	In addition to a CNSC licence for site preparation and construction, OPG will require a number of federal, provincial, and municipal permits and authorizations for the site preparation and construction phase of the DGR Project.  Among these permits and authorizations are the following; environmental compliance approvals from the Ontario Ministry of the Environment for air emissions and noise emissions and for industrial sewage works prior to constructing the stormwater management system; the submission of a notice of project to the Ontario Ministry of Labour prior to the start of construction activities; a licence from NRCan for transportation and storage of explosives during construction; a permit from Bruce County for	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.172	October 28, 2013	D&C

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase
	tree cutting and, as committed, a permit from the Saugeen Valley Conservation Authority prior to the construction of the crossing over the south railway ditch which will allow for future transfer of wastes from the Western Waste Management Facility to the DGR.		
	15.7) Human Performance		
IRC-LPSC-01.30	Where HF requirements cannot be incorporated into DGR-specific design activities (e.g., Human Machine Interface (HMI), vendor supplied equipment) the requirements will be incorporated into procurement specifications for verification and validation prior to selection.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, LPSC 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	-01-11 D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.01	<ul> <li>OPG will specifically focus on NWMO making use of the following human performance elements:</li> <li>Implementation of assessment and corrective action programs,</li> <li>Development of governance and procedural compliance,</li> <li>Implementation of training program - training and qualification requirements,</li> <li>Promotion, assessment and maintenance of a strong nuclear safety culture and safe working practices,</li> <li>Control of design and design changes,</li> <li>Use of OPEX,</li> <li>Performance expectations and management,</li> <li>Verification of work.</li> </ul>	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	2-48 D&C
H-23-19	With respect to the sufficient numbers of qualified workers, it is our intention that we will solicit contractor support that have the trained and qualified personnel to undertake the work that is being performed. It is not the expectation that the project will train on common core, that individuals will come properly certified, trained and training records will be maintained as part of that.	Volume 23 Octob (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.176	er 28, 2013 D&C
H-25-23	There are several requirements that will impose on contractors through our procurement process. And the first stage of our procurement process is a pre-qualification.	Volume 25 Octob (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.74	er 30, 2013 D&C
H-25-24	only those companies that meet the criteria around solid management systems, solid health and safety performance, solid environmental performance will make the cut to be eligible to give proposals for the actual work.	Volume 25 Octob (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.75	er 30, 2013 D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	15.8) Commissioning			
EA-045	The commissioning team will verify that vendor recommended maintenance procedures are available.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.7, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, last sentence	D&C
LIC-079	The Commissioning Management Plan will define the commissioning process with detailed activities and schedule for the commissioning of the DGR. The Commissioning Management Plan will have two distinct stages because initial commissioning of the temporary main and ventilation shaft hoists and associated headframes will occur early in order to support development of the underground repository. Quality assurance requirements for commissioning activities will be included in the Commissioning Management Plan and will include specification of the required commissioning tests, definition of prerequisites, acceptance criteria for each test, necessary procedures, and final acceptance review. The plan will also describe the mechanism for identification and control of equipment and systems during commissioning. The design organization will also review and accept the Commissioning Management Plan to ensure structure, systems and components are systematically validated against design requirements. Final commissioning documents will be maintained as quality assurance records.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216-SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 11.3.3	D&C
IRC-LPSC-01.107	The commissioning plan as referenced in the Design and Construction Phase Management System document (NWMO 2011) will be inclusive for temporary equipment required for construction, as well as the end-use commissioning requirements to meet Ontario Power Generation's operational acceptance requirements.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-38	D&C
	15.9) Records and Document Control			
IRC-LPSC-02.04	OPG, through its Contractor Management Process Manual (FIN-MAN-CM-001), will request and review the Health and Safety Management System of contractors including the requirements for incident investigation, analysis and reporting.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-51	D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.05	OPG will maintain all project records created within OPG and all NWMO submittals to OPG in accordance with the Records and Document Control (N-PROG-AS-0006) for both the Regulatory Approvals and the Design and Construction phases.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-52	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO D&C PHASE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
H-07-02 <b>H-17-36</b>	Those records will be maintained with the project. We identify certain records as life of project records and they will be transferred from NWMO to OPG [] to their system at the end of the construction period.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.53	October 5, 2013	D&C	
	15.10) Site Security				
IRC-LPSC-04.15	Personnel working at the Bruce nuclear site will be further restricted from access to the DGR Project through the project's restricted access.  Visitors to the project site will be escorted in accordance with procedure.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C	
	15a) FINANCIAL GUARANTEE				
H-23-09	OPG will also provide the required financial guarantee.	Volume 23 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1736) p.169	October 28, 2013	All	
<u>LIC-156</u> LIC-160	The financial guarantee will be provided in the form of a Letter of Credit on a sliding scale basis that escalates as the financial guarantee obligation increases during the construction program.	OPG Letter dated Apr.14, 2011, 00216-CORR-00531-00090	Attach. 3 to letter, Decommissioning Financial Guarantee	D&C	
<u>LIC-157</u> LIC-161	The financial guarantee estimate for the ensuing period before the next update will be used to determine the value of the Letter of Credit for that period.	OPG Letter dated Apr.14, 2011, 00216-CORR-00531-00090	Attach. 3 to letter, Decommissioning Financial Guarantee	D&C	
<u>LIC-158</u> LIC-161	Regular reports to the CNSC will provide status on program progress, estimated cost and the required financial guarantee.	OPG Letter dated Apr.14, 2011, 00216-CORR-00531-00090	Attach. 3 to letter, Decommissioning Financial Guarantee	D&C	
	16) DECOMMISSIONING/POSTCLOSURE				
EA-080	The Preliminary Decommissioning Plan will be reviewed and revised periodically to incorporate changes in the planning assumptions.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.11, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	D&C OPS	

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	17) MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
	17.1) OPG Management System			
LIC-155	Deep Geologic Repository Project, Management System, 00216-CHAR-0001  [The complete document is essentially commitments]	Deep Geologic Repository Project Management System, 00216- CHAR-0001 R001	All	D&C
IRC-EIS-13.13	It is this deep rooted safety culture that OPG expects will continue to guide and develop the programs and processes for safe DGR construction and operations. There is still more to be learned from the experiences at WIPP and OPG remains committed under our current programs which assure they are evaluated and opportunities for improvement are sought.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	D&C OPS
IRC-LPSC-02.03	OPG will be focusing on the following elements that demonstrate a strong safety culture at the NWMO:  1. Personal responsibility for safety 2. Leaders demonstrate commitment to safety 3. Trust permeates the organization 4. Decision making reflects safety first 5. Technology is recognized as unique 6. A questioning attitude is cultivated 7. Organizational Learning is embraced 8. Safety undergoes constant examination	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-50	D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.08	W-PROC-WM-0047 (Conduct of Safety Assessment and Licensing), allows OPG to accept safety analysis performed by external contractors when they have either used OPG's management system to perform the safety analysis, or they have performed the safety analysis using their own procedures provided they are accepted by the Manager of Safety Assessment & Licensing. Changes to the safety analysis will be accepted on the same basis.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-54	D&C
H-25-03	As an additional quality control, OPG will approve all contracts for DGR services or equipment before they are awarded.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.35	October 30, 2013	D&C

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	17.2) NWMO Management System			
	General			
LIC-154	Design and Construction Phase Management System (OPG's L&ILW DGR), DGR-PD-EN-0001  [The complete document is essentially commitments]	Design and Construction Phase Management System (OPG's L&ILW DGR Project), DGR-PD- EN-0001 R001	All	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.41 IRC-LPSC-04.10 IRC-LPSC-04.16	The Site Preparation and Construction activities will be governed through NWMO's Design and Construction Phase Management System (NWMO 2011) and supporting plans and procedures.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-212	D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.02 IRC-LPSC-02.07	Changes to the NWMO management system will be reviewed to ensure that this initial determination remains unchanged, consistent with the contracted services management processes referenced in the OPG management system.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-49	D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.10	Scopes of work with supporting project information, applicable requirements and constraints will be provided to the prospective contractors initially through the contracting stage. Expected conditions, design, rock support, end-use requirements and quality assurance/control expectations will be provided as part of Request For Proposals. Contractor proposals will be evaluated on their approach to meet the requirements specified.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-55	D&C
H-08-08 RC-LPSC-04.12	There is also the following project-specific documentation which will implement the requirements for health and safety of the workers and the public, and for environmental protection, during the site preparation and construction phase.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.23	The target values for the performance indicators indicated in Table 2 will be reviewed and modified, as necessary, prior to the start of site preparation and construction activities, based on industry benchmarks for similar activities.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.32	During the site preparation and construction phase of the DGR project, the environment, and the health and safety of the public and the workers will be protected through identification and assessment of all project risks	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C

Commitment No.	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APF Commitment Description	PLICABLE TO D&C PHASE Reference		DGR
Communent No.	Communent Description	Reference		Phase
	and hazards, detailed evaluation of adverse effects, provision of mitigation measures for malfunctions and accidents and a robust management system to govern and direct all project work to be conducted in compliance with established quality standards and regulatory requirements.			
H-25-02	NWMO has and will further develop project-specific governance for their responsibilities on this project. NWMO will, in turn, extend those requirements to all contractors involved in the site preparation and construction activities.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.32	October 30, 2013	D&C
	Governance			
EA-048	A DGR project-specific Document Management Plan and associated instructions will be prepared for the purpose of day-today control of various DGR Project documents.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.8.4, 2 <sup>nd</sup> sent.	D&C
EA-049	A Procurement and Contracts Management Plan will be prepared for the DGR project.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.8.5, 1 <sup>st</sup> sent	D&C
IRC-EIS-09.35	[] The DGR procurement process will be guided by Supply Chain policies and procedures.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-468	D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.06	Procurement and Contracts Management Plan, DGR-PLAN-00800-1001: This DGR Project specific document will include requirements currently included in NWMO's procurement procedure and also include new requirements for inspection of purchased items and materials, receiving, and storage and handling.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-53	D&C
	Organization			
IRC-LPSC-01.101	The project organization will include a health, safety and environment manager who is responsible for facilitating safe work planning as well as performing field monitoring and coaching on safe work practices.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-37	D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.09	During the construction phase, there will be many interfaces and processes in place to communicate project requirements with the contractors and to ensure that the requirements are met.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-55	D&C
IRC-LPSC-02.11	These plans will be reviewed by the project team and further reviewed with the independent technical review group as required. Plans will be further assessed against the requirements of the project quality plan, quality inspection and testing plans and the geoscientific verification plan requirements.	OPG Letter dated Jun.1, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00115 (CEAA Registry Doc# 523)	LPSC-02-55	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-04.20	During the site preparation and construction phase of the DGR project, organizational structures and procedures will be in place to achieve a high level of worker health and safety.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.24	During the site preparation and construction phase of the DGR project, organizational structures and procedures will be in place to achieve a high level of environmental protection.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
	Risk Management			
IRC-LPSC-04.11	In accordance with NWMO's Risk Management Procedure, a DGR Design and Construction Phase Risk Management Plan is prepared. This plan will be regularly updated by the DGR D&C project team throughout the project.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.08	Detailed plans and instructions for managing risks specific to site preparation and construction hazards will be developed in accordance with the project management system.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.19	Additional and on-going risk/hazard assessments will be conducted prior to the commencement of work on the DGR Project site and includes all stakeholders who can be affected by the activities being conducted (i.e. client, constructor, contractors, etc.).	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.27	The project will implement a number of risk assessment and risk management activities prior to work being initiated in the field. These will include:  • hazard identification workshops (HAZIDs),  • quantitative risk analysis (QRAs),  • HAZOPs,  • design and engineering reviews,  • constructability reviews, and  • maintainability and operability reviews.  The DGR Project management team will regularly review existing health, safety and environmental protection procedures.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C

	TABLE B: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APP	LICABLE TO D&C PHASE		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-LPSC-04.28	All changes to design, construction method or field procedure will be made in conjunction with risk analysis of the planned change.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
IRC-LPSC-04.29	Risk analysis may deem that a change in the design or work procedure is required:  If a design change is to be affected the formal change management process will be followed.  If a procedural change is required the procedure will be revised and circulated for review. Once reviewed and accepted the new procedure will be communicated to those that use it and the required instruction on the new procedure will be provided.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	LPSC-04-66	D&C
H-25-25	we have an ongoing review of the risk management processes - right now it's on a quarterly basis - based on the design activities and the activities that we have underway.  When we move into the field, that will be done on a weekly basis and it will be part of every morning meeting. Risk assessment will be there.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.84	October 30, 2013	D&C
H-25-26	There will be daily meetings at the beginning of every shift. The key elements get together and they discuss they have the running punch list and the running risk list. Risk identification and risk concerns are addressed on a weekly basis formally.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.88	October 30, 2013	D&C
	Quality Assurance			
EA-092	The Project Quality Plan for the site preparation and construction phase will be compliant with CAN/CSA N286-05 and ISO 9001:2008 quality management standards, include project specific quality objectives, and describe the quality requirements for all the functional areas of site preparation and construction for the DGR.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.14.1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.45	NWMO's corporate Performance Assurance group will provide an oversight role to ensure the quality activities at the project level are consistent with NWMO's corporate requirements.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-212	D&C
IRC-EIS-05.46	The roles identified in Figure 4.14-1 are project specific and will be working closely together on a day-to-day basis. Regular project meetings will ensure key issues are discussed and progressed.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-212	D&C

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phas
IRC-EIS-09.23 IRC-EIS-09.24	With respect to the role of the project Quality Assurance Manager position shown on Figure 4.14.1-1, this position, in conjunction with the NWMO corporate Performance Assurance Director position, will ensure that all DGR project-related quality objectives and requirements are met through providing guidance to project staff and contractors and in conducting audits and assessment of performance. More specifically, the project Quality Assurance Manager will:  • Maintain the Construction Quality Assurance Plan,  • Maintain the Field Quality and Inspection Manual,  • Communicate the requirements of the Construction Quality Assurance Plan and Field Quality and Inspection Manual,  • Audit the inspection and test process to confirm that acceptance criteria have been established and are being achieved,  • Provide quality oversight of construction activities to ensure requirements of the Construction Quality Assurance Plan are achieved,  • Monitor the work of contractors to ensure that quality assurance and control activities are completed as required.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	D&C

APPENDIX C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE

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	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLIC	ABLE TO OPERATIONS PH	ASE	
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	1) GENERAL COMMITMENTS			
EA-077	If additional storage is required, waste transfer operations will be discontinued and construction activities resumed.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.10.2, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, 3 <sup>rd</sup> sentence	OPS
EA-078	Should the DGR Project be cancelled for any purpose during the operations phase, the DGR facility would be decommissioned as described in the Preliminary Decommissioning Plan.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.10.3	OPS
EA-153	OPG's Nuclear Waste Management Policy requires that activities involving the handling, processing, transportation and storage of radioactive material be performed in a manner that protects the workers, the public and the environment, and ensures compliance with applicable regulatory and licence basis requirements.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.3.3, 1 <sup>st</sup> para	OPS
EA-238	During operations, DGR workers will be NEWs [Nuclear Energy Workers]. During the site preparation and construction and decommissioning phases, the construction workers will not be considered NEWs.	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Sec. 4.1.1	OPS
H-01-02	To optimize the available capacity, OPG plans to implement waste processing initiatives for - to further reduce waste volumes that would be placed in the DGR.	Volume 1 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1567) p.45	September 16, 2013	OPS
H-01-03	If a need to expand the DGR is identified to accommodate additional low and intermediate level waste, the required regulatory processes at the time will be followed [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 1 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1567) p.45	September 16, 2013	OPS
H-01-10	And so we fully anticipate now that we would be placing decommissioning wasteShould that decision finally take place once we have decommissioning waste being generated or waste arising from decommissioning, we will go through the regulatory approval to allow placement in the DGR if there is capacity. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 1 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1567) p.76	September 16, 2013	OPS
IRC-EIS-04.06	OPG does not envisage a scenario where waste retrieval will be necessary, but wastes will be retrievable as described in the response to IR-EIS-04-122.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-124	OPS DEC
IRC-EIS-05.47	Activities during the operations phase will be governed by OPG's Nuclear Charter N-CHAR-AS-0002 "Nuclear Management System" which communicates Chief Nuclear Officer expectations regarding implementation of the Nuclear Management System.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-213	OPS

	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLIC	ABLE TO OPERATIONS PH	ASE	
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-08.10 H-05-03	OPG continuously operates with waste minimization in mind, stations have waste minimization strategies, and this ongoing process will be applied to retrieved wastes prior to emplacement in the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-346	OPS
IRC-EIS-13.15	As many of the [WIPP] Phase 1 Report findings are directly related to radiological operations, future operating plans and procedures specific to the DGR will consider the WIPP findings in their development.	OPG Letter dated May 9, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00235 (CEAA Registry Doc# 327)	EIS-13-515	OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.15	<ul> <li>The DGR will be compliant with these regulations:</li> <li>PSR, Section 1.4.1, Section 7.1.2.1 and Section 10.1, indicate that the Radiation Protection Regulations (SOR/2000-203) are applicable to the DGR.</li> <li>PSR, Table 6-1 and Section 6.10.1, indicate that the DGR will be compliant with the OPG Radiation Protection Requirements. These OPG requirements include equivalent dose limits that are equal to the CNSC limits (Sections 4.1 to 4.3, OPG 2001).</li> <li>Preliminary ALARA Assessment, Section 4.1 (SENES 2011) indicates that the Radiation Protection Regulations apply (SOR/2000-203), and Section 4.2.1 indicates that the regulations are implemented through the OPG Radiation Protection Requirements.</li> </ul>	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-07	OPS
	2) GEOLOGY			
IRC-EIS-12.32	During operations there will be on-going visual inspection of the ground support systems. After approximately 20 years of operation (or sooner if visual inspection indicates problem bolts), there will be non-destructive testing of selected rock bolts and cable bolts to confirm integrity of bolts. Systematic testing would be performed in accordance with a recognized standard or procedure.	OPG Letter dated Apr. 4, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00227 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1837)	EIS-12a-512	OPS
IRC-EIS-12.33	Rock deformation/movement (e.g. by extensometers and other instruments) will be performed throughout the operations phase as per the Geoscientific Verification Plan (NWMO 2014) to detect excessive rock deformation and possible overloading of rock bolts or cable bolts. Additional rock support will be installed, as required, in the event that rock deformation exceeds a predefined allowable amount of deformation.	OPG Letter dated Apr. 4, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00227 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1837)	EIS-12a-512	OPS

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE							
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase			
	3) MANAGEMENT OF LOW AND INTERMEDIATE LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE						
	3.1) Updated Waste Inventory						
IRC-EIS-01.10 IRC-EIS-13.01	Continuing work is underway which will improve the estimates of total projected DGR radionuclide activity. A revised reference inventory will be presented as part of the application for the Operating Licence.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-06	OPS			
IRC-EIS-01.17 IRC-EIS-01.27	During DGR operations, an updated current inventory of waste volume and total radioactivity stored at the DGR will be provided on a quarterly or annual basis, similar to the quarterly reports presently issued by the Western Waste Management Facility to the CNSC. An updated projected inventory based on the received waste packages and future forecast packages would be provided in support of subsequent licence renewal applications.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-33	OPS			
	3.2) Waste Packages						
LIC-010	Waste packages transferred to the DGR will contain additional shielding as needed in order to meet the waste acceptance criteria (Table 5-5).	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 5.9	OPS			
LIC-049	ILW resin liners will be transferred to the DGR in either an unshielded liner, or in one of three types of shield packages [].	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.1.2 (Inadequate Shielding due to Human Error)	OPS			
LIC-117	Ash bins will be overpacked in a DGR-ready LLW sheet metal overpack.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 3.2.1	OPS			
LIC-118	Non-processible wastes are stored in a family of non-pro boxes having a standard footprint and differing in height (and therefore volume capacity). The boxes are of painted sheet metal, and generally open topped. Lids will be provided when they are transferred (without any overpack) for emplacement in the DGR.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 3.2.1	OPS			
LIC-119	ALW sludges are stored in carbon steel sludge boxes, which will be placed in LLW sheet metal overpacks prior to consignment to the DGR.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 3.2.1	OPS			

	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE							
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase				
LIC-120	For operational radiation protection purposes, most resin liners will be overpacked in cylindrical concrete shields. Each overpack will contain one or two resin liners, depending on the specific design. The reference concrete overpack has a concrete wall thickness of 0.25 m. Variant concrete overpacks will also be used where greater shielding is needed (one with a wall thickness of 0.35 m, and one with wall thickness of 0.35 m and a 40 mm thick steel insert).	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 3.2.2	OPS				
IRC-EIS-09.48 IRC-EIS-10.05 IRC-LPSC-01.111 LIC-147	For other classes of higher dose-rate wastes, such as some ion exchange resins, shielding overpacks will be used in order to meet the waste package dose rate restrictions of the waste acceptance criteria. The reference overpacking and shielding assumptions for each waste type are given in Table 2.1 of the DGR Reference Inventory report (OPG 2010). These will be reviewed as the DGR design and the waste acceptance criteria are finalized. Note that some of the overpacks have not yet been designed. These will be developed in conjunction with the finalization of the DGR design, safety assessment and waste acceptance criteria development to ensure that they meet all applicable requirements and are fully integrated into the design and safety assessment.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-474	OPS				
IRC-EIS-09.52	Prior to transfer to the DGR, the open-topped containers will be fitted with a lid and the open-sided containers will be provided with side panels or overpacked as necessary. This will enclose the contents during handling and transfer to the DGR. As mentioned previously, any containers that are "at risk" or do not pass the inspection step will be remediated prior to transfer to the DGR, thus increasing their remaining life.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-474	OPS				
IRC-EIS-09.53	All of the containers are procured using a technical specification for each type, which includes required design life, gross mass and stacking requirements. Similar technical specifications will be prepared for new containers and overpacks that have not yet been designed.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-474	OPS				
IRC-EIS-09.48 IRC-EIS-10.05 <u>IRC-LPSC-01.111</u> LIC-147	Optimize the design of the ILW Shield waste containers: The detailed design of these waste packages is not currently available, as they are not intended for use until 2019. For the Preliminary ALARA assessment, the package dose rates were therefore assumed conservatively high. The design will be prepared incorporating the ALARA principle, before such packages are put into service.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-39	OPS				

Commitment No.	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLIC  Commitment Description	Reference	DGR	
	3.3) Waste Package Transfer			Phase
EA-054	Waste packages will be tracked regarding their location within the DGR.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.2.2, 1 <sup>st</sup> para, last sent.	OPS
LIC-009	Waste containers and inventories stored at WWMF are presently tracked using OPG's Integrated Waste Tracking System electronic waste tracking database (ANDERSON05). This system, or a similar one, will be adopted for the DGR, so that waste packages will be tracked with respect to their location within the DGR. This system will contain information on the characteristics of each package, and will have the ability to produce reports on the waste inventory within the DGR at any time.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 5.7	OPS
LIC-016	At no time will radioactive waste be transferred in the main cage while personnel are being concurrently transferred in the auxiliary cage under normal operating conditions.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.3.1.3	OPS
LIC-041	The inventories in the WPRB will generally be small, as the WPRB is not intended for storage as packages will be transferred directly to the main shaft cage and then down to the repository. However, there will be capacity for some temporary storage for waste packages if necessary.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.3	OPS
LIC-047	Retube Waste (Pressure Tubes) will be transferred directly to the underground repository [].	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.4.4.1	OPS
LIC-142	It is expected that a maximum of 24 LLW packages and 2 resin liner shields will be staged inside the WPRB (in the corner of the WPRB, as shown in Figure 3.1) at one time.	Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Sec. 3.1	OPS
LIC-151	The operation of the DGR will span a period of about 40 years. A plan for the transfer of packages will be drawn up prior to commencement of emplacement operations, which will take into account the storage locations and accessibility of the packages at the WWMF and the requirements for emplacement underground, so that groups of packages are delivered to the DGR efficiently.	Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Appendix A	OPS
IRC-EIS-03.07	Packing optimization and placement scheduling will be further developed through the operating phase of the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	EIS-03-62	OPS

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE							
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase			
IRC-EIS-04.05	Other ILW packages will need to be provided with an add-on shield to protect workers while these waste packages are transferred underground. This shielding will sometimes be removed if safe to do so and re-used if practical, otherwise it will be retained on the waste after emplacement.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-123	OPS			
IRC-EIS-08.08	Waste package movement at the DGR, through surface handling, shaft handling, underground transfer and placement in emplacement rooms, will be conducted in a physically stable configuration utilizing practices that meet applicable regulations (refer to OPG 2011, Section 6.5 for methods of package handling).	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-344	OPS			
EA-052 IRC-EIS-09.59	All treatment, conditioning and packaging of wastes will continue to be performed at the WWMF under its existing operating licence and/or at other specialized facilities licensed for this purpose, prior to transfer to the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-476	OPS			
IRC-EIS-10.20	Carts with waste packages that require off-loading by crane will be driven to the special rail-equipped emplacement rooms under manual pendant control at a maximum speed of approximately 0.5 m/s and off-loaded using a gantry crane. Rigging and lifting practices will be as per approved OPG procedures.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-496	OPS			
IRC-EIS-10.14	The light duty model [forklift] will be used for the majority of the LLW packages, while the heavy duty model will be used for the heavier packages (mostly shielded ILW packages).	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-496	OPS D&C			
IRC-EIS-10.15	Certain waste packages and other irregular shaped waste objects (such as heat exchangers) not suited for forklift handling will be transferred from the WWMF to the DGR on a flatbed or similar truck. Prior to the trip, the waste package will be secured to the vehicle using tiedowns attached to designated points on the package and vehicle, as per standard OPG practice. The vehicle will be unloaded at the DGR by an overhead crane using OPG approved rigging and lifting practices.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-496	OPS D&C			
IRC-EIS-09.54 IRC-EIS-10.19	Waste packages will be stacked according to the specifications for each type using approved procedures, similar to those currently used by OPG in its surface storage facilities.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00185 (CEAA Registry Doc# 990)	EIS-10-496	OPS			
IRC-EIS-11.03	These robust waste packages [retube waste] are placed into interim storage and will be transferred to the DGR once it is in-service.	OPG Letter dated Jun.6, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00190 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1157)	EIS-11-504	OPS			

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase	
UT-02-06	During operation of the DGR Project, waste packages will be transferred from the Western Waste Management Facility (WWMF) to the DGR via a crossing of the railway ditches.	OPG Letter dated Dec.20, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00154 (CEAA Registry Doc# 842)	MTIS 2	OPS
	3.4) Waste Container Inspection			
IRC-EIS-01.24	During DGR operations, all waste packages sent to the DGR will be checked against the DGR waste acceptance criteria, which will include measuring the waste package dose rate to ensure it is within specified limits.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-33	OPS
IRC-EIS-04.23 LIC-042 LIC-043 LIC-092 LIC-141	(1) there will be no waste conditioning processes at the DGR; (2) all the waste packages arriving at the DGR will be closed with lids, and (3) external loose contamination will be checked prior to acceptance at the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-135	OPS
IRC-EIS-09.07 IRC-EIS-09.08	As part of retrieval of waste packages from the WWMF for transfer to the DGR, the waste package conditions will be assessed. Containers that are considered to be in poor condition will be overpacked and/or vented prior to transfer to the DGR.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-405	OPS
IRC-EIS-09.50	Quantitative inspection criteria for container damage have not yet been developed, but will be developed in the future as the waste acceptance criteria are finalized.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-474	OPS
IRC-EIS-09.51	As with package remediation, this would be done prior to transfer of the waste package to the DGR. The requirements and needs for this will be developed in the future as part of OPG's preparations for retrieval of the existing wastes in storage under the current WWMF operating licence.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-474	OPS
IRC-EIS-09.55 IRC-EIS-09.56 IRC-EIS-09.58	Any containers considered to be "at risk" during the pre-acceptance inspection will be suitably remediated prior to transfer to ensure that the required service life can be achieved.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00178 (CEAA Registry Doc# 949)	EIS-09-474	OPS

	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLIC	ABLE TO OPERATIONS PHA	ASE	
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-053 H-07-01 IRC-EIS-04.04 IRC-EIS-04.37 IRC-EIS-08.06 IRC-EIS-08.07 IRC-EIS-08.11 IRC-EIS-09.49 IRC-EIS-09.57 IRC-EIS-11.02 IRC-EIS-11.07 LIC-025 LIC-051	Prior to transfer and placement of a waste container into the repository, the exterior surfaces of the waste container will be visually inspected per the Deep Geologic Repository (DGR) Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC). In the event that a container is found not to be in good condition or does not otherwise meet the DGR WAC, the waste container will be repaired, if practical, repackaged or placed into an approved engineered waste overpack. Lifting points (e.g. fork lift pockets) on the container will be inspected, as required per OPG Nuclear (OPG-N) lifting and rigging procedures and OPG-N radiation protection procedures will be followed. Before beginning the overpacking of a container, a pre-job briefing will be conducted with workers, critical tasks, hazards and mitigation measures will be discussed and reviewed, and back-out conditions will be identified. In addition to using a normal waste container handling procedure, a special handling procedure would be prepared, if it was deemed necessary during the work planning process.	OPG Letter dated Jun.6, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00190 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1157)	EIS-11-501	OPS
IRC-EIS-11.06	For new containers arriving at OPG's Western Waste Management Facility (WWMF), OPG Supply Chain will perform a receipt inspection, including a visual inspection, to ensure that all required QA documents (e.g., material data report or certificates, test result, etc.) are accompanied with the container shipment and that the container's physical condition is acceptable.	OPG Letter dated Jun.6, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00190 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1157)	EIS-11-508	OPS
EA-053 H-07-01 IRC-EIS-04.04 IRC-EIS-04.37 IRC-EIS-08.06 IRC-EIS-08.07 IRC-EIS-08.11 IRC-EIS-09.49 IRC-EIS-09.57 IRC-EIS-11.02 IRC-EIS-11.07 LIC-025 LIC-051	All waste packages retrieved from WWMF will be transferred in a DGR-ready state on flat-bed transporters, covered transporters, or forklifts to the WPRB. The packages will be inspected to ensure that damage has not occurred in transfer and confirmed that waste acceptance criteria have been met.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216-SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.5.1.1	OPS

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE							
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference					
	3.5) Waste Acceptance Criteria						
EA-013 EA-029 IRC-EIS-04.36 IRC-EIS-10.04 LIC-008 <u>LIC-023</u>	All waste packages delivered to the DGR will be required to meet the Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC) described in Section 5.5. All packages will have lids and will be free of loose contamination.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.4	OPS			
IRC-EIS-04.33	Provided that the leachate toxic wastes meet all the other conditions of the DGR WAC, they will be accepted at the DGR. In the event that they are not acceptable under the DGR WAC, they will either be stabilized into an acceptable form, or they will be sent to another facility licensed to handle that type of waste.	OPG Letter dated Aug.27, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00134 (CEAA Registry Doc# 704)	EIS-04-147	OPS			
H-01-12	at this time we believe that we will be placing the decommissioning waste in our repository should it meet the waste acceptance criteria. If we need to, we will follow the regulatory process that's applicable if expansion is required for that facility.	Volume 1 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1567) p.144	September 16, 2013	OPS			
	4) ACCIDENTS, MALFUNCTIONS AND MALEVOLENT ACTS						
	4.1) Emergency Response						
EA-130	Radiological contaminant release will be responded to with a pre- developed plan for rescue of personnel and clean up.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.2, Health and Safety Facilities and Services, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	OPS			
<u>EA-145</u> EA-225	In the unlikely event of a radiological accident involving the DGR Project, unplanned releases will be controlled.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.2.1.3 (Non- Human Biota), 3 <sup>rd</sup> para	OPS			
EA-147	The effects on human and non-human biota from potential accidents at the DGR Project were found to be small; and can be minimized or controlled through implementation of the following mitigation measures:  • appropriate training and operating procedures;  • minimization of combustible materials and ignition sources, especially near waste packages;  • installation of suitable fire detection and suppression equipment, such as automatic fire suppression systems on diesel transfer	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.2.3, 1 <sup>st</sup> para and bullet list	OPS			

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE  Commitment No.   Commitment Description   Reference   DGF							
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference					
	equipment; emergency planning and response procedures; and appropriate follow-up measures corresponding to the results of the contamination and dose rate monitoring.						
EA-154	OPG will have programs in place for the DGR Project similar to those at the WWMF and that comply with the above standards and practices, as well as applicable Canadian standards, such as CSA Z16000-08 Emergency Management and Business Continuity Programs and CSA Z-731-03 Emergency Preparedness and Response.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.3.3, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	OPS			
LIC-032	The following events [] will have the same emergency response procedure:  • Fire;  • Explosion;  • CO alarm; and  • Explosive gas monitor alarm.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.9.1	OPS			
IRC-LPSC-01.39	In the event of an underground fire or waste package drop, the ventilation flows will not be changed until all underground personnel are accounted for in the refuge stations.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-15	OPS			
	4.2) Mine Rescue						
IRC-LPSC-03.10	As part of the Operational Readiness Plan for the DGR, OPG will review options for mine rescue capability during the operating phase.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	LPSC-03-61	OPS			
	5) OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY						
	5.1) Worker Safety						
LIC-088	The conventional occupational health and safety program will ensure worker safety through effective risk assessment and safe work planning.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Table 14-3, Item 2-1	OPS DEC			
EA-058	An overall Occupational Health and Safety Program will be implemented for the DGR that will meet the requirements of OPG's Environmental, Health and Safety Management Program W-PROG-ES-0001 applicable to its nuclear facilities. The program will also be consistent with the OPG Health and Safety Policy OPG-POL-0001 and the OPG Nuclear Safety Policy N-POL-0001.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.3, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	OPS			

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE								
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference						
EA-068	An Inspection and Maintenance Program consisting of policies, processes, and procedures will be developed with an objective to maintain the structures, systems and components of the DGR as per design specifications. The program will cover a range of inspection and maintenance activities including, but not limited to, monitoring, inspecting, testing, assessing, calibrating, servicing, repairing or replacing parts.	Environmental Impact Statement, Sec. 4.8.7.11, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para		OPS				
EA-104	OPG and its contractors will meet all applicable health and safety legislative requirements. OPG will also meet other associated standards to which it subscribes with the objective of moving beyond compliance. OPG will require that contractors and their subcontractors maintain a level of safety equivalent to that of OPG employees while at OPG workplaces.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.16, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para	OPS				
EA-158 <u>LIC-027</u> IRC-EIS-09.01	No explosives will be stored underground during the operational phase of the DGR.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.8.1	OPS				
LIC-037	Explosive gas monitors will also be installed to monitor a range of potential gases, including methane and hydrogen. Instrumentation measuring airflow, temperature, relative humidity, etc. will be installed at the main shaft. Emplacement room exhaust regulators will be equipped with combustible gas monitors to monitor a range of potential gases, including methane and hydrogen. All measurements will be monitored remotely on surface at the main control room and will also be available to be monitored underground.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.12	OPS				
	5.2) Training							
EA-064	A Staffing and Training Program will be developed to ensure the presence of a sufficient number of qualified workers to carry out activities safely and in accordance with the Nuclear Safety and Control Act and its Regulations. Training meeting the requirements of OPG's Training Program N-PROG-TR-0005 will be established and maintained.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.8	OPS				
EA-072	Training records will be managed as per OPG's Records and Documentation N-PROC-TR-0012.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.12, bullet list	OPS				

		TABLE (	C: REGUL	ATORY COMM	IITMENTS APP	LIC	ABLE TO OPERATIONS PHA	SE	
Commitment No.	Cor	mmitment De	scription				Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-05.48 IRC-LPSC-01.114 <u>LIC-146</u>	All workers in the DGR will receive specific training, so that their tasks can be performed efficiently and safely. For example, forklift drivers that are trained will take less time to place waste packages in the proper location, thus reducing their dose.				Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Sec. 7.1	OPS		
	6) <i>A</i>	AIR QUALITY							
IRC-EIS-04.26 UT-02-05	The Best management practices will be finalized after detailed construction design is complete but may include the practices listed in Table 1 [Proposed Mitigation Measures for Dust and Particulate Emissions during Site Preparation and Construction Phase].					OPG Letter dated Sep.6, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00138 (CEAA Registry Doc# 725)	EIS-04-137	OPS	
IRC-LPSC-01.80	Panels projected for closure will be ventilated and the air quality monitored as described above, until the time of closure. At closure, as stated in PSR 6.13, the underground space behind the closure walls will not be ventilated and all services will be terminated. Once closure walls are erected there would be no need to monitor air quality in the sealed underground space, as no re-entry is intended.				OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-24	OPS		
LIC-040				ated and accessible and isolate a set of ro			Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.3	OPS
IRC-LPSC-01.75	Table 2: Underground Air [] Radiation Monitoring - Operations (see [EA Follow-up Monitoring Program], Table 5b)					OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108	LPSC-01-23	OPS	
		Reference	Nuclides	Type/Monitoring	Location	]	(CEAA Registry Doc# 363)		
		O-LIC-RAD1 Air	Radon	Portable monitor with local readout, as per C-LIC-RAD1.	Radon is not expected to be an issue. Location and frequency to be specified as part of the Operating Licence application based on results of C-LIC-RAD1.				
		O-LIC-RAD1 Air	H-3 C-14 Particulate (gross beta/ gamma)	Continuous airflow through sampling device, with samples analyzed weekly off- site. Equipment similar to WWMF incinerator stack sampler/monitor.	Ventilation shaft exhaust				

Commitment No.	Commitment Description					Reference		DGR Phase
			Alarm on system failure (i.e., low air flow) to DGR control room, as with WWMF incinerator monitor. Class IV power, as with WWMF incinerator monitor.					
	O-LIC-RAD6	H-3 Dose rate Others as required	Routine survey program Similar equipment to WWMF. Hand-carried battery powered monitors, or cart-based monitors connected to local 120 V Class IV power.	Frequency and location to be specified in the Operating Licence application. Will be consistent with OPG Radiation Protection Requirements and with existing WWMF program.				
	O-LIC-RAD7	Whole body dose and skin beta dose	Worker dose monitors, similar to existing WWMF monitors.	Frequency and location to be specified in the Operating Licence application. Will be consistent with OPG Radiation Protection Requirements and with existing WWMF program.				
	7) HUMAN HEA	LTH (INCLUE	DING RADIATION)					
	7.1) Worker Saf	ety						
EA-010			grams in place to assed to unacceptable	sure that [DGR doses [of radiation].	E	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 2.6.1-1 comment #12	OPS
EA-057	A radiation protection program for the DGR will be based on OPG's existing Radiation Protection Program N-PROG-RA-0013				E	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.1, 1 <sup>st</sup> para 1 <sup>st</sup> sent.	OPS
EA-070			ged as per OPG's Ci HPS-03413.1-0004.	reating and		Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.12, bullet list	OPS

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE							
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference					
EA-071	Records governed by the Radiation Protection Program will follow OPG's Radiation Protection Requirements N-RPP-03415.1-10001.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.12, bullet list	OPS			
EA-095 IRC-EIS-01.20 LIC-033	Generally accessible areas outside the DGR will be maintained at Zone 1 within the dose rate constraint $\leq 0.5~\mu Sv/h$ . All spaces within the DGR facility perimeter will be classified in accordance with the potential for contamination. All areas of the DGR associated with the handling of radioactive waste will be designated as Zone 2. These include the crossing from the WWMF to the WPRB, the WPRB, shafts and the underground areas. Office and amenities areas at the DGR will be designated Zone 1. A Zone 1 and Zone 2 boundary is located within the amenities area for the movement and tracking of personnel. As all areas underground (i.e. below the shaft collars) will be Zone 2, and access to the lunchroom underground will require the use of the whole body and small article monitors.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.15.1,1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para (following bullets)  See also Sec. 4.16.1.1, 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence	OPS			
EA-105	The doses arising from routine waste management operations are monitored and assessed against dose targets. Thermoluminescent Dosimeter (TLD) badges will be worn as a minimum external dosimetry requirement for personnel involved in the operation of the DGR Project.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.16.1.1, 1 <sup>st</sup> para	OPS			
EA-240	Higher dose rate locations were identified where worker occupancy may be limited, for instance, near the face of an array of LLW or ILW packages in emplacement rooms. It would be appropriate to monitor the radiation fields in these locations, and if necessary, to limit worker exposure, use shielded forklifts, and/or use greater stand-off distances. This is considered further in the context of ALARA.	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Sec. 8.2.3.1 See also Sec. 8.2.6	OPS			
EA-241	Air samples will be collected to monitor radioactivity in vent exhaust air, including the measurement of the concentration of radon in underground facilities to ensure the worker exposure to radioactivity is limited.	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Sec. 13.1 See also Table 13.1-1 and Sec. ES. 5	OPS			
EA-245	A dose monitoring program will be carried out to determine worker exposure to radiation and radioactivity:  1. Measure contact dose on packages  2. Measure ambient dose rate in accessible areas  3. Measure worker dose	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Sec. 13.1 See also Table 13.1-1 and Sec. ES. 5	OPS			
LIC-039	Doses resulting from the DGR operation will be within the regulatory dose limits and will be kept [As Low As Reasonably Achievable] ALARA.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.1.2.1	OPS			

	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE						
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase			
LIC-050	[] monitoring and handling of ILW packages requiring shielding will be a well defined activity using trained operators and operating procedures, and Electronic Personal Dosimeters (EPDs) worn by DGR staff will provide additional monitoring redundancy for preventing inadvertent exposure.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.1.2 (Inadequate Shielding due to Human Error)	OPS			
LIC-062	The external dose calculations for workers show that high dose rates are possible in specific locations, especially near the face of an array of higher dose rate LLW or ILW packages in emplacement rooms. Generally, workers would not need to spend much time in these locations, nor are most packages at high dose rates. However, it will be planned to monitor the radiation fields in these locations, and if necessary to limit the worker exposure, use shielded forklifts and/or use greater stand-off distances. This will be considered further within the context of ALARA.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.7.1	OPS			
EA-234 EAFMP-046 <u>LIC-111</u>	A monitoring programme will be in place during the operation of the facility (Section 6.11 and 6.12 of the Preliminary Safety Report). After closure, there would be a further period of monitoring to confirm that the DGR is performing as expected (Section 2.6.5, DGR Project Description).	Features, Events and Processes, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-29 R000	FEP 1.1.13	OPS			
<u>LIC-143</u> TIS-02-01	Additional equipment or facility shielding could be provided. Facility operational requirements as stated in OPG's RPRs include access control, signage, contamination control, hazard detection, monitoring and alarms. For example, the use of Electronic Personal Dosimeters (EPDs) will be implemented.	Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Sec. 7.1	OPS			
LIC-144	The DGR package handling areas are mostly unoccupied except for the duration of the delivery of items to be emplaced. The procedures for the handling, stacking and placement of waste packages within the buildings and emplacement rooms will minimize worker contact with the waste to reduce radiation exposure and the risk of personal contamination. Facility and equipment inspection and maintenance procedures can be designed to minimize exposure and the proximity of workers to the stored waste packages.	Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Sec. 7.1	OPS			
LIC-145 LIC-148	Increasing the distance from waste packages, where practical, is a common method used to decrease dose. This can be ensured by imposing physical barriers and providing the necessary tools to complete the required task at a safe distance. Tasks will be typically performed at the greatest reasonable distance.	Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Sec. 7.1	OPS			

	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase		
LIC-148	There will be variability in dose rate within waste packages. It is recommended that waste packages with relatively high dose rate be emplaced at the far end of the emplacement room or WPRB staging area, so they are shielded by lower dose rate packages at the front of the room. This is current practice at WWMF, but was not credited in this ALARA assessment.	Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Sec. 7.3	OPS		
LIC-150	While individual annual worker dose is within CNSC worker dose limits and OPG's internal Administrative Dose Limits, it exceeds OPG's Exposure Control Level of 10 mSv/year. Measures would be taken to prevent this exposure from occurring.  Doses are expected to be ALARA due to design measures developed using an iterative design approach and through the use of administrative controls and procedures that will be in place during the operational phase.	Preliminary ALARA Assessment, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-36 R000	Sec. 8	OPS		
IRC-EIS-01.18	The dose planning and monitoring program for the DGR Project will implicitly incorporate the dose contributions from all licensed activities.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-25	OPS		
IRC-EIS-01.19 IRC-EIS-01.22	The activities will be controlled such that the worker's cumulative dose exposure will be within OPG's Administrative Dose Limits (OPG 2006).	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-26	OPS		
IRC-EIS-08.12	worker doses will be kept within OPG limits and consistent with the ALARA principle through design measures (such as shielding or distance) to be developed as part of the detailed design, and through the use of monitoring, administrative controls and procedures during operations.	OPG Letter dated Feb.28, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00170 (CEAA Registry Doc# 902)	EIS-08-351	OPS		
IRC-LPSC-01.116	During DGR operations, OPG's ALARA practice at the Western Waste Management Facility (WWMF) will be followed.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-44	OPS		
IRC-LPSC-01.117 LIC-139	Workers will have personal alarming dosimeters as well as thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges when performing radioactive work.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-44	OPS		
	Further information will be provided in the Final ALARA Assessment that will be prepared as part of the DGR Operating Licence application.					

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
IRC-LPSC-01.16	As long as the worker whole body effective dose remains within its limit, practical experience at WWMF indicates that the worker doses will also remain within the equivalent dose limits. This expectation will be confirmed during operations.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-07	OPS	
IRC-LPSC-01.21	Dose limits will be further managed through operational procedures including task dose planning, monitoring of individual worker doses and assignment of tasks, and scheduling of package deliveries. As an example of the latter point (which would benefit both NEWs and non-NEWs), it is planned to initially transfer mostly LLW from WWMF into the DGR, which will allow additional time for in-situ decay of ILW at WWMF before it is transferred.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-08	OPS	
IRC-LPSC-01.69	This [radiation protection] program will be consistent with the OPG Radiation Protection Requirements - Nuclear Facilities (OPG 2001) and related procedures.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-23	OPS	
IRC-LPSC-01.70	The underground facility radiation monitoring will include fixed monitors, portable monitors, and sampling locations. A fixed whole body monitor will be placed at the entrance to the refuge station, which also doubles as a lunch room. Portable monitors will be used to maintain appropriate controls around active areas, and for surveying (to ensure the Zone 2 underground facility remains free of loose contamination). The specific locations would depend on the work flow, and would be consistent with current WWMF practice.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-23	OPS	
	7.2) Final ALARA Assessment				
IRC-EIS-01.21	A more detailed description of worker dose will be provided in the Final ALARA Assessment as part of the Operating Licence application.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	EIS-01-26	OPS	
IRC-LPSC-01.108	Detailed specifications for the mobile equipment have not yet been prepared as they are not intended for use until 2019. The Final ALARA assessment will lead to additional dose reduction measures as required.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-39	OPS	
IRC-LPSC-01.110	Administrative procedures will be developed for the operations phase, and will take into account the necessary placement of waste to ensure ALARA dose to workers.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-39	OPS	

TABLE	C: REG	JLATORY COM	MITMENTS APP	LIC	ABLE TO OPERATIONS PH	ASE	
Commitment [	Description				Reference		DGR Phase
thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges when performing radioactive work.  (the state of the st			OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-44	OPS		
	<u>.</u>	<u>`</u>	ig Licerice application	)II.			
During operations, water that is pumped from underground will be directed through a water quality separator to remove excess oil, grease and grit before discharge into to ditch system leading to SWMP.		OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	OPS			
Depending on the concentration of tritium or any other radioactive contaminants in the condensate, this water will be periodically removed from the sump and taken to a facility that is licensed to handle this type of material, if required.		OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-14	OPS			
		<u>-</u> '	=		OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, LPSC-01-23 00216-CORR-00531-00108	LPSC-01-23	OPS
Reference	Nuclides	Type/Monitoring	Location		(CEAA Registry Doc# 363)		
O-LIC-RAD5 Water	H-3 Gross beta/ gamma	1 sample/week, averaged monthly. Off-site analysis.	Sampled from surface stormceptor at underground sump discharge				
O-LIC-RAD5 Water	C-14	1 sample/yr. Off-site analysis.	Sampled from surface stormceptor at underground sump discharge				
O-LIC-RAD5 Water	H-3 Gross beta/ gamma C-14	1 sample/discharge (frequency may be reviewed based on trending analysis). Off-site analysis.	Sampled from exhaust plenum condensate sump				
	Workers will hat thermoluminese radioactive workers will have the modern and the workers of the	Workers will have personal a thermoluminescent dosimeter radioactive work.  Further information will be puthat will be prepared as part 8) AQUATIC - GROUNDWA  During operations, water that directed through a water qual excess oil, grease and grit be to SWMP.  Depending on the concentrate contaminants in the condense from the sump and taken to of material, if required.  Table 2: Underground [ Operations (see [EA Follow Reference Nuclides O-LIC-RAD5 H-3 Water Gross beta/ gamma  O-LIC-RAD5 C-14  Water Gross beta/ gamma	Workers will have personal alarming dosimeters thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges whe radioactive work.  Further information will be provided in the Final Athat will be prepared as part of the DGR Operating.  8) AQUATIC - GROUNDWATER  During operations, water that is pumped from undirected through a water quality separator to remexcess oil, grease and grit before discharge into to SWMP.  Depending on the concentration of tritium or any contaminants in the condensate, this water will be from the sump and taken to a facility that is licentof material, if required.  Table 2: Underground [] Water Radiation MOperations (see [EA Follow-up Monitoring Properties of the	Workers will have personal alarming dosimeters as well as thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges when performing radioactive work.  Further information will be provided in the Final ALARA Assessment that will be prepared as part of the DGR Operating Licence application.  8) AQUATIC - GROUNDWATER  During operations, water that is pumped from underground will be directed through a water quality separator to remove excess oil, grease and grit before discharge into to ditch system lead to SWMP.  Depending on the concentration of tritium or any other radioactive contaminants in the condensate, this water will be periodically removing from the sump and taken to a facility that is licensed to handle this typo f material, if required.  Table 2: Underground [] Water Radiation Monitoring - Operations (see [EA Follow-up Monitoring Program], Table 5b)  Reference   Nuclides   Type/Monitoring   Location   O-LIC-RAD5   H-3   1 sample/week, averaged monthly. Off-site analysis.   Sampled from surface stormceptor at underground sump discharge   O-LIC-RAD5   H-3   1 sample/yr. Off-site analysis.   Sampled from surface stormceptor at underground sump discharge   O-LIC-RAD5   H-3   1 sample/discharge   Sampled from exhaust plenum condensate sump trending analysis.   Sampled from exhaust plenum condensate sump condensate sump trending analysis.   Sampled from exhaust plenum condensate sump condensate sump trending analysis.   Sampled from exhaust plenum condensate sump condensat	Workers will have personal alarming dosimeters as well as thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges when performing radioactive work.  Further information will be provided in the Final ALARA Assessment that will be prepared as part of the DGR Operating Licence application.  8) AQUATIC - GROUNDWATER  During operations, water that is pumped from underground will be directed through a water quality separator to remove excess oil, grease and grit before discharge into to ditch system leading to SWMP.  Depending on the concentration of tritium or any other radioactive contaminants in the condensate, this water will be periodically removed from the sump and taken to a facility that is licensed to handle this type of material, if required.  Table 2: Underground [] Water Radiation Monitoring - Operations (see [EA Follow-up Monitoring Program], Table 5b)  Reference Nuclides Type/Monitoring Location  O-LIC-RAD5 H-3 1 sample/week, averaged monthly. Off-site analysis. Sampled from surface stormceptor at underground sump discharge  O-LIC-RAD5 C-14 1 sample/yr. Sampled from surface stormceptor at underground sump discharge  O-LIC-RAD5 H-3 1 sample/discharge Sampled from exhaust plenum condensate sump discharge if requency may be reviewed based on trending analysis). Off-site analysis. Off-site analysis. Off-site analysis.	Workers will have personal alarming dosimeters as well as thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges when performing radioactive work.	Workers will have personal alarming dosimeters as well as thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges when performing radioactive work.  Further information will be provided in the Final ALARA Assessment that will be prepared as part of the DGR Operating Licence application.  8) AQUATIC - GROUNDWATER  During operations, water that is pumped from underground will be directed through a water quality separator to remove excess oil, grease and grit before discharge into to ditch system leading to SWMP.  Depending on the concentration of tritium or any other radioactive contaminants in the condensate, this water will be periodically removed from the sump and taken to a facility that is licensed to handle this type of material, if required.  Table 2: Underground [] Water Radiation Monitoring - Operations (see [EA Follow-up Monitoring Program], Table 5b)  Reference   Nuclides   Type/Monitoring   Location    O-LIC-RAD5   H-3   1 sample/week, sump discharge off-site analysis.   Off-site ana

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE						
Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase			
9) AQUATIC - SURFACE WATER, HABITAT AND AQUATIC BIOTA						
Water samples collected from the stormwater management system will be analyzed to determine radionuclide concentrations in surface water.	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Sec. 13.1 See also Table 13.1-1 and Sec. ES. 5	OPS			
EA follow-up sampling will occur for one year during operations to confirm: the predictions in the Environmental Impact Statement that the concentrations of COPCs will peak during site preparation and construction; that the effects will be mitigated through the stormwater management system design; and that the discharge criteria are not exceeded. If data are not consistent with predictions, then further monitoring will be recommended, as part of the EA follow-up monitoring process. Note that surface water sampling will continue for the ECA throughout the operations phase as described in the EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Table 6, Activity C-REG-SW1) and will comply with the conditions of the approval.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-172	OPS			
As for the ongoing operational management of the pond (i.e. removal of fines from the pond), it is expected that these materials will be retained within the project site or the Bruce nuclear site. Prior to removal, the fines will be sampled, analysed, and should there be a need, appropriate off-site waste management plans developed.	OPG Letter dated Apr. 4, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00227 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1837)	EIS-12a-512	OPS			
10) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION						
Environmental protection policies, programs and procedures will be established and will meet the requirements of the:  OPG Environment Policy OPG-POL-0021; Biodiversity Policy OPG-POL-0002; Land Assessment and Remediation Policy OPG-POL-0016; Spills Management Policy OPG-POL-0020; and Policy for the Use of Ozone Depleting Substances OPG-POL-0015*.  [*Note: As noted in OPG letter dated May 14, 2014 (CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00114, CEAA Registry Doc# 447), this OPG Policy no longer exists. The Policy is obsolete as OPG no longer uses CFC refrigerants in accordance with Optaria Pagulation 180/07, which prohibits the use	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.6	OPS			
	P) AQUATIC - SURFACE WATER, HABITAT AND AQUATIC BIOTA  Water samples collected from the stormwater management system will be analyzed to determine radionuclide concentrations in surface water.  EA follow-up sampling will occur for one year during operations to confirm: the predictions in the Environmental Impact Statement that the concentrations of COPCs will peak during site preparation and construction; that the effects will be mitigated through the stormwater management system design; and that the discharge criteria are not exceeded. If data are not consistent with predictions, then further monitoring will be recommended, as part of the EA follow-up monitoring process. Note that surface water sampling will continue for the ECA throughout the operations phase as described in the EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Table 6, Activity C-REG-SW1) and will comply with the conditions of the approval.  As for the ongoing operational management of the pond (i.e. removal of fines from the pond), it is expected that these materials will be retained within the project site or the Bruce nuclear site. Prior to removal, the fines will be sampled, analysed, and should there be a need, appropriate off-site waste management plans developed.  10) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  Environmental protection policies, programs and procedures will be established and will meet the requirements of the:  OPG Environment Policy OPG-POL-0021;  Biodiversity Policy OPG-POL-0002;  Land Assessment and Remediation Policy OPG-POL-0016;  Spills Management Policy OPG-POL-0020; and  Policy for the Use of Ozone Depleting Substances OPG-POL-0015*.	PAQUATIC - SURFACE WATER, HABITAT AND AQUATIC BIOTA  Water samples collected from the stormwater management system will be analyzed to determine radionuclide concentrations in surface water.  EA follow-up sampling will occur for one year during operations to confirm: the predictions in the Environmental Impact Statement that the concentrations of COPCs will peak during site preparation and construction; that the effects will be mitigated through the stormwater management system design; and that the discharge criteria are not exceeded. If data are not consistent with predictions, then further monitoring will be recommended, as part of the EA follow-up monitoring process. Note that surface water sampling will continue for the ECA throughout the operations phase as described in the EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011, Table 6, Activity C-REG-SW1) and will comply with the conditions of the approval.  As for the ongoing operational management of the pond (i.e. removal of fines from the pond), it is expected that these materials will be retained within the project site or the Bruce nuclear site. Prior to removal, the fines will be sampled, analysed, and should there be a need, appropriate off-site waste management plans developed.  10) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  Environmental protection policies, programs and procedures will be established and will meet the requirements of the:  OPG Environment Policy OPG-POL-0021;  Biodiversity Policy OPG-POL-0022;  Land Assessment and Remediation Policy OPG-POL-0016;  Spills Management Policy OPG-POL-0022;  Land Assessment and Remediation Policy OPG-POL-0015*.  I'Note: As noted in OPG letter dated May 14, 2014 (CD# 00216-CORR-00531-00114, CEAA Registry Doc# 447), this OPG Policy no longer exists. The Policy is obsolete as OPG no longer uses CPC refrigerants in accordance with Ontario Regulation 180/07, which prohibits the use	## Reference    Page			

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE						
EA-062 EA-094	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase		
	Execution of the environmental protection program will be accomplished through an integrated set of documented activities, typical of an Environmental Management System. It will be consistent with the CNSC Standard S-296 and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) standard 14001, and will meet the requirements of OPG's Environmental, Health and Safety Management Program N-PROG-ES-0001.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.6	OPS		
EA-063	As part of the Environmental Management System, an environmental monitoring program will be implemented for the DGR Project. The monitoring plan will address radiological contaminants, chemical contaminants and physical stressors that may present a risk to either human health or non-human biota.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.7	OPS		
EA-103	The [Bruce Power] REMP will continue to assess the off-site consequences of all Bruce nuclear site operations, including those of the DGR Project, and will continue to report environmental monitoring data and trends.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.15.2.3, last para	OPS		
EA-156	Spills management and response for the WWMF, or equivalent, will be extended to the DGR Project.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.3.3, 3 <sup>rd</sup> para, last sentence	OPS		
	11) EA FOLLOW-UP MONITORING					
EA-170	Confirm effectiveness of mitigation [for controlling radiation]; confirm no residual adverse effects.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Table 12.2-1, Radiation and Radioactivity	OPS		
IRC-EIS-09.09	Note of Table 1: Action level criteria will be developed as part of the Data Quality Objectives in the detailed sampling plans as per the DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program and in accordance with CSA N288.4-10.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-411	OPS		
IRC-LPSC-01.71	There will be fixed continuous air sampling devices located at the surface exhaust from the ventilation shaft (stack monitor), which will collect air samples from a side stream. The air samples will be collected for the purpose of analyzing for tritium, C-14 and particulate (gross beta/gamma). (As with the WWMF incinerator, a separate stack monitor may be needed for C-14 from the other radionuclides.)	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-23	OPS		

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE					
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase	
H-07-04	Now, there are some needs for monitoring or some plans for monitoring of the atmosphere behind the wall. [] for the first panel, as we close it, [] there's an opportunity there to observe it over several decades before we get to the point of closure. And that's a long time to begin — to see what the degradation is going on there. If there's any release of radionuclides. If there's any changes in the gas composition in the repository. If there's accumulation of water.  And so we envisage that through the closure plugs. There could be essentially sampling ports that would allow you to periodically take out gas samples or water samples and then do an analysis of that to then get a measure as to what is going on in the panels behind that.  And again because the panels are not backfilled, they are well connected. Also, there's a slight slope to the repository. So again, water would tend to go down towards where the closure plugs are. So again, that would be an indication of — if there is water coming into the repository through the panel, through the closed panel.	Volume 7 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1599) p.217-218	September 23, 2013	OPS	
	12) LICENSING, PERMITS AND AUTHORIZATIONS				
	12.1) Shielding Design				
IRC-LPSC-01.109	The amount of shielding required is currently being assessed as part of the detailed design.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-39	OPS	
IRC-LPSC-01.17	The results of the detailed shielding assessment will specify the shielding requirements in the WPRB that will help ensure that dose rates remain below regulatory limits for NEWs (Zone 2) and non-NEWs (Zone 1), and are ALARA.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-08	OPS	
IRC-LPSC-01.18	The maximum allowable dose rate for multiple packages will be assessed as part of the detailed shielding design.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-08	OPS	

TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE						
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase		
	12.2) DGR Operations					
	Control Room					
LIC-037	Explosive gas monitors will also be installed to monitor a range of potential gases, including methane and hydrogen. Instrumentation measuring airflow, temperature, relative humidity, etc. will be installed at the main shaft. Emplacement room exhaust regulators will be equipped with combustible gas monitors to monitor a range of potential gases, including methane and hydrogen. All measurements will be monitored remotely on surface at the main control room and will also be available to be monitored underground.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.12	OPS		
IRC-EIS-05.49	Monitoring of equipment function (e.g. ventilation system performance, dewatering systems, etc) will be managed through local human-machine interfaces with status of operation provided to the surface control room.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-217	OPS		
IRC-LPSC-01.72	The stack monitor (i.e., surface exhaust air sampling device) will have an alarm which sends a signal back to Control Room if the sampling device has failed (i.e., low air flow).	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-23	OPS		
	Fuel (surface, underground)					
EA-027	Fuel requirements for operations will utilize the existing WWMF fuel station.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.4.3.5, 2nd para, 1st sent.	OPS		
LIC-058	combustible materials are avoided or minimized in waste package handling areas; underground fuel storage will be kept in an area separated from the waste packages transfer route and the rooms; and diesel fuel will not be moved simultaneously with waste packages.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 7.5.1.2 (External Fire)	OPS		
	Underground Repository					
LIC-038	After a group of rooms have been filled with waste packages and following a period of monitoring, closure walls will be constructed in the access and exhaust ventilation tunnels to fully isolate this group of rooms. The underground space behind the closure walls will not be ventilated and all services terminated.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 6.13	OPS		

	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE						
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase			
LIC-095	After a group of emplacement rooms have been filled with waste packages, thick concrete closure walls will be constructed in the access tunnel to isolate this group of rooms. The walls will be designed to limit the release of gases and any potentially contaminated water during the operational period but will not be designed to provide any long-term postclosure isolation and containment. There may be six closure walls in place at the end of repository operations in the final preliminary design. The rail lines will remain in the rooms and tunnels.	Postclosure Safety Assessment Report, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-25 R000	Sec. 4.2.3.1	OPS			
LIC-104	Once an emplacement room has been filled with waste, a wall may be constructed at the end of the room using reinforced concrete blocks. The wall will likely extend above the waste package height within the room, but not to the roof. Ventilation air will continue to flow through the wall opening, across the emplacement room, and out a similar opening at the back end of the room and into the ventilation drift.	System and Its Evolution, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-28 R000	Sec. 2.2.3.1	OPS			
IRC-EIS-09.32	Prior to closure of each panel section, the emplacement rooms in that portion of the repository will be ventilated.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	EIS-09-463	OPS			
IRC-EIS-09.33	The buildup in pressure will be slow and will be monitored.	OPG Letter dated Apr.30, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00179 (CEAA Registry Doc# 989)	EIS-09-463	OPS			
IRC-LPSC-01.38	During day time normal operations, sufficient airflow will be delivered underground to ensure adequate ventilation in all areas occupied by workers and equipment. Ventilation air will be provided to all actively used rooms in the underground services area. Because it is currently envisaged that the DGR facility will only be active during weekdays during the operational phase, it is likely that the underground facility will be unoccupied during off-production hours.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-14	OPS			

	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO OPERATIONS PHASE						
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase			
	12.3) Final Safety Report						
H-23-11 H-24-31 IRC-EIS-04.03	In support of the operating licence application, a Final Safety Report, with updated safety case, will be submitted to the CNSC in accordance with Class 1 Nuclear Facility Regulations. An operating licence is typically initially granted for a period of five or ten years, and renewed thereafter for similar periods. The renewal process requires the updating of the Final Safety Report. It is by this means that the safety case is updated to reflect changes to data, assessment methodology and regulatory requirements. It is not expected that the changes to the safety case would be significant from revision to revision but would be iterative in nature and build upon previous assessments.  The process of updating the Final Safety Report will follow the quality principles and processes described in OPG's DGR Project, Management System document (OPG 2011b). These include conducting and documenting each iteration of safety assessment following the applicable safety assessment procedures and maintaining a record of it in accordance with the record management procedures.	OPG Letter dated Aug.27, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00134 (CEAA Registry Doc# 704)	EIS-04-118	OPS			
	12.4) Derived Release Limits						
IRC-LPSC-01.112	OPG will develop and propose DGR-specific DRLs for CNSC approval prior to submitting its application for an Operating Licence for the DGR. These DRLs will be calculated as per applicable CSA and CNSC guidance in effect at that time.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-40	OPS			
IRC-LPSC-01.113	The actual dilution will be assessed explicitly as part of preparing the DGR-specific DRLs.	OPG Letter dated Mar.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00108 (CEAA Registry Doc# 363)	LPSC-01-40	OPS			
	12.5) Operational Programs						
LIC-072 LIC-090	Chapter 10, Operational Programs [The complete chapter is essentially commitments]	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Ch. 10	OPS			
	12.6) Records and Document Control						
EA-069	Records identified as controlled documents (including all licensing documents) will be managed as per OPG's Controlled Document Management Procedure N-PROC-AS-0003.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.12, bullet list	OPS			

	TABLE C: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLIC	ABLE TO OPERATIONS PH	ASE	
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	12.7) Site Security			
EA-106	Consistent with current WWMF procedures, access to the buildings/structures associated with the DGR Project will be limited to designated personnel and those escorted by qualified personnel.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.16.1.1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence	OPS
	13) FINANCIAL GUARANTEE			
LIC-159	The Operation Phase financial guarantee will be needed in the future to support an application for an operating licence.	OPG Letter dated Apr.14, 2011, 00216-CORR-00531-00092	Decommissioning Cost Estimate, pp.A-1	OPS
	14) DECOMMISSIONING/POSTCLOSURE			
<b>EA-102</b> H-17-38	Once all of the emplacement rooms have been filled and closed, the DGR will be monitored to ensure that it is performing as expected prior to decommissioning.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.15.2.1, 5 <sup>th</sup> para, 1 <sup>st</sup> sentence	OPS
IRC-EIS-03.09	During the operational phase, there will be concrete plugs in the access tunnels to isolate panels of filled rooms, but no bulkheads on the rooms.[]	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	EIS-03-64	OPS
	15) MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS			
EA-060	The selection, use and maintenance of personal protective equipment for the above-ground portion of the DGR will be governed by OPG's existing Safety Management System Program OPG-HR-SFTY-PROG-0001. For radiological hazards above-ground, OPG's procedure N-PROC-RA-0025 will be applied. The requirements for personal protective equipment under the Mines and Mining Plants Regulations (Reg. 854) will be complied with for underground operations.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.5	OPS
EA-065	The DGR will use OPG's Nuclear Waste Management Division (NWMD) Fire Protection Procedure W-PROC-ES-0011 to ensure compliance with the applicable national codes and standards that will be specified in the operating licence issued by the CNSC.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.8.7.9	OPS
EA-107	Risk reduction will be primarily achieved through compliance, by competent workers, to effective operational controls, developed through effective risk assessment and safe work planning.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.16.3, 1 <sup>st</sup> para	OPS

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## APPENDIX D: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO DECOMMISSIONING PHASE AND POSTCLOSURE

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	D: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO DECC		POSTCLOSURE	
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	1) GENERAL COMMITMENTS			
EA-239	No radioactive waste packages will be handled during decommissioning.	Radiation and Radioactivity TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-06 R000	Screening and assessment rationale (for example see Sec. 8.1.4.1)	DEC
LIC-112	The DGR will be operated in a staged manner, with a period of monitoring and closure activity after operations have ended, during which there will be access to the DGR level and any necessary remedial operations can be undertaken with a fair degree of control to ensure that they do not have a detrimental impact on repository safety.	Features, Events and Processes, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-29 R000	FEP 1.4.13	DEC
	2) GEOLOGY			
	Shaft Seals			
<u>LIC-063</u> LIC-087	The shafts are sealed primarily with a bentonite/sand mixture that will swell and self-seal within the shaft. An asphalt seal may be emplaced in the Ordovician shales to provide an independent seal material, and the concrete monolith and bulkheads will provide mechanical support as well as an initial low-permeability barrier.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 8.6.1	DEC
IRC-EIS-03.10 LIC-070	Also, the shaft seal design will not be finalized until the decommissioning application several decades from now, and will take advantage of knowledge gained over the intervening period.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 8.9.6	DEC
LIC-122	The shaft base will be filled on closure with a concrete monolith at the foot of each shaft. Each monolith provides long-term support for the shaft seals and for the rock around the shafts. The concrete will be placed in mass (i.e., without structural reinforcement). Once completed, the monolith will extend from each shaft's base (taken to be 719.1 mBGS for the main shaft and 746.4 mBGS for the ventilation shaft) to 662.1 mBGS in both shafts. The monoliths will extend into the repository tunnels to form a single monolith at repository level. Bulkheads (to contain the monolith's concrete) will be located to ensure support to a minimum distance of 60 m from each of the shafts. There will be no removal of the damaged zone in the tunnels.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.3.1	DEC

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
LIC-113 LIC-065 <u>LIC-126</u>	<ul> <li>The preliminary design of the shaft seals is based on durable materials and is consistent with international practice. This design concept is summarized below.</li> <li>A concrete monolith will be constructed at the base of each shaft.</li> <li>Concrete bulkheads will be placed in each shaft at specific points. These will provide immediate permeability control as well as structural support. One bulkhead will be located towards the top of the Silurian rock formations at the boundary between the saline lower rock formations and the upper freshwater formations. Two other bulkheads will be located around the two more permeable zones in the Silurian rock formations. Other bulkheads may be added for further structural support, or if needed to separate the bentonite/sand and asphalt seals.</li> <li>The shaft will be sealed with durable materials. A bentonite/sand mix will be used for the majority of seals, especially in the lower Ordovician formations. An asphalt mastic mix will be used in one section to provide a different low-permeable material barrier. The shaft in the upper formations will be filled with compacted engineered fill such as sand.</li> <li>A concrete cap will be constructed at the top of each shaft.</li> </ul>	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.3.2	DEC
LIC-064 LIC-114 LIC-128	The concrete used for the monoliths and bulkheads (and the rock handling and ramp excavations) will be placed in mass (i.e., without structural reinforcement). The concrete will use sulphate-resistant Portland cement and will be expansive with a low permeability and a low heat of hydration.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.4.1	DEC
LIC-113 LIC-129	The reference clay seal is bentonite mixed with sand to a 70:30 mix (by weight). The reference bentonite is Wyoming Type Sodium Bentonite (MX80), which is a montmorillonite-based clay material. The reference sand component will be a washed, silica-based material with particle sizes no greater than 2.5 mm. Alternatives that may be considered for the final design include use of a higher clay fraction, and also the use of finely crushed limestone sand rather than silica sand.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.4.2	DEC
LIC-130	The asphalt mastic mix is taken to have the same composition at that proposed for use in the shaft seal for the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant (WIPP 2009). It will contain 70% (by weight) silica sand (with a maximum diameter of 2.36 mm), 20% (by weight) asphalt and 10% (by weight) hydrated lime.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.4.3	DEC

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-03.08	This decision [regarding the alternatives to asphalt seal] does not need to be made for several decades, and will be informed by long-term seal material tests that can be undertaken under in-situ conditions, as outlined in Section 2.2.8 of the Geoscientific Verification Plan (NWMO 2011).	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	EIS-03-63	DEC
IRC-EIS-06.17	At the time of DGR decommissioning and shaft seal emplacement, approximately 40 to 45 years following initiation of operation, all infrastructure including shaft support structures, concrete liners and an estimated 0.5 m thick layer of EDZ damaged rock along the shafts will be removed. The EDZ properties measured from the activities in the Geoscientific Verification Plan (NWMO 2011a) will be re-assessed to confirm predicted seal performance and adequacy.	OPG Letter dated Nov.29, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00152 (CEAA Registry Doc# 823)	EIS-06-267	DEC
IRC-EIS-10.12	However, in the DGR the temperatures will be low, groundwater movement will be very slow (i.e., diffusion-dominant transport), and a low-pH cement will be used, which will minimize the extent of this reaction to a small portion of the bentonite/sand seal adjacent to the concrete.	OPG Letter dated May 10, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00187 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1048)	EIS-10-492	D&C
H-04-02	The shafts will be sealed at closure with about 500 metres of durable, low-permeable materials. A bentonite clay-rich mixture will be the primary seal. It will be supported by a layer of asphalt to provide an independent seal barrier and by concrete plugs at specific locations.	Volume 4 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1581) p.30	September 19, 2013	DEC
	3) ACCIDENTS, MALFUNCTIONS AND MALEVOLENT ACTS			
<b>EA-146</b> EA-224	Mitigation strategies and emergency procedures for operations will remain in place during decommissioning in case of the occurrence of potential accidents.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 8.2.1.4, last sentence	DEC
	4) LICENSING, PERMITS AND AUTHORIZATIONS			
IRC-EIS-08.28 <u>LIC-109</u>	Measures will be taken in the near-term to ensure that information regarding the purpose, location, design and contents of the repository is preserved so that future generations are made aware of the consequences of any actions they may choose to take.	System and Its Evolution, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-28 R000	Sec. 8.1 (Table 8.1)	DEC

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	5) DECOMMISSIONING/POSTCLOSURE			
	5.1) Detailed Decommissioning Plan			
H-16-01	as part of the decommissioning licence application, the Proponent will have to put forward a plan to decommission the facility, close the shafts, and then what would happen post-closure. So the details would come out at that time.	Volume 16 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1664) p.106	October 5, 2013	DEC
	5.2) Decommissioning			
EA-083	Decommissioning will begin following a period of monitoring after all of the waste has been emplaced and a Decommissioning Licence has been obtained.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.11.3, 1st sentence	DEC
EA-085	The location of the shafts will be appropriately secured [during decommissioning].	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.11.3, 4th para, 2nd sentence	DEC
EA-089	Wherever appropriate, mechanisms and materials decommissioned from surface and underground facilities will be recycled or reused elsewhere to minimize requirements for disposal. Those materials that are not recyclable will be disposed of in a licensed facility. Any materials or equipment in surface facilities that would be considered radioactive waste will be removed near the start of decommissioning and placed in the repository prior to the start of shaft sealing.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.11.5, 1st para	DEC
LIC-006	The shafts will be backfilled at the end of the operational period.	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 4.5.5	DEC
LIC-066	During repository closure, the shaft liner and part of the damaged zone will be removed in the intermediate and deep groundwater zones (Section 13.6.3.1).	Preliminary Safety Report, 00216- SR-01320-00001 R000	Sec. 8.6.2.4	DEC
H-06-02 <b>LIC-094</b>	The emplacement rooms, access tunnels and ventilation drifts will not be backfilled.	Postclosure Safety Assessment Report, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-25 R000	Sec. 4.2.3.1	DEC

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
<u>LIC-105</u> LIC-124 LIC-125	Any equipment that has been used within the shaft and services area will remain in the area and all infrastructure connections (power, ventilation and water) to the panels will be disconnected. Any vehicle fuels will be removed to the surface. In addition, the steel work and shaft concrete liner removed during the closure of the ventilation shaft will be placed in the area. The concrete monoliths created at the base of each shaft will extend into the repository tunnels to form a single monolith at the repository level.	System and Its Evolution, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-28 R000	Sec. 2.2.3.3	DEC
LIC-106	The ventilation shaft will be decommissioned and its seal installed before the same operation is carried out on the main shaft.	System and Its Evolution, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-28 R000	Sec. 2.2.3.4	DEC
LIC-107 LIC-115 LIC-123	It is intended that the HDZ around the shafts from below about 180 mBGS will be mechanically removed as part of the backfilling and sealing process. The HDZ will be left in place around the DGR tunnels and emplacement rooms for worker safety.	System and Its Evolution, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-28 R000	Sec. 2.3.6.5	DEC
LIC-127	The concrete used for all structures, other than the monoliths and bulkheads (and backfilling the rock handling and ramp excavations), is taken to use Canadian Standards Association (CSA) Type 10 (GU) Portland cement, or similar. In the case of the surficial cap, closure walls and emplacement room floors, it will be placed in mass (i.e., without structural reinforcement). The concrete used for the access tunnel floors, room walls and shaft liners will be reinforced.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 4.4.1	DEC
	The concrete used for the access tunnel floors, room walls and shaft liners will be reinforced with rebars. The shotcrete used for the walls and ceilings will be reinforced with steel fibre.			
LIC-132	The HDZ in the Deep and Intermediate Bedrock Groundwater Zones will be removed from the shaft walls from the level of DGR upwards by means of over-excavation before the shafts are sealed during DGR closure (Section 13.6.3 of the Preliminary Safety Report). The EDZ will remain in place. The HDZ and EDZ will not be removed in the Shallow Bedrock Groundwater Zone and the Surficial Groundwater Zone.	Data, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-32 R000	Sec. 5.2.1	DEC
LIC-086 <u>LIC-153</u>	Preliminary Decommissioning Plan, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-39 [The complete document is essentially commitments.]	Preliminary Decommissioning Plan, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-39 R000	All	DEC

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-086 IRC-EIS-04.08 IRC-EIS-07.19	The stormwater management system will be decommissioned during general site restoration work at the end of the DGR operation phase (OPG 2011a, Section 13.6.5), and will not be operational during the postclosure phase.	OPG Letter dated Sep.28, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00143 (CEAA Registry Doc# 759)	EIS-04-130	DEC
IRC-EIS-05.40	The concrete monolith is described in Section 13.6.2 of the PSR (OPG 2011). The monolith will not be reinforced or keyed into the tunnel walls and will be mass poured-in-place over the extent described in Section 13.6.2 and illustrated in Figure 13-1 (OPG 2011).	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-207	DEC
IRC-EIS-12.11	All surface facilities will be removed during the decommissioning phase, but the waste rock pile will remain.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Sec. 7.3, p.49) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	DEC
IRC-LPSC-03.04	Prior to start of decommissioning, analysis will be performed to determine whether or not these rock bolts are required for supporting the "hanging" concrete liner. There is no additional concrete liner installed as part of the decommissioning activities.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	LPSC-03-58	DEC
IRC-LPSC-03.12	Decommissioning will also be planned so as to minimize the EDZ.	OPG Letter dated Jul.9, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00117 (CEAA Registry Doc# 608)	LPSC-03-62	DEC
H-04-03	The top 180 metres of shaft will be closed with engineered fill and concrete. The properties of this fill will be selected to be consistent with the surrounding permeable rock. The base area around the shafts will be backfilled with an extensive concrete monolith for long-term support.	Volume 4 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1581) p.31	September 19, 2013	DEC
H-08-06	The third phase of the DGR is decommissioning. This activity would occur many decades from now and would be subject to a new licensing process. However, it has been qualitatively estimated, or assessed.	Volume 8 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1606) p.22	September 24, 2013	DEC
	During this phase, the hazards are primarily conventional mining and construction hazards. The wastes will have been isolated in their rooms behind access tunnel closure walls.			
	Radioactivity will be monitored and will be present to some extent as residual contamination on some structures, but is not expected to be significant. Contingency plans during this phase are similar to those during construction [].			

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-08-07	The potential impacts of accidents during decommissioning are also similar to those during construction. In particular, there is a conventional safety hazard to workers that will be managed through following best practices and proper equipment.	Volume 8 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1606) p.22	September 24, 2013	DEC
H-17-37	[At] the decommissioning phase, the records will – the records that are important, to be kept after decommissioning will be identified and they will be transferred to a long-term medium, most likely ISO standard permanent paper.	Volume 17 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1671) p.54	October 5, 2013	DEC
	5.3) Rehabilitation			
EA-041	The limestone pile will not be capped, but it will be covered and vegetated with native plant stock, as appropriate, during decommissioning activities.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.7.5.3, 4th para, last sent.	DEC
			See also Sec. 4.11.3	
EA-084	Following removal of all surface facilities, the DGR Project site will be graded and vegetated.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.11.3, 4th para, 1st sentence	DEC
EA-087 EA-268 IRC-EIS-03.11 IRC-EIS-05.03 IRC-EIS-05.04	Waste rock remaining in the waste rock management area at the time of decommissioning the DGR will be covered by a soil cap and vegetated (OPG 2011, Section 13.6.5). The rock pile will be covered with a minimum of 15 cm of soil and topsoil that is suited to the requirements of the local flora (refer to OPG's response to Undertaking TIS-09 [OPG 2012]). Prior to covering, the waste rock surface will be scarified in the areas where the rock has been compacted by vehicle traffic.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-171	DEC
EA-087 EA-268 IRC-EIS-03.11 IRC-EIS-05.03 IRC-EIS-05.04	The surface of the rock pile will be contoured to promote drainage and to minimize wind and water erosion. Wind breaks will be established, if necessary, for further erosion control until such time that the vegetation is sufficiently established. The pile will be inspected for tension cracks at the crest of any slopes for signs of new or ongoing failure, and rill or gully erosion both on the rock pile and on the soil cover.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-171	DEC

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
IRC-EIS-05.05	Vegetation will be consistent with that of local conditions and that it is capable of providing vigorous, plentiful cover not later than its third growing season with minimal care (Environmental Protection Act - Ontario Regulation 232/98, s.29(1)).	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-171	DEC
	The use of native species will be incorporated in the detailed revegetation plan while invasive species will be avoided. Opportunities to develop habitat will be considered during the development of the revegetation plan.			
IRC-EIS-12.08	Upon completion of the project, rehabilitation plans include re- establishment of high-quality mixed wood habitats containing large portions of eastern white cedar on the site.	OPG Letter dated Mar.28, 2014, 00216-CORR-00531-00225 (Attach., Sec. 3.4, p.16) (CEAA Registry Doc# 1836)	EIS-12-510	DEC
	5.4) End State Report			
IRC-EIS-05.21	[] The end-state report will demonstrate that the intended end state has been achieved in accordance with the Detailed Decommissioning Plan and regulatory requirements, and will identify what further work, if any, remains to be done prior to abandonment.	OPG Letter dated Oct.24, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00145 (CEAA Registry Doc# 776)	EIS-05-181	DEC
	5.5) Follow-up and Monitoring			
EA-088	Air temperature and quality will be remotely monitored to establish when it would be safe to resume shaft sealing activities [following placement of an asphalt lift during shaft sealing].	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 4.11.4.2	DEC
IRC-EIS-06.03	The overall objective of the follow-up monitoring program during the decommissioning phase will be consistent with the requirements of subsection 2(1) of the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act (CEAA 2012), to verify the accuracy of the EA and to determine the effectiveness of any measures taken to mitigate any environmental effects predicted in the decommissioning EA.	OPG Letter dated Oct.31, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00148 (CEAA Registry Doc# 795)	EIS-06-235	DEC
	The decommissioning follow-up program will be developed in a similar manner to the DGR EA Follow-up Monitoring Program (NWMO 2011) and will be compliant with relevant regulatory standards and guidance at the time of its development. It will employ a similar systematic planning process that will comprise:			
	<ul> <li>Definition of the objectives of the follow-up program;</li> <li>Identification of the information required to meet the defined</li> </ul>			

Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	objectives;  Definition of the spatial boundaries of the follow-up program;  Determination of how data collection will be used to achieve the defined objectives;  Specification of performance or acceptance criteria; and  Development of detailed monitoring design required to obtain the data. The systematic process outlined above will incorporate a pathways model identification that will include air, groundwater, surface water and soil.			
IRC-EIS-06.04	Adaptive management will be incorporated into the EA follow-up plan for the decommissioning phase by including contingency procedures and plans to comply with/conform to regulatory standards or guidelines that are applicable at the time of decommissioning.	OPG Letter dated Oct.31, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00148 (CEAA Registry Doc# 795)	EIS-06-235	DEC
IRC-EIS-08.27	The period of monitoring following DGR closure will be determined in consultation with the community and regulatory authorities many decades from now.	OPG Letter dated Feb.14, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00160 (CEAA Registry Doc# 886)	EIS-08-363	DEC
	5.6) Institutional Controls			
EA-081 EA-082 EA-091 IRC-EIS-05.01 IRC-EIS-06.07 LIC-001 LIC-091	Following closure of the repository, institutional controls will be put in place as a safety feature to reduce the likelihood of future human actions that could compromise the repository. During this control period, radioactive decay will reduce the concentrations of radionuclides in the repository, and inadvertent human intrusion will not occur. A period of 300 years is assumed over which such controls, as well as societal memory, are effective, consistent with current international practice. Beyond this period, there are no expectations in this safety assessment with respect to any ongoing societal control, monitoring or memory of the site.	Postclosure Safety Assessment Report, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-25 R000	Sec. 3.8	DEC
IRC-EIS-06.05	The need for follow-up monitoring during abandonment will be discussed with the regulator at the time of applying for the Licence to Abandon and will be based on the results of the decommissioning monitoring. If necessary, the follow-up monitoring will be developed using a systematic approach similar to that described above.	OPG Letter dated Oct.31, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00148 (CEAA Registry Doc# 795)	EIS-06-235	DEC

TABLE	TABLE D: REGULATORY COMMITMENTS APPLICABLE TO DECOMMISSIONING PHASE AND POSTCLOSURE				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference	DGR Phase		
	5.7) Abandonment Plan				
EA-090 IRC-EIS-05.20 IRC-EIS-05.21	An abandonment plan will be developed in support of the application for a licence to abandon. The application will include the results of the decommissioning and the results of the environmental monitoring programs. The results of the environmental monitoring will include the information collected during the course of the decommissioning and during any other monitoring period.	Environmental Impact Statement, Sec. 4.12 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	DEC		

APPENDIX E: COMMUNITY (NON-REGULATORY) COMMITMENTS

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	TABLE E: COMMUNITY (NON-REGULATO	DRY) COMMITMENTS		
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
	1) ABORIGINAL INTERESTS			
EA-005 EA-012 H-01-07 H-17-19 H-17-26 H-17-45 H-17-46 H-23-14 H-25-33 LIC-082 LIC-084 TIS-03-01 TIS-03-06	Adherence to Agreement with Aboriginal peoples – OPG and NWMO will continue to support the agreements signed with MNO, Historic Saugeen Métis Community and SON.  []	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 2.11, 1st para and bullet list	D&C OPS
LIC-164	OPG will not move forward with the construction of a deep geologic repository for low and intermediate level nuclear waste until the SON community is supportive of the project.  The determination of the SON's support shall include diligent efforts by OPG and the SON for good faith, informed resolution of any impacts on the SON's aboriginal and treaty rights identified in the environmental assessment of this project or project impacts otherwise agreed to through the ongoing engagement between SON and OPG.	OPG Letter dated Sep. 9, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00208	Enclosure 1	D&C
EA-006	OPG and NWMO continue to seek avenues for sponsorship opportunities with the Saugeen Ojibway Nation.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 2.3.1.9, 1st para, 1st sentence	All
EA-007	OPG and NWMO continue to seek avenues for sponsorship opportunities with the Historic Saugeen Métis Community.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 2.3.3, 5th para, 1st sentence	All
<u>EA-180</u> H-01-08 H-18-04	OPG has stated in its Aboriginal Relations Policy that it is "committed to building long-term mutually beneficial working relationships with Aboriginal communities proximate to its present and future operations. OPG is committed to developing these relationships on a foundation of respect for the languages, customs, and political, social and cultural institutions of Aboriginal communities."	Aboriginal Interests TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-09 R000	Sec. 7.4.1	All

TABLE E: COMMUNITY (NON-REGULATORY) COMMITMENTS				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-181	OPG and the NWMO continue to engage First Nation and Métis organizations on a variety of DGR Project-related issues, including employment and business opportunities. As the DGR Project is implemented, information regarding employment and business opportunities for Aboriginal communities will be made available through established liaison mechanisms, special events (e.g., meetings, workshops) and other communications.	Aboriginal Interests TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-09 R000	Sec. 8.2.1.1	All
H-18-02	Concerns regarding a used fuel DGR within their traditional territory and how SON's views regarding the [L&ILW] DGR project would be respected by OPG in its decision making. OPG is committed to an ongoing discussion and dialogue with SON for this last list of concerns.	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.19	October 7, 2013	All
H-18-03	We do however note that a potential positive effect from the project is that of employment and contracting opportunities. In this area OPG will continue to work with SON, HSM and then MNO to identify how we may best maximize these opportunities. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.23	October 7, 2013	D&C OPS DEC
H-18-06	We are doing two things with the HSM. One is really talking about the DGR project going forward. And the second piece is really doing or putting down in writing and words our commitments, again, on our policy with HSM.  So [] it does include those same commitments in there. It's not as explicit as those words but our goal is the long-term relationship with the Historical Saugeen Métis.	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.118	October 7, 2013	D&C OPS
H-18-07	we are now in a process of establishing with the MNO a process to have a dialogue. And as part of that dialogue, the intangible issues definitely will be discussed as part of that.	Volume 18 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1675) p.137	October 7, 2013	D&C OPS
	2) COMMUNICATION AND CONSULTATION			
	2.1) General			
EA-138 <u>EA-140</u> EA-177 EA-257 EA-258	OPG [] will continue to make contributions to the community through its Corporate Citizenship Program. OPG will also continue to work with various stakeholders to deliver its community, recreational and educational initiatives.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.13 (Community Recreational Facilities and Programs; Use and Enjoyment of Private Property)	D&C OPS

TABLE E: COMMUNITY (NON-REGULATORY) COMMITMENTS				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-175	OPG will continue to work with various stakeholders to deliver its community and recreational initiatives through existing community liaison measures. In addition, OPG will continue to [] maintain its contribution to the community through its Community Partnership Program.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	C 3.3.4, pg C-56	D&C OPS
	2.2) Community Advisory Committee			
H-24-18	OPG will engage the planned community advisory council as it develops the final EA follow-up monitoring program.	Volume 24 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1738) p.252	October 29, 2013	D&C
H-17-47 H-19-01 H-20-04 <b>H-25-19</b>	OPG plans to establish a community advisory council related to OPG nuclear waste management facilities at the Bruce nuclear site.  This community advisory council will be modelled on the community advisory council's currently established for the Pickering and Darlington sites.  The purpose of the community advisory council will be to identify community issues and concerns related to OPG nuclear waste facilities, provide advice in identifying and implementing community outreach activities and in conducting future public attitude research and provide advice on communication activities and performance reports to the community on the environmental, economic and social effects of the operation of OPG nuclear waste facilities at the Bruce nuclear site on the community.  The community advisory council initiatives will be in addition to public information programs discussed in our presentation on Monday this week.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.51	October 30, 2013	D&C
H-25-21	MEMBER MUECKE: [] is OPG planning to have a protocol for determining the composition of community advisory council in order to have transparency that - how that process evolve - takes place?  MS. SWAMI: [] I think the simple answer is yes.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.66	October 30, 2013	D&C
H-25-30	We have committed in previous sessions that any [] session [of community consultation advisory committee] would have comprehensive minutes for that. [repeated a few times during the hearing]	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.113	October 30, 2013	D&C OPS

TABLE E: COMMUNITY (NON-REGULATORY) COMMITMENTS				
Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
H-25-31	THE CHAIRPERSON: I — from what the Panel's already heard from OPG, I think even that is kind of to be determined, Ms. Grace. I think there's a — we asked about the protocol, and there's a number of different models that could be used.	Volume 25 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1741) p.116	October 30, 2013	D&C
	So I think I would rephrase your question and I would ask Ms. Swami who will have input into your protocol for who might be on the council?  MS. SWAMI: Laurie Swami, for the record.			
	I'm not sure I can answer that question but I would offer for the question of who makes decisions, et cetera. One of the important parts of this is identifying who the facilitator will be for this work.			
	And the facilitator actually will help OPG with how to set this up to make sure that it is done in a very transparent way. So that [] is a key position for this particular work area.			
	3) SOCIO-ECONOMIC ISSUES			
	3.1) General			
EA-014 EA-043 <u>EA-182</u> IRC-EIS-02.03 IRC-EIS-12.13 TIS-03-08	In-design mitigation measures to reduce the visual effect of the DGR Project include a setback of 200 m from the Interconnecting Road to the long-term waste management area and other visual screening (e.g., trees/berms).	Aboriginal Interests TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-09 R000	Sec. 8.3.2	D&C
	3.2) Work Force Training and Local Commercial Opportunities			
<b>EA-126</b> EA-249	OPG will share information with local and regional land use planners and economic development officials as well as local and regional health and safety service providers regarding the timing and magnitude of meaningful changes to its on-site labour and skills requirements for each phase of the DGR Project.	Environmental Impact Statement, 00216-REP-07701-00001 R000	Sec. 7.10.2.2, (Recommended Mitigation or Effects Management)	D&C OPS
EA-133 <b>EA-252</b>	To enhance the potential for beneficial effects on local and regional business activity, the DGR Project non-salary expenditures will be sourced locally wherever practical and in accordance with relevant supply chain policies, procedures and standards for competitive purchasing.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 8.4.2.2	D&C OPS

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Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-259	The DGR Project will provide OPG with opportunities to continue its presence as an economic driver and corporate citizen in the Local Study Area. OPG is and will continue to be an employer that promotes community cohesion through its Corporate Citizenship Program and the community initiatives of its employees. Through the ongoing delivery of such programs and activities and the opportunities for their expansion, OPG and its partners will continue to foster socially meaningful interactions within the community, thereby strengthening its positive influence on community cohesion. This will benefit not only those who directly engage in these programs and activities, but also all residents living in the Local and Regional Study Area.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 8.6.2.4	D&C OPS
H-20-07	we're also working with Kincardine on the Lake Huron Learning Centre. We provide funding to the centre and have been working with the municipality on helping them develop learning programs that are in line with the - not only the needs of the community - but needs of the industry moving forward.  And so we're currently working with them on and RFP to develop - to develop those programs moving forward.	Volume 20 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1695) p.57	October 9, 2013	D&C OPS
H-20-08	it will be part of the program to make sure those Chambers of Commerce [Kincardine and other Chambers of Commerce in the local area], which are the local businesses, are aware of the opportunities, not just the year ahead, but multiple years ahead on what's coming up.	Volume 20 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1695) p.62	October 9, 2013	D&C
TIS-03-04	In terms of making sure that that information is available, OPG will continue to work with local municipalities, health and safety providers, local police, emergency medical services and other officials to mitigate any effects related to the DGR workforce.	CEAA Registry Doc# 921 p.167	March 20, 2013	All
	3.3) Traffic and Transportation			
EA-253	Farmers in the Local Study Area along the transportation route should be informed if and when oversize or slow-moving project-related vehicles will be on local or municipal area roads during the planting or harvesting season.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 8.4.6.3	D&C OPS

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Commitment No.	Commitment Description	Reference		DGR Phase
EA-136 <u>EA-254</u> TIS-03-10	In collaboration with relevant stakeholders, OPG will develop and implement a traffic management plan that will serve to minimize DGR Project related peak hour volumes. Specific measures may include: staggering of shifts, encouraging ride sharing and the use of shuttle buses, and off-peak timing of shipments of materials and wastes on and off the DGR Project site.	Socio-Economic Environment TSD, NWMO DGR-TR-2011-08 R000	Sec. 8.5.3.2	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-05.35	When possible, services of water delivery and septage pumping will be coordinated for the DGR Project site with other similar services provided on-site to reduce the number of trucks.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-199	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-05.36	[the trucks] will not materially adversely affect the flow of traffic in and out of the site and will not result in changes to Levels of Service of roads/intersections within the study area.	OPG Letter dated Nov.7, 2012, 00216-CORR-00531-00146 (CEAA Registry Doc# 793)	EIS-05-199	D&C OPS
IRC-EIS-09.03	All on-site transportation will be done in accordance with Part VI of the Occupational Health and Safety Act and Regulation for Mines and Mining Plants – R.R.O. 1990, Reg. 854, as well as, with the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act.	OPG Letter dated Apr.15, 2013, 00216-CORR-00531-00180 (CEAA Registry Doc# 957)	EIS-09-403	D&C OPS
	3.4) Property, Housing			
H-20-02	OPG will review available information respecting rental housing, lodging and tourist accommodations during the construction period in collaboration with planning and economic development officials.	Volume 20 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1695) p.24	October 9, 2013	D&C
H-20-03	This plan [property protection plan in the DGR Hosting Agreement] will be operationalized prior to the licence to operate.	Volume 20 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1695) p.24	October 9, 2013	D&C
H-20-06	OPG has committed to - for example, for reviewing available information and collaboration with planners and account, development officials regarding the housing and temporary accommodation issues. That's one example of another method of looking at statistical data from - and building that - getting the available data on those issues and reviewing it.	Volume 20 (CEAA Registry Doc# 1695) p.49	October 9, 2013	D&C